

GE Fanuc Automation

Computer Numerical Control Products

Servo Amplifier αi Series

Descriptions

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Warnings, Cautions, and Notes as Used in this Publication

Warning

Warning notices are used in this publication to emphasize that hazardous voltages, currents, temperatures, or other conditions that could cause personal injury exist in this equipment or may be associated with its use.

In situations where inattention could cause either personal injury or damage to equipment, a Warning notice is used.

Caution

Caution notices are used where equipment might be damaged if care is not taken.

Note

Notes merely call attention to information that is especially significant to understanding and operating the equipment.

This document is based on information available at the time of its publication. While efforts have been made to be accurate, the information contained herein does not purport to cover all details or variations in hardware or software, nor to provide for every possible contingency in connection with installation, operation, or maintenance. Features may be described herein which are not present in all hardware and software systems. GE Fanuc Automation assumes no obligation of notice to holders of this document with respect to changes subsequently made.

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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

This "Safety Precautions" section describes the precautions which must be observed to ensure safety when using FANUC servo amplifiers. Users of any control motor amplifier model are requested to read the "Safety Precautions" carefully before first using the amplifier. Users should also read the relevant description in this manual to become fully familiar with the functions of the servo amplifier.

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1.1 DEFINITION OF WARNING, CAUTION, AND NOTE

This manual includes safety precautions for protecting the user and preventing damage to the machine. Precautions are classified into Warning and Caution according to their bearing on safety. Also, supplementary information is described as a Note. Read the Warning, Caution, and Note thoroughly before attempting to use the machine.

Applied when there is a danger of the user being injured or when there is a danger of both the user being injured and the equipment being damaged if the approved procedure is not observed.

Applied when there is a danger of the equipment being damaged, if the approved procedure is not observed.

NOTE

The Note is used to indicate supplementary information other than Warning and Caution.

- Read this manual carefully, and store it in a safe place.

1.2 WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS RELATING TO MOUNTING

1.2.1 WARNING

-	Check the specification code of the amplifier. Check that the delivered amplifier is as originally ordered.
-	Mount a ground fault interrupter. To guard against fire and electric shock, fit the factory power supply or machine with a ground fault interrupter (designed for use with an inverter).
-	Securely ground the amplifier. Securely connect the ground terminal and metal frame of the amplifier and motor to a common ground plate of the power magnetics cabinet.
-	Be aware of the weight of the amplifier and other components. Amplifiers and AC reactors are heavy. When transporting them or mounting them in the cabinet, therefore, be careful not to injured yourself or damage the equipment. Be particularly carefull not to jam your fingers between the cabinet and amplifier.
-	Never ground or short-circuit either the power supply lines or power lines. Protect the lines from any stress such as bending. Handle the ends appropriately.
-	Ensure that the power supply lines, power lines, and signal lines are securely connected. A loose screw, loose connection, or the like will cause a motor malfunction or overheating, or a ground fault.

- Insulate all exposed parts that are charged.
- Never touch the regenerative discharge resistor or radiator directly.
 The surface of the radiator and regenerative discharge unit

The surface of the radiator and regenerative discharge unit become extremely hot. Never touch them directly. An appropriate structure should also be considered.

- Close the amplifier cover after completing the wiring. Leaving the cover open presents a danger of electric shock.

1.2.2 CAUTION

-	Do not step or sit on the amplifier. Also, do not stack unpacked amplifiers on top of each other.
-	Use the amplifier in an appropriate environment. See the allowable ambient temperatures and other requirements, given in the corresponding descriptions.
-	Protect the amplifier from impact. Do not place anything on the amplifier.
-	Do not disassemble the amplifier.
-	Connect the power supply lines and power lines to the appropriate terminals and connectors.
-	Connect the signal lines to the appropriate connectors.
-	Ensure that the cables used for the power supply lines and power lines are of the appropriate diameter and temperature ratings.
-	Do not apply an excessively large force to plastic parts. If a plastic section breaks, it may cause internal damage, thus interfering with normal operation. The edge of a broken section is likely to be sharp and, therefore, presents a risk of injury.
-	Before connecting the power supply wiring, check the supply voltage. Check that the supply voltage is within the range specified in this manual, then connect the power supply lines.
-	Ensure that the combination of motor and amplifier is appropriate.
-	Ensure that valid parameters are specified. Specifying an invalid parameter for the combination of motor and amplifier may not only prevent normal operation of the motor but also result in damage to the amplifier.
-	Ensure that the amplifier and peripheral equipment are securely connected. Check that the magnetic contactor, circuit breaker, and other devices mounted outside the amplifier are securely connected to

devices mounted outside the amplifier are securely connected to each other and that those devices are securely connected to the amplifier.

- Check that the amplifier is securely mounted in the power magnetics cabinet.
 If any clearance is left between the power magnetics cabinet and the surface on which the amplifier is mounted, dust entering the gap may build up and prevent the normal operation of the amplifier.
- Apply appropriate countermeasures against noise. Adequate countermeasures against noise are required to maintain normal operation of the amplifier. For example, signal lines must be routed away from power supply lines and power lines.

1.2.3 NOTE

-	Keep the	e nameplate	clearly	visible.
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- Keep the legend on the nameplate clearly visible.
- After unpacking the amplifier, carefully check for any damage.
- Mount the amplifier in a location where it can be easily accessed to allow periodic inspection and daily maintenance.
- Leave sufficient space around the machine to enable maintenance to be performed easily.
 Do not place any heavy objects such that they would interfere with the opening of the doors.
- Keep the parameter table and spare parts at hand. Also, keep the specifications at hand. These items must be stored in a location where they can be retrieved immediately.
- Provide adequate shielding.
 A cable to be shielded must be securely connected to the ground plate, using a cable clamp or the like.

1.3 WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS RELATING TO A PILOT RUN

1.3.1 WARNING

- Before turning on the power, check that the cables connected to the power magnetics abinet and amplifier, as well as the power lines and power supply lines, are securely connected. Also, check that no lines are slack.
- Before turning on the power, ensure that the power magnetics cabinet is securely grounded.
- Before turning on the power, check that the door of the power magnetics cabinet and all other doors are closed. Ensure that the door of the power magnetics cabinet containing the amplifier, and all other doors, are securely closed. During operation, all doors must be closed and locked.
- Apply extreme caution if the door of the power magnetics cabinet or another door must be opened.
 Only a person trained in the maintenance of the corresponding machine or equipment should open the door, and only after shutting off the power supply to the power magnetics cabinet (by opening both the input circuit breaker of the power magnetics cabinet and the factory switch used to supply power to the cabinet). If the machine must be operated with the door open to enable adjustment or for some other purpose, the operator must keep his or her hands and tools well away from any dangerous voltages. Such work must be done only by a person trained in the maintenance of the machine or equipment.
- When operating the machine for the first time, check that the machine operates as instructed. To check whether the machine operates as instructed, first specify a small value for the motor, then increase the value gradually. If the motor operates abnormally, perform an emergency stop immediately.
- After turning on the power, check the operation of the emergency stop circuit. Press the emergency stop button to check that the motor stops immediately, and that the power being supplied to the amplifier is shut off by the magnetic contactor.
- Before opening a door or protective cover of a machine to enable adjustment of the machine, first place the machine in the emergency stop state and check that the motor has stopped.

- Note whether an alarm status relative to the amplifier is displayed at power-up or during operation.
 If an alarm is displayed, take appropriate action as explained in the maintenance manual. If the work to be done requires that the door of the power magnetics cabinet be left open, the work must be carried out by a person trained in the maintenance of the machine or equipment. Note that if some alarms are forcibly reset to enable operation to continue, the amplifier may be damaged. Take appropriate action according to the contents of the alarm.
- Before operating the motor for the first time, mount and adjust the position and speed detectors.
 Following the instructions given in the maintenance manual, adjust the position and speed detectors for the spindle so that an appropriate waveform is obtained.
 If the detectors are not properly adjusted, the motor may not rotate normally or the spindle may fail to stop as desired.
- If the motor makes any abnormal noise or vibration while operating, stop it immediately.
 Note that if operation is continued in spite of there being some abnormal noise or vibration, the amplifier may be damaged.
 Take appropriate corrective action, then resume operation.
- Observe the ambient temperature and output rating requirements. The continuous output rating or continuous operation period of some amplifiers may fall as the ambient temperature increases. If the amplifier is used continuously with an excessive load applied, the amplifier may be damaged.

1.4 WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS RELATING TO MAINTENANCE

1.4.1 WARNING

Read the maintenance manual carefully and ensure that you are totally familiar with its contents.The maintenance manual describes daily maintenance and the procedures to be followed in the event of an alarm being issued.The operator must be familiar with these descriptions.

- Notes on replacing a fuse or PC board
 - 1) Before starting the replacement work, ensure that the circuit breaker protecting the power magnetics cabinet is open.
 - 2) Check that the red LED that indicates that charging is in progress is not lit. The position of the charging LED on each model of amplifier is given in this manual. While the LED is lit, hazardous voltages are present inside the unit, and thus there is a danger of electric shock.
 - 3) Some PC board components become extremely hot. Be careful not to touch these components.
 - 4) Ensure that a fuse having an appropriate rating is used.
 - 5) Check the specification code of a PC board to be replaced. If a modification drawing number is indicated, contact FANUC before replacing the PC board. Also, before and after replacing a PC board, check its pin settings.
 - 6) After replacing the fuse, ensure that the screws are firmly tightened. For a socket-type fuse, ensure that the fuse is inserted correctly.
 - 7) After replacing the PC board, ensure that it is securely connected.
 - 8) Ensure that all power lines, power supply lines, and connectors are securely connected.
- Take care not to lose any screws. When removing the case or PC board, take care not to lose any screws. If a screw is lost inside the nit and the power is turned on, the machine may be damaged.

- Notes on replacing the battery of the absolute pulse coder Replace the battery only while the power is on. If the battery is replaced while the power is turned off, the stored absolute positioning data will be lost. Some a series servo amplifier modules have batteries in their servo amplifiers. To replace the battery of any of those models, observe the following procedure: Open the door of the power magnetics cabinet; Leave the control power of the power supply module on; Place the machine in the emergency stop state so that the power being input to the amplifier is shut off; Then, replace the battery. Replacement work should be done only by a person who is trained in the related maintenance and safety requirements. The power magnetics cabinet in which the amplifier is mounted has a highvoltage section. This section presents a severe risk of electric shock.
- Check the number of any alarm. If the machine stops upon an alarm being issued, check the alarm number. Some alarms indicate that a component must be replaced. If the power is reconnected without first replacing the failed component, another component may be damaged, making it difficult to locate the original cause of the alarm.
- Before resetting an alarm, ensure that the original cause of the alarm has been removed.
- Contact FANUC whenever a question relating to maintenance arises.

1.4.2 CAUTION

- Ensure that all required components are mounted. When replacing a component or PC board, check that all components, including the snubber capacitor, are correctly mounted. If the snubber capacitor is not mounted, for example, the IPM will be damaged.
- Tighten all screws firmly.
- Check the specification code of the fuse, PC board, and other components.
 When replacing a fuse or PC board, first check the specification code of the fuse or PC board, then mount it in the correct position. The machine will not operate normally if a fuse or PC board having other than the correct specification code is mounted, or if a fuse or PC board is mounted in the wrong position.
- Mount the correct cover. The cover on the front of the amplifier carries a label indicating a specification code. When mounting a previously removed front cover, take care to mount it on the unit from which it was removed.
- Notes on cleaning the heat sink and fan
 - 1) A dirty heat sink or fan results in reduced semiconductor cooling efficiency, which degrades reliability. Periodic cleaning is necessary.
 - 2) Using compressed air for cleaning scatters the dust. A deposit of conductive dust on the amplifier or peripheral equipment will result in a failure.
 - 3) To clean the heat sink, do so only after turning the power off and ensuring that the heat sink has cooled to room temperature. The heat sink becomes extremely hot, such that touching it during operation or immediately after power-off is likely to cause a burn. Be extremely careful when touching the heat sink.
 - Notes on removing the amplifier Before removing the amplifier, first ensure that the power is shut off and the DC link charging LED is not lit. Be careful not to jam your fingers between the power magnetics cabinet and amplifier.
- Plugging in and out of the connector Do not do plugging in and out of the connector under the condition which the power is turned on to so far as there is no mention specially. Trouble of the amplifier may occur.

1.4.3 NOTE

- Ensure that the battery connector is correctly inserted. If the power is shut off while the battery connector is not connected correctly, the absolute position data for the machine will be lost.
- Store the manuals in a safe place. The manuals should be stored in a location where they can be accessed immediately it so required during maintenance work.
- Notes on contacting FANUC Inform FANUC of the details of an alarm and the specification code of the amplifier so that any components required for maintenance can be quickly secured, and any other necessary action can be taken without delay.

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CONFIGURATION

1.1 FEATURES OF THE SERVO AMPLIFIER αi SERIES

	The servo amplifier αi series employs a modular structure, and is thinner, conserves more space, outputs less heat, and saves more energy than the conventional servo amplifier α series.			
Compact				
	(1) By employing a leading-edge low-loss power device and newly developed high-efficient heat sink, the fin depth is reduced to 100 mm for all models to decrease the depth of the amplifier by about 10%.			
	(2) The amplifier width of boundary models is reduced to the width of models one rank lower. This improvement, together with a reduction in depth, has decreased the mounting space required in the cabinet by about 30% on the average.			
	(3) The shape of the cable connector is improved to reduce the length of cable projection into the control board.			
	(4) From the $\alpha(HV)i$ series, the capacitor module is removed to reduce the installation area.			
Reduction in cabling				
	 (1) Only one cable is now used for connection between modules. (2) The connection from the motor output terminal block to the former action in model intermediate to aliminate an external block. 			

the flange section is made internally to eliminate an external connection via a cable. (A connection from the top of the flange to the system ground on the control board is required.)

Connector attachment to power lines

(1) Connectors are attached to input power lines and motor power lines. (For the large-capacity models, terminal blocks are used.) The time required for power line attachment to and detachment from the servo amplifier cabinet is substantially reduced.

Improved maintainability

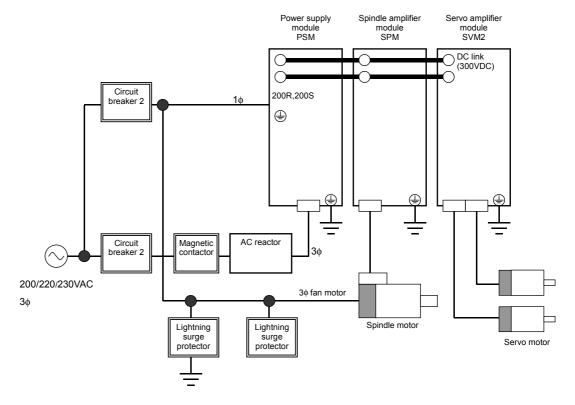
- (1) A fan motor can now be replaced in an instant manner, so that the time required to replace a fan motor is reduced substantially.
- (2) Connectors are attached to input power lines and motor power lines, so that the time required for servo amplifier replacement is reduced substantially.
- (3) The need to perform reference position return operation after servo amplifier replacement is eliminated. The servo amplifier αi series has a built-in backup capacitor in the Absolute Pulsecoder as standard. The capacitor enables absolute position detection operation for about 10 minutes, so that reference position return operation after servo amplifier or feedback cable replacement is unnecessary.

1.2 CONFIGURATION

The FANUC αi series consists of the following units and parts:

1.2.1 200-V Input Series

(1)	Power supply module (PSM)	(Basic)
(2)	Power supply module (PSMR)	(Basic)
	[register discharge type]	
(3)	Servo amplifier module (SVM)	(Basic)
(4)	Spindle amplifier module (SPM)	(Basic)
(5)	Spindle amplifier module (SPMC)	(Basic)
(6)	AC reactor	(Basic)
(7)	Connectors (for connection cables)	(Basic)
(8)	Fuses	(Basic)
(9)	Power transformer	(Optional)
(10)	AC line filter	(Basic)
(11)	Regenerative discharge unit	(Basic)
(12)	Dynamic brake module (DBM)	(Basic)

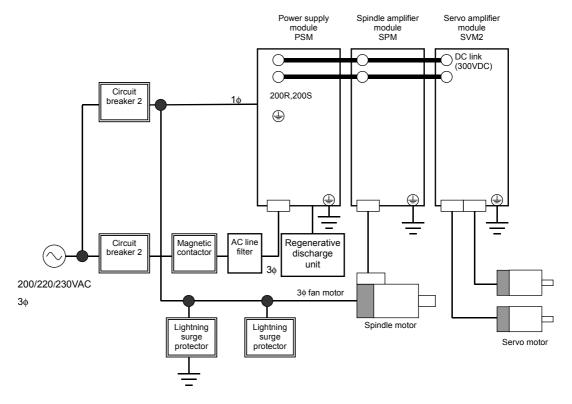


Basic configuration using PSM (example)

NOTE

- 1 See Chapter 4 for details of how to combine the power supply module, servo amplifier modules, and spindle amplifier modules.
- 2 A magnetic contactor, AC line filter, and circuit breakers are always required.
- 3 To protect the unit from surge currents caused by lightning, connect surge absorbers between lines, and between the lines and ground, at the power inlet of the power magnetics cabinet. See APPENDIX A for details.

____ Units prepared by the machine tool builder



Basic configuration using PSMR (example)

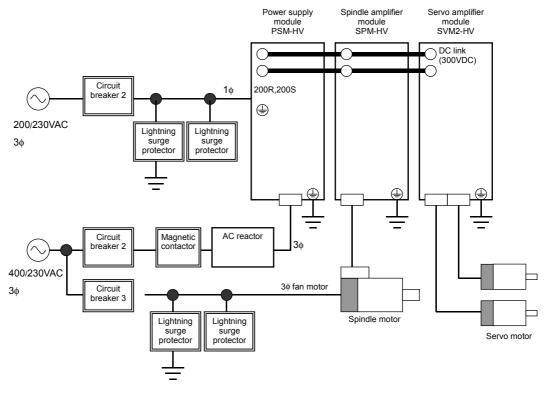
NOTE

- 1 See Chapter 4 for details of how to combine the power supply module, servo amplifier modules, and spindle amplifier modules.
- 2 A magnetic contactor, AC line filter, and circuit breakers are always required.
- 3 To protect the unit from surge currents caused by lightning, connect surge absorbers between lines, and between the lines and ground, at the power inlet of the power magnetics cabinet. See APPENDIX A for details.
- 4 When an insulating transformer is installed, highfrequency noise to the power supply is reduced, so the AC line filter is not required. If the insulating transformer is installed outside the power magnetics cabinet, and the cable connecting the amplifier is exposed, the cable must be covered with a grounded metal duct, or an AC line filter must be installed.

Units prepared by the machine tool builder

1.2.2 400-V Input Series

(1)	Power supply module (PSM-HV)	(Basic)
(2)	Servo amplifier module (SVM-HV)	(Basic)
(3)	Spindle amplifier module (SPM-HV)	(Basic)
(4)	AC reactor	(Basic)
(5)	Connectors (for connection cables)	(Basic)
(6)	Fuses	(Basic)
(7)	Dynamic brake module (DBM)	(Basic)



Basic configuration using PSM-HV (example)

NOTE

- 1 For the control power supply, single–phase 200VAC is required.
- 2 See Chapter 4 for details of how to combine the power supply module, servo amplifier modules, and spindle amplifier modules.
- 3 A magnetic contactor, AC line filter, and circuit breakers are always required.
- 4 To protect the unit from surge currents caused by lightning, connect surge absorbers between lines, and between the lines and ground, at the power inlet of the power magnetics cabinet. See APPENDIX A for details.
- 5 Measures must be taken to detect the operation (trip) of circuit breaker 3.

____ Units prepared by the machine tool builder

1.3 MODULE NAME

Power supply module (PSM)

The power supply module (PSM) supplies main power for driving motors and supplies control power to other modules. A PSM specification is selected according to the servo motors and spindle motor used.

There are three types of power supply module, as follows:

<1> Power supply module (PSM)

This power supply module is designed to provide a main power supply of 200V/230V. The module uses power regeneration that returns energy to the power supply during motor deceleration (regeneration).

<2> Power supply module (PSMR)

This power supply module is designed to provide a main power supply of 200V/230V. The module uses resistance regeneration that allows energy to be consumed by resistance during motor deceleration (regeneration).

Regenerative discharge unit

This unit is a resistance used to consume energy during motor deceleration (regeneration). This unit is required whenever the PSMR is used.

<3> Power supply module (PSM-HV)

This power supply module can be connected to a main power supply of 400V/480V without a transformer. The module uses power regeneration that returns energy to the power supply during motor deceleration (regeneration). It is used together with a servo amplifier module (SVM-HV) and spindle amplifier module (SPM–HV) of the 400-V input series.

PSM - x HV <i>i</i> (A) (B) (C)				
(A) Model name:	PSM = Power supply module PSMR= Power supply module (register discharge type)			
(B) Rated output: Numeric value representing a continuous rating in kW (C) For an amplifier supporting 400-V input, "HV" is added.				

Servo amplifier module (SVM)

The servo amplifier module (SVM) is used to drive servo motors. An SVM is selected according to the servo motor(s) connected to the SVM.

There are two types of servo amplifier module, as follows:

<1> Servo amplifier module (SVM)

This module drives a servo motor of the 200-V input series. Modules for one axis, two axes, and three axes are available.

<2> Servo amplifier module (SVM-HV)

This module drives a servo motor of the 400-V input series. Modules for one axis and two axes are available.

 (A) Model name: SVM = Servo amplifier module (B) Number of axes: 1 = One-axis amplifier, 2 = Two-axis amplifier, 3 = Three-axis amplifier
(C) L-axis maximum output current value [Apeak]
(D) M-axis maximum output current value [Apeak]
(E) N-axis maximum output current value [Apeak]
(F) For an amplifier supporting 400-V input, "HV" is added.

Spindle amplifier module (SPM)

The spindle amplifier module (SPM) is used to drive a spindle motor. An SPM is selected according to the spindle motor connected to the SPM.

There are three types of spindle amplifier module, as follows:

<1> Spindle amplifier module (SPM)

- This module drives a spindle motor of the 200-V input series.
- <2> Spindle amplifier module (SPMC)

This module drives the αCi series spindle motor.

<2> Spindle amplifier module (SPM-HV)

This module drives a spindle motor of the 400V input series.

SPM - x HV i						
(A) (B) (C)						
(A) Model name: SPM = Spindle amplifier module						
SPMC= Spindle amplifier module applied to spindle						
motor αCi series						
(B) Output: Numeric value representing the 30-minutes rating of						
a matching standard motor (αi) in kW						
(C) For an amplifier supporting 400-V input, "HV" is added.						

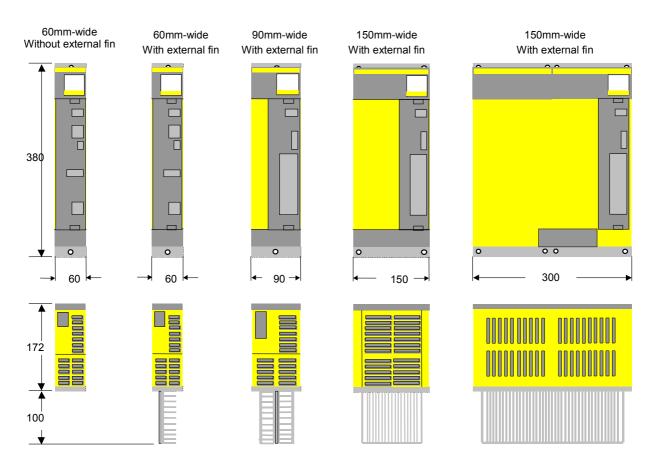
	200)-V input ty	pe				
Size	PSM	PSMR	SPM	SPMC	SVM1	SVM2	SVM3
60mm-wide Without external fin		3 <i>i</i>			20 <i>i</i>	4/4 <i>i</i> 20/20 <i>i</i>	4/4/4 <i>i</i> 20/20/20 <i>i</i>
60mm-wide With external fin	5.5 <i>i</i>	5.5 <i>i</i>	2.2 <i>i</i> 5.5 <i>i</i>	2.2 <i>i</i> 5.5 <i>i</i>	40 <i>i</i> 80 <i>i</i> 160 <i>i</i>	20/40 <i>i</i> 40/40 <i>i</i> 40/80 <i>i</i> 80/80 <i>i</i>	20/20/40 <i>i</i>
90mm-wide With external fin	11 <i>i</i> 15 <i>i</i>		11 <i>i</i> 15 <i>i</i>	11 <i>i</i> 15 <i>i</i>		80/160 <i>i</i> 160/160 <i>i</i>	
150mm-wide With external fin	26 <i>i</i> 30 <i>i</i> 37 <i>i</i>		22 <i>i</i> 26 <i>i</i> 30 <i>i</i>	22 <i>i</i>	360 <i>i</i>		
300mm-wide With external fin	55 <i>i</i>		45 <i>i</i> 55 <i>i</i>				

400-V input type

Size	PSM	SPM	SVM1	SVM2
60mm-wide Without external fin			10HV <i>i</i>	10/10HVi
60mm-wide With external fin		5.5HV <i>i</i>	20HV <i>i</i> 40HV <i>i</i> 80HV <i>i</i>	20/20HVi
90mm-wide With external fin	11HV <i>i</i> 18HV <i>i</i>	11HV <i>i</i> 15HV <i>i</i>		20/40HV <i>i</i> 40/40HV <i>i</i> 40/80HV <i>i</i> 80/80HV <i>i</i>
150mm-wide With external fin	30HV <i>i</i> 45HV <i>i</i>	30HV <i>i</i> 45HV <i>i</i>	180HV <i>i</i>	
300mm-wide With external fin	75HV <i>i</i> 100HV <i>i</i>	75HV <i>i</i> 100HV <i>i</i>	360HVi	

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1.CONFIGURATION

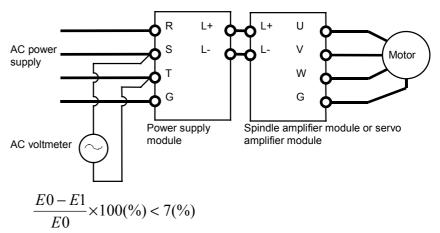


2 SPECIFICATIONS

2.1 INPUT POWER

Power supply of 200-V input series

- (1) Nominal voltage rating : 200/220/230VAC
- (2) Allowable voltage deviation : 15% to $\pm 10\%$ (including Valta)
 - -15% to +10% (including Voltage deviation due to load)
- (3) Power frequency : 50/60Hz
- (4) Allowable frequency deviation : ± 1 Hz
- (5) Power supply unbalance : $\pm 5\%$ of the rated voltage or less
- (6) Power supply impedance :
 - Voltage deviation due to load (at maximum output) shall be 7% or less.



- E0 : Voltage at motor stop
- E1 : Voltage during motor acceleration or voltage immediately before the start of speed reduction with the application of load
- (7) The control power to the power supply module (power input to CX1A) must be turned on before the power to the CNC is turned on or within 500 ms after the power to the CNC is turned on.
- (8) It is recommended that a capacitor unit for power-factor improvement not be installed. This is because the capacitor unit for power-factor improvement may adversely affect power regeneration.
- (9) The rated output of the motor is guaranteed for the rated input voltage. If the input voltage changes, the rated output may not appear even when the input voltage change is within the allowable range.
- (10) When the power supply is used in an area where the input voltage is not within the range of 200 to 230 VAC, a power transformer is required. When a power transformer is to be provided by the user, the power must satisfy the specifications listed below.

2.SPECIFICATIONS

	PSM-5.5 <i>i</i>	PSM-11 <i>i</i>	PSM-15 <i>i</i>	PSM-26 <i>i</i>	PSM-30 <i>i</i>	PSM- 37 <i>i</i>	PSM-55 <i>i</i> (45kW output)	PSM-55 <i>i</i> (55kW output)
Rated capacity (kVA)	9	17	22	37	44	53	64	79
Secondary current (A)	26	48	62	105	130	153	185	230
Secondary output voltage	200/220/230V							
Secondary voltage regulation	50/							
Secondary voltage deviation	±3%							

(10-1) PSM Table 2.1(a) Transformer Specifications

(10-2) PSMR	
T.L.L. 0.4/L)	

(10^{-2}) I DIVIR								
Table 2.1(b) Transformer Specifications								
	PSMR-3 <i>i</i> (2kW output)	PSMR-3 <i>i</i> (3kW output)	PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i> (5.5kW output)	PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i> (7.5kW output)				
Rated capacity (kVA)	3.5	5	9	13				
Secondary current (A)	10	14	26	38				
Secondary output voltage	200/220/230V							
Secondary voltage regulation	5%							
Secondary voltage deviation ±3%								

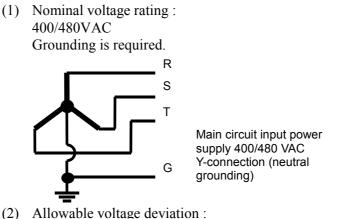
(11) Ground

The main circuit and 200V control power supply must be grounded through the neutral point or one phase of the threephase power supply.

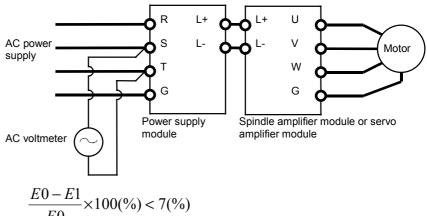
(12) Noise filter

To satisfy the EMC regulation enforced in the EU countries, a noise filter must be installed in the PSM input section.

Power supply of 400-V input series



- -15% to +10% (including Voltage deviation due to load)
- (3) Power frequency : 50/60Hz
- (4) Allowable frequency deviation : ± 1 Hz
- (5) Power supply unbalance : $\pm 5\%$ of the rated voltage or less
- (6) Power supply impedance : Voltage deviation due to load (at maximum output) shall be 7% or less.



- E0 : Voltage at motor stop
- E1: Voltage during motor acceleration or voltage immediately before the start of speed reduction with the application of load
- (7) The control power (power input to CX1A) to the power supply module (PSM-HV) must be turned on before the power to the CNC is turned on or within 500 ms after the power to the CNC is turned on.
- (8) The rated output of the motor is guaranteed for the rated input voltage. If the input voltage changes, the rated output may not appear even when the input voltage change is within the allowable range.
- (9) It is recommended that a capacitor unit for power-factor improvement not be installed. This is because the capacitor unit for power-factor improvement may adversely affect power regeneration.

2.2 ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

The servo amplifier αi series must be installed in a sealed type cabinet to satisfy the following environmental requirements:

- (1) Ambient Temperature Ambient temperature of the unit : 0 to 55°C (at operation) -20 to 60°C (at keeping and transportation) Ambient temperature outside of the cabinet : 0 to 45°C
- (2) Humidity Normally 90% RH or below, and condensation-free
- (3) Vibration In operation : Below 0.5G
- (4) Atmosphere No corrosive or conductive mists or drops should deposit directly on the electronic circuits.

NOTE

Install the electronic circuits in an environment of contamination level 2 as defined in IEC 60664-1. To achieve contamination level 2 in a severe environment where machine tools are used, electronic circuits generally need to be installed in a cabinet complying with IP54.

(5) Notes on Installation

The αi series servo amplifier is designed to be installed in the power magnetics cabinet, with its heat sink projecting through the back of the cabinet. This carries away the heat generated by the semi- conductors, thus preventing heat from building up in the cabinet as much as possible. Therefore, note the following when installing the amplifier.

- (a) The heat sink must not be subjected to cutting fluid, oil mist, or cutting chips. Otherwise, the cooling efficiency will be reduced so that the characteristics of the amplifier cannot be guaranteed. This may also shorten the life of the semiconductors. When installing the amplifier in a power magnetics cabinet which is designed to draw in air, fit an air filter to the air inlet. In addition, completely seal all cable holes and doors.
- (b) No dust or cutting fluid must be able to enter through the exhaust port. The flow of cooling air must not be obstructed.
- (c) The amplifier must be installed where it can be easily inspected, removed, and remounted for maintenance.

- (d) Current lines and signal lines must be separated and noise must be suppressed. See the section 5.3 and the connection manual for each CNC for details.
- (f) Each amplifier must be installed vertically.
- (g) Servo amplifiers are to be arranged horizontally. When arranging servo amplifiers vertically from necessity, note the following:
 - 1) Ensure that cooling air from a lower amplifier does not blow directly against the upper amplifier. Otherwise, radiation performance can degrade and the rated output may not be satisfied.
 - 2) Ensure that the flow of cooling air of a lower amplifier is not impeded.
- (h) Maintenance areas must be reserved for each servo amplifier.
- (6) Derating may be required depending on the ambient temperature.

2.3 SPECIFICATIONS OF THE MODULES

2.3.1 Power Supply Module (PSM)

200-V input series - power supply regeneration (PSM)

Item	Model	PSM-5.5 <i>i</i>	PSM-11 <i>i</i>	PSM-15 <i>i</i>	PSM-26 <i>i</i>	PSM-30 <i>i</i>	PSM-37 <i>i</i>	PSM-55 <i>i</i>				
Power supply	Main circuit		200/220/2	30VAC +	-10%,-15%	6,3¢ 50/6	60Hz, ±1H:	Z				
(Note)	Control power		200/220/2	30VAC +	-10%,-15%	6,1¢ 50/6	60Hz, ±1H:	z				
Power equipment	Main circuit	9kVA	17kVA	22kVA	37kVA	44kVA	53kVA	79kVA				
capacity	Control power		0.7kVA									
Rated output capa	city	5.5kW	11kW	15kW	26kW	30kW	37kW	55kW				
Maximum output ca	apacity	11kW	20kW	28kW	40kW	53kW	70kW	104kW				
Peak maximum output capability		20kW 34kW 46kW 66kW 77kW 96kW 174kW										
Control method			Regenera	ative contro	ol (power s	supply reg	eneration)					

NOTE

A power transformer is necessary for voltages other than those listed in above table.

200-V input series - register discharge (PSMR)

Item	Model	PSMR-3 <i>i</i>		PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i>		
Power supply	Main circuit	200/220/230VAC	+10%,-15%,3¢	50/60Hz, ±1Hz		
(Note)	Control power	200/220/230VAC	+10%,-15%,1¢	50/60Hz, ±1Hz		
Power equipment	Main circuit	5kVA	5kVA 12kVA			
capacity	Control power	0.5kVA				
Rated output capac	city	3kW	3kW 7.5kW			
Maximum output ca	apacity	20kW 20kW				
Control method		Regenerative control (register discharge)				

NOTE

- 1 The PSMR-3*i* and PSMR-5.5*i* require regenerative discharge unit.
- 2 A power transformer is necessary for voltages other than those listed in above table.

400-V input series - power supply regeneration (SVM)

Item	Model	PSM-11HVi	PSM-18HVi	PSM-30HVi	PSM-45HVi	PSM-75HVi	PSM- 100HV <i>i</i>			
Power supply	Main circuit 400/480VAC +10%,-15%,30 50/60Hz, ±1Hz									
(Note)	Control power	Control power 200/220/230VAC +10%,-15%,10 50/60Hz, ±1Hz								
Power equipment	Main circuit	17kVA	26kVA	44kVA	64kVA	107kVA	143kVA			
capacity	Control power	0.7kVA								
Rated output capa	city	11kW	18kW	30kW	45kW	75kW	100kW			
Maximum output ca	apacity	20kW	35kW	60kW	85kW	120kW	150kW			
Peak maximum output capability		34kW 58kW 87kW 124kW 175W 200kW								
Control method	Regenerative control (power supply regeneration)									

NOTE

A power transformer is necessary for voltages other than those listed in above table.

How to calculate the power equipment capacity

Calculate the power equipment capacity using the formula below.

Power supply capacity (kVA) = $\frac{\text{Rated capacity calculated in Section 4.3 (kW)}}{\text{Rated capacity of power supply module (kW)}}$

×Power supply capacity of power supply module having rated output (kVA)

NOTE

Select a power supply for which, when the motor is accelerated, the input voltage variation does not exceed 7%.

How to calculate the input current of the PSM

Calculate the input current of the PSM by using the formula below. Refer to the result when selecting the MCC, power cable, and circuit breaker 1, to be connected to the PSM input section. (Margin for selection: 1 to 1.5 times)

PSM input current (Arms) = $\frac{\text{Power equipment capacity (kVA)}}{\sqrt{3} \times 3 \text{ Nominal supply voltage (Vrms)}} \times 1.2 \text{ (margin)}$

NOTE

Under normal conditions, assume that the nominal supply voltage (Vrms) is 200 Vrms for the 200-V input series or 400 Vrms for the 400-V input series.

2.3.2 Servo Amplifier Module (SVM)

Specifications (common)

ltem	Specifications
Main circuit control method	Sine-wave PWM control with transistor (IGBT) bridge
Applicable CNC	CNC of the <i>i</i> series with the FSSB interface

200-V input series - SVM 1-axis

Name	Axis	Rated output current [Arms]	Nominal current limit [Apeak]
SVM1-20 <i>i</i>	-	6.5	20
SVM1-40 <i>i</i>	-	13	40
SVM1-80 <i>i</i>	-	19	80
SVM1-160 <i>i</i>	-	45	160
SVM1-360 <i>i</i>	-	115	360

200-V input series - SVM 2-axis

Name	Axis	Rated output current [Arms]	Nominal current limit [Apeak]
SVM2-4/4 <i>i</i>	L	1.5	4
3 1112-4/41	М	1.5	4
SVM 2-20/40 <i>i</i>	L	6.5	20
SVM2-20/20 <i>i</i>	L	6.5	20
3 1112-20/201	М	6.5	20
SVM 2-20/40 <i>i</i>	L	6.5	20
3 111 2-20/401	М	13	40
SVM2-40/40 <i>i</i>	L	13	40
3VIVIZ-40/401	М	13	40
SV/M2 40/80;	L	13	40
SVM2-40/80 <i>i</i>	М	19	80
C) /M2 00/00 :	L	19	80
SVM2-80/80 <i>i</i>	М	19	80
0.1.10.00/4.00:	L	19	80
SVM2-80/160 <i>i</i>	М	39	160
SV/M2 160/160;	L	39	160
SVM2-160/160 <i>i</i>	М	39	160

NOTE

The current limit (peak value) is a standard value. It varies by about $\pm 10\%$, depending on the circuit constants.

200-V input series - SVM 3-axis

Name	Axis	Rated output current [Arms]	Nominal current limit [Apeak]
	L	1.5	4
SVM3-4/4/4 <i>i</i>	М	1.5	4
	Ν	1.5	4
	L	6.5	20
SVM3-20/20/20 <i>i</i>	М	6.5	20
	Ν	6.5	20
	L	6.5	20
SVM3-20/20/40 <i>i</i>	М	6.5	20
	Ν	13	40

400-V input series - SVM 1-axis

Name	Axis	Rated output current [Arms]	Nominal current limit [Apeak]
SVM1-10HVi	-	3.1	10
SVM1-20HV <i>i</i>	-	5.6	20
SVM1-40HV <i>i</i>	-	9.1	40
SVM1-80HV <i>i</i>	-	18.2	80
SVM1-180HV <i>i</i>	-	58	180
SVM1-360HV <i>i</i>	-	115	360

400-V input series - SVM 2-axis

Name	Name Axis Rated output current [Arms]			
SVM2-10/10HVi	L	3.1	10	
3 1112-10/10/10/10	М	3.1	10	
SVM2-20/20HV <i>i</i>	L	5.6	20	
3 1112-20/2011 1	М	5.6	20	
SVM2-20/40HV <i>i</i>	L	5.6	20	
3VIVIZ-20/40HV1	М	9.1	40	
SVM2-40/40HV <i>i</i>	L	9.1	40	
5VIVIZ-40/40HV1	М	9.1	40	
SVM2-40/80HV <i>i</i>	L	9.1	40	
5VIVIZ-40/00HV1	М	18.2	80	
SVM2-80/80HV <i>i</i>	L	18.2	80	
3VIVIZ-00/80HV1	М	18.2	80	

NOTE

The current limit (peak value) is a standard value. It varies by about $\pm 10\%$, depending on the circuit constants.

2.3.3 Spindle Amplifier Module (SPM)

200-V input series

Model	SPM-	SPM-	SPM-	SPM-	SPM-	SPM-	SPM-	SPM-	SPM-		
ltem	2.2 <i>i</i>	5.5 <i>i</i>	11 <i>i</i>	15 <i>i</i>	22 <i>i</i>	26 <i>i</i>	30 <i>i</i>	45 <i>i</i>	55 i		
Rated output	13A	27A	48A	63A	95A	111A	133A	198A	250A		
Main circuit control method		Sine-wave PWM control with transistor (IGBT) bridge									
Speed control range				Spe	ed ratio 1	:100					
Speed variation rate		0.1% or	less of m	aximum s	speed (loa	ad variatio	on: 10% t	to 100%)			
Applicable motors (typical examples)	α0.5 <i>i</i> α1 <i>i</i>	α1.5 <i>i</i> α2 <i>i</i> α3 <i>i</i>	α6 <i>i</i> α8 <i>i</i> αΡ12 <i>i</i>	α12 <i>i</i> αΡ15 <i>i</i> αΡ18 <i>i</i>	α15 <i>i</i> α18 <i>i</i> αΡ22 <i>i</i> αΡ30 <i>i</i>	α22 <i>i</i> αΡ40 <i>i</i> αΡ50 <i>i</i>	αP60 <i>i</i>	α30i α40i			

400-V input series

Model	SPM-	SPM-	SPM-	SPM-	SPM-	SPM-	SPM-	
Item	5.5HV <i>i</i>	11HV <i>i</i>	15HV <i>i</i>	30HV <i>i</i>	45HV <i>i</i>	75HV <i>i</i>	100HV <i>i</i>	
Rated output	14A	23A	32A	70A	100A	170A	200A	
Main circuit control method	Sine-wave PWM control with transistor (IGBT) bridge							
Speed control range			Sp	eed ratio 1:	100			
Speed variation rate	0.	1% or less of	of maximum	speed (load	d variation:	10% to 1009	%)	
Applicable motors (typical examples)	α0.5HV <i>i</i> α1Hv <i>i</i> α2HV <i>i</i> α3HV <i>i</i>	α6HVi α8HVi	αP15HVi	α15HV <i>i</i> α22HV <i>i</i> αP40Hv <i>i</i> αP50HV <i>i</i>	α30HV <i>i</i> α40HV <i>i</i> αP60HV <i>i</i>	α60HV <i>i</i> α100HV <i>i</i>		

Types (A and B) of SPMs and sensors applicable to each type

Either of two SPM models, types A and B, is available for each detector on the spindle to be used. The following lists combinations of an SPM type, applicable sensors, and functions.

				C	onf	igur	atio	n		Remarks
			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Remarks
	SPM	TYPE A	0	0	0	0	0			
	SPIM	TYPE B						0	0	
		Mi sensor	0			0	0	0	0	
		MZ <i>i</i> sensor		0						
	Detector on the motor	BZ <i>i</i> sensor								
Spindle system configuration		(when a built-in motor is used)			0					
		α position coder				0				*3
	Detector on the originally	External 1-rotation					0			*3
	Detector on the spindle	BZi sensor						0		*3
		α position coder S							0	*3
	Rigid tapping		0 *1	0	0	0	0 *2	0	0	
	Orientation by a position coder			0	0	0		0	0	
Function	Orientation by the external one- rotation signal						0 *2			
Function	Spindle synchronization	Velocity synchronization	0 *2	0	0	0	0 *2	0	0	*4
		Phase synchronization		0	0	0		0	0	*4
	Threading			0	0	0		0	0	
	Cs-axis contour control			0	0			0	0	

- *1 The spindle and motor must be interconnected with a timing belt or gear. No orientation is available to adjust the tapping start position.
- *2 The spindle and motor must be interconnected with a timing belt or gear.
- *3 The spindle and detector must be interconnected in one-to-one connection mode.
- *4 Two motor amplifiers are required.

SPM and CNC matching

Group	Applied CNC	Cautions
1	15 <i>i</i> 16 <i>i</i> -A 18 <i>i</i> -A 21 <i>i</i> -A PM <i>i</i>	The functions added with the <i>i</i> series CNC of model B and later may not be applied to
2	16 <i>i</i> -B 18 <i>i</i> -B 21 <i>i</i> -B	group 1.

Other functions

	SPM TYPE A	SPM TYPE B	Remarks
Analog output of load mter and speedometer	0	0	Connector JY1
Analog override input	0	0	Connector JY1
Position coder signal output		0	Connector JX4
Spindle EGB function (Communication function between CNC and SPM)		0	Connector JX4

2.3.4 αC_i Spindle Amplifier Module (SPMC)

200-V input series

Model Item	SPMC-2.2 <i>i</i>	SPMC-5.5 <i>i</i>	SPMC-11 <i>i</i>	SPMC-15i	SPMC-22i	
Rated output	13A	27A	48A	63A	95A	
Main circuit control method	Sine-wave PWM control with transistor (IGBT) bridge					
Speed control range	Speed ratio 1:150					
Speed variation rate	0.1% or less of maximum speed (load variation: 10% to 100%)			to 100%)		
Applicable motors (typical examples)	αC1 <i>i</i>	αC1.5 <i>i</i> αC2 <i>i</i> αC3 <i>i</i>	αC6 <i>i</i> αC8 <i>i</i>	αC12 <i>i</i>	αC15 <i>i</i> αC18 <i>i</i>	

Sensors applicable to SPMC

The following lists combinations of an SPMC, sensor, and function(s).

			Configuration		Remarks
			1	2	Rellians
Spindle	SPMC		0	0	
system configuration	Detector on the spindle	$\boldsymbol{\alpha}$ position coder		0	*1
	Velocity control		0	0	
	Rigid tapping			0	
	Orientation by a position coder			0	
Function	Spindle	Velocity synchronization		0	*2
	synchronization	Phase synchronization		0	*2
	Thread cutting			0	

- *1 The spindle and detector must be interconnected in one-to-one connection mode.
- *2 Two motor amplifiers are required.

SPM and CNC matching

Group	Applied CNC	Cautions
1	15 <i>i</i> 16 <i>i</i> -A 18 <i>i</i> -A 21 <i>i</i> -A PM <i>i</i>	The functions added with the <i>i</i> series CNC of model B and later may not be applied to
2	16 <i>i</i> -B 18 <i>i</i> -B 21 <i>i</i> -B	group 1.

Other functions

	SPMC	Remarks
One-channel analog output of either load meter or speedometer	0	Connector JY1
(Selected by parameter setting)		
Analog override input	0	Connector JY1

2.4 WEIGHT

PSM

Model	Weight
PSMR-3 <i>i</i>	2.6kg
PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i>	4.3kg
PSM-5.5 <i>i</i>	4.9kg
PSM-11 <i>i</i> , 15 <i>i</i> , 11HV <i>i</i> , 18HV <i>i</i>	6.3kg
PSM-26 <i>i</i> , 30 <i>i</i> , 37 <i>i</i> , 30HV <i>i</i> , 45HV <i>i</i>	10.7kg
PSM-55 <i>i</i> , 75HV <i>i</i> , 100HV <i>i</i>	22.0kg

AC reacter

Model	Weight
A81L-0001-0083#3C (For PSMR-3i)	1.1kg
A81L-0001-0101#C (For PSMR-5.5i)	3.0kg
A81L-0001-0155 (For PSM-5.5 <i>i</i> ,11 <i>i</i>)	4.5kg
A81L-0001-0156 (For PSM-15i)	6.5kg
A81L-0001-0157 (For PSM-26i)	9.5kg
A81L-0001-0158 (For PSM-30i)	9.2kg
A81L-0001-0159 (For PSM-37i)	16.5kg
A81L-0001-0160 (For PSM-55i)	20.0kg
A81L-0001-0163 (For PSM-11HVi, 18Hvi)	8.0kg
A81L-0001-0164 (For PSM-30HVi, 45HVi)	14.0kg
A81L-0001-0165 (For PSM-75HVi, 100Hvi)	26.0kg

SVM

Model	Weight
SVM1-20 <i>i</i> , 10Hv <i>i</i>	2.2Kg
SVM1-40 <i>i</i> , 80 <i>i</i> , 160 <i>i</i> SVM1-20HV <i>i</i> , 40HV <i>i</i> , 80Hv <i>i</i>	3.9Kg
SVM2-4/4 <i>i</i> , SVM2-20/20 <i>i</i> , 10/10Hv <i>i</i>	2.4Kg
SVM2-20/40i, 40/40i, 40/80i, 80/80i SVM2-20/20Hvi	4.6Kg
SVM2-80/160 <i>i</i> , 160/160 <i>i</i> SVM2-20/40HV <i>i</i> , 40/40HV <i>i</i> , 40/80HV <i>i</i> , SVM2-80/80HV <i>i</i>	5.5Kg
SVM3-4/4/4 <i>i</i> , SVM3-20/20/20 <i>i</i>	2.6Kg
SVM3-20/20/40 <i>i</i>	3.8Kg
SVM1-360 <i>i</i> , 180HV <i>i</i>	10.7Kg
SVM1-360HVi	22.0Kg
DBM(A06B-6079-H401)	5.4Kg
DBM(A06B-6069-H300)	10.0Kg

2.SPECIFICATIONS

SPM

Model	Weight
SPM-2.2 <i>i</i> , SPMC-2.2 <i>i</i>	4.9Kg
SPM-5.5 <i>i</i> , 5.5HV <i>i</i> , SPMC-5.5 <i>i</i>	6.1Kg
SPM-11 <i>i</i> , 15 <i>i</i> , 11HV <i>i</i> , 15HV <i>i</i> SPMC-11 <i>i</i> , 15 <i>i</i> ,	6.3Kg
SPM-22 <i>i</i> , 26 <i>i</i> , 30 <i>i</i> , 30HV <i>i</i> , 45HV <i>i</i> SPMC-22 <i>i</i>	10.7Kg
SPM-45 <i>i</i> , 55 <i>i</i> , 75HV <i>i</i> , 100HV <i>i</i>	22.0Kg

3 ORDERING INFORMATION

3.1 SERVO AMPLIFIER

3.1.1 200-V Input Series

3.1.1.1 Power supply module (PSM)

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6110-H006	PSM-5.5 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6110-H011	PSM-11 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6110-H015	PSM-15 <i>i</i>	
Standard	A06B-6110-H026	PSM-26i	
	A06B-6110-H030	PSM-30 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6110-H037	PSM-37 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6110-H055	PSM-55 <i>i</i>	

NOTE

See Section 4.3 for details of how to select the power supply module (PSM).

3.1.1.2 Power supply module (PSMR)

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6115-H003	PSMR-3i	
Standard	A06B-6115-H006	PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i>	

NOTE

See Section 4.4 for details of how to select the power supply module (PSMR).

3.1.1.3 Servo amplifier module (SVM)

SVM	1-axis

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6114-H103	SVM1-20 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6114-H104	SVM1-40 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6114-H105	SVM1-80 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6114-H106	SVM1-160 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6114-H109	SVM1-360 <i>i</i>	

SVM 2-axis

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6114-H201	SVM2-4/4 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6114-H205	SVM2-20/20i	
	A06B-6114-H206	SVM2-20/40i	
01	A06B-6114-H207	SVM2-40/40i	
Standard	A06B-6114-H208	SVM2-40/80i	
	A06B-6114-H209	SVM2-80/80i	
	A06B-6114-H210	SVM2-80/160 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6114-H211	SVM2-160/160 <i>i</i>	

SVM 3-axis

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6114-H301	SVM3-4/4/4 <i>i</i>	
Standard	A06B-6114-H303	SVM3-20/20/20i	
	A06B-6114-H304	SVM3-20/20/40i	

Dynamic brake module

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
Standard	A06B-6079-H401	DBM	SVM1-360 <i>i</i>

NOTE

1	Only the FSSB interface is provided between the
	SVM and CNC. So, be sure to use the SVM in
	combination with a CNC of the <i>i</i> series that has the
	FSSB interface.

- 2 See Section 4.1 for details of how to select the servo amplifier module.
- For the SVM1-360*i*, a dynamic brake module (DBM) is required.
 The dynamic brake module is used to immediately stop the motor at emergency stop. Other SVMs contain a similar function.

3.1.1.4 Spindle amplifier module (SPM)

Ordering numbers depend on the detectors being used (function).

((1)) TYPE A ((1)	snindle	sensor	innut	`
	1) IIIEA(spinuic	SCHSUI	mput	,

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6111-H002#H550	SPM-2.2 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6111-H006#H550	SPM-5.5 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6111-H011#H550	SPM-11 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6111-H015#H550	SPM-15 <i>i</i>	
Standard	A06B-6111-H022#H550	SPM-22i	
	A06B-6111-H026#H550	SPM-26i	
	A06B-6111-H030#H550	SPM-30 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6111-H045#H550	SPM-45i	
	A06B-6111-H055#H550	SPM-55i	

(2) TYPE B (2 spindle sensor inputs)

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6112-H002#H550	SPM-2.2 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6112-H006#H550	SPM-5.5 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6112-H011#H550	SPM-11 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6112-H015#H550	SPM-15 <i>i</i>	
Standard	A06B-6112-H022#H550	SPM-22i	
	A06B-6112-H026#H550	SPM-26i	
	A06B-6112-H030#H550	SPM-30 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6112-H045#H550	SPM-45i	
	A06B-6112-H055#H550	SPM-55i	

3.1.1.5 Spindle amplifier module (SPMC)

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6116-H002#H560	SPMC-2.2i	
	A06B-6116-H006#H560	SPMC-5.5i	
Standard	A06B-6116-H011#H560	SPMC-11 <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6116-H015#H560	SPMC-15i	
	A06B-6116-H022#H560	SPMC-22i	

NOTE

See Section 4.2 for details of how to select the spindle amplifier module.

3.1.2 400-V Input Series

3.1.2.1 Power supply module (PSM-HV)

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6120-H011	PSM-11HVi	
	A06B-6120-H018	PSM-18HVi	
Otensilend	A06B-6120-H030	PSM-30HVi	
Standard	A06B-6120-H045	PSM-45HVi	
	A06B-6120-H075	PSM-75HVi	
	A06B-6120-H100	PSM-100HVi	

NOTE

See Section 4.3 for details of how to select the power supply module (PSM).

3.1.2.2 Servo amplifier module (SVM-HV)

SVM	1
S V IVI	1-0712

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
Standard	A06B-6124-H102	SVM1-10HVi	
	A06B-6124-H103	SVM1-20HVi	
	A06B-6124-H104	SVM1-40HVi	
	A06B-6124-H105	SVM1-80HVi	
	A06B-6124-H106	SVM1-180HV <i>i</i>	
	A06B-6124-H109	SVM1-360HV <i>i</i>	

SVM 2-axis

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
Standard	A06B-6124-H202	SVM2-10/10HVi	
	A06B-6124-H205	SVM2-20/20HVi	
	A06B-6124-H206	SVM2-20/40HVi	
	A06B-6124-H207	SVM2-40/40HVi	
	A06B-6124-H208	SVM2-40/80HVi	
	A06B-6124-H209	SVM2-80/80HVi	

Dynamic brake module

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6079-H401	DBM	SVM1-180HV <i>i</i> , SVM1-360HV <i>i</i>
Standard			SVM1-360HV <i>i</i>
	A06B-6069-H300	DBM	(To drive the α 1000HV <i>i</i>)

NOTE

- 1 Only the FSSB interface is provided between the SVM and CNC. So, be sure to use the SVM in combination with a CNC of the *i* series that has the FSSB interface.
- 2 See Section 4.1 for details of how to select the servo amplifier module.
- For the SVM1-180HV*i* and SVM1-360HV*i*, a dynamic brake module (DBM) is required.
 The dynamic brake module is used to immediately stop the motor at emergency stop. Other SVMs contain a similar function.

3.1.2.3 Spindle amplifier module (SPM-HV)

Ordering numbers depend on the detectors being used (function).

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6121-H006#H550	SPM-5.5HVi	
	A06B-6121-H011#H550	SPM-11HVi	
	A06B-6121-H015#H550	SPM-15HVi	
Standard	A06B-6121-H030#H550	SPM-30HVi	
	A06B-6121-H045#H550	SPM-45HVi	
	A06B-6121-H075#H550	SPM-75HVi	
	A06B-6121-H100#H550	SPM-100HVi	

(1) TYPE A (1 spindle sensor input)

(2) TYPE B (2 spindle sensor inputs)

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6122-H006#H550	SPM-5.5HVi	
	A06B-6122-H011#H550	SPM-11HVi	
	A06B-6122-H015#H550	SPM-15HVi	
Standard	A06B-6122-H030#H550	SPM-30HVi	
	A06B-6122-H045#H550	SPM-45HVi	
	A06B-6122-H075#H550	SPM-75HVi	
	A06B-6122-H100#H550	SPM-100HVi	

NOTE

See Section 4.2 for details of how to select the spindle amplifier module.

3.1.3 Others

3.1.3.1 AC reactor

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A81L-0001-0155	PSM-5.5 <i>i</i> , 11 <i>i</i>	
	A81L-0001-0156	PSM-15i	
	A81L-0001-0157	PSM-26i	
	A81L-0001-0158	PSM-30 <i>i</i>	
Standard	A81L-0001-0159	PSM-37 <i>i</i>	
	A81L-0001-0160	PSM-55i	
	A81L-0001-0163	PSM-11HV <i>i</i> , 18HV <i>i</i>	
	A81L-0001-0164	PSM-30HV <i>i</i> , 45HV <i>i</i>	
	A81L-0001-0165	PSM-75HV <i>i</i> , 100HV <i>i</i>	

For the dimensions of the AC reactors, see Section 8.1.2.

3.1.3.2 AC line filter

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A81L-0001-0083#3C	PSMR-3i	
Standard	A81L-0001-0101#C	PSMR-5.5i	

For the dimensions of the AC line filters, see Section 8.1.3.

3.1.3.3 Connectors

The ordering drawing number of the connectors required for connection of input/output signals of each module, and the configuration of each connector, are shown below.

The "Use" column of the table indicates connection symbol K*, which is described in Section 9.3, "CABLE CONNECTION DETAILS."

For the connector dimensions, see Appendix C.

(1) Usable with each module:

Connectors for the PSM interface (between CXA2A and CXA2B)

Category	Ordering number	Quantity	Use
Standard	A068-6110-K210	Housing: 1 pcs.	K69
		Contact: 8 pcs.	(Note 1)
	A068-6110-K711	Housing: 1 pcs.	(Nista 2)
		Contact: 2 pcs.	(Note 2)

NOTE

See Subsection 9.3.1.4.
 See Subsection 9.3.2.10.

(2) Usable with each module:

D 1'		1	1.
Power line conne	ctors for motors	and power	supplies
10000	••••••	and points	suppres .

Category	Ordering number	Quantity	Use
	A06B-6110-K200	Housing: 1 pcs. (XX key)	K1, K10, K21
	#XXSS	Contact: 4 pcs. (SS size)	KT, KTO, KZT
	A06B-6110-K200	Housing: 1 pcs. (XX key)	K1, K10, K21
	#XXS	Contact: 4 pcs. (S size)	10, 10, 12 I
	A06B-6110-K200	Housing: 1 pcs. (XX key)	K1, K10, K21
	#XXM	Contact: 4 pcs. (M size)	1X1, 1X10, 1X21
	A06B-6110-K200	Housing: 1 pcs. (XX key)	K1, K10, K21
	#XXL	Contact: 4 pcs. (L size)	1X1, 1X10, 1X21
	A06B-6110-K201	Housing: 1 pcs. (XY key)	K1, K10, K21
	#XYSS	Contact: 4 pcs. (SS size)	1X1, 1X10, 1X21
	A06B-6110-K201	Housing: 1 pcs. (XY key)	K1, K10, K21
Standard	#XYS	Contact: 4 pcs. (S size)	1(1,1(10,1(2))
otandara	A06B-6110-K201	Housing: 1 pcs. (XY key)	K1, K10, K21
	#XYM	Contact: 4 pcs. (M size)	1(1,1(10,1(2))
	A06B-6110-K201	Housing: 1 pcs. (XY key)	K1, K10, K21
	#XYL	Contact: 4 pcs. (L size)	1(1,1(10,1(2))
	A06B-6110-K202	Housing: 1 pcs. (YY key)	K1, K10, K21
	#YYSS	Contact: 4 pcs. (SS size)	1(1,1(10,1(2))
	A06B-6110-K202	Housing: 1 pcs. (YY key)	K1, K10, K21
	#YYS	Contact: 4 pcs. (S size)	1(1,1(10,1(2))
	A06B-6110-K202	Housing: 1 pcs. (YY key)	K1, K10, K21
	#YYM	Contact: 4 pcs. (M size)	,,
	A06B-6110-K202	Housing: 1 pcs. (YY key)	K1, K10, K21
	#YYL	Contact: 4 pcs. (L size)	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1

(3) For power supply module (PSM)

Category	Ordering number	Quantity	Use
Standard	A06B-6071-K203	Housing: 1 pcs./module Contact: 7 pcs.	K3, K6, K7

(4) For servo amplifier module (SVM)

Category	Ordering number	Quantity	Use
		Case: 1 pcs.	
	A06B-6078-K225	Connector: 1 pcs.	K22 (Note)
Chandard		Solder type	
Standard		Case: 2 pcs.	
	A06B-6073-K215	Connector: 4 pcs.	K24,K25
		Solder type	

(5) For spindle amplifier module (SPM)

Category	Ordering number	Quantity	Use
	A06B-6078-K222	Case: 1 pcs. Connector: 1 pcs. Solder type	K14, K17, K71
Otomatomat	A06B-6078-K223	Case: 1 pcs. Connector: 1 pcs. Crimp type	K12
Standard	A06B-6078-K224	Case: 1 pcs. Connector: 1 pcs. Solder type	К33
	A06B-6078-K225	Case: 1 pcs. Connector: 1 pcs. Crimp type	K16

NOTE

- 1 Some connectors are attached to a cable by crimping or soldering. Be careful when placing an order.
- 2 When attaching a connector of crimp type, use a dedicated tool prepared by each manufacturer. For the specifications of the tools, see the description of "Connection tools" below.

Connection tools

Connector connection tools are indicated below with their ordering numbers for purchase from FANUC. The connection tools can also be directly purchased from each manufacturer.

(a) Connectors manufactured by tyco Electronics AMP D-2100 series (for inter-module interface)

Category	Ordering number	Manufacturer part number	Use
Optional	A06B-6110-K220#D2M	65282EN/03_	M size Contact crimping tool
Optional	A06B-6110-K220#D2R	1276716-1	Contact extractor

D-3000 series (for PSM)

Category	Ordering number	Manufacturer part number	Use
Optional	A06B-6110-K220#D3L	914596-3	L size
optionia			Contact crimping tool
Optional	A06B-6110-K220#D3R	234168-1	Contact extractor

D-5000 series (for power line)

Category	Ordering number	Manufacturer part number	Use
Optional	A06B-6110-K220#D5SS	1366656-1	SS size Contact crimping tool
Optional	A06B-6110-K220#D5S	234170-1	S size Contact crimping tool
Optional	A06B-6110-K220#D5M	234171-1	M size Contact crimping tool
Optional	A06B-6110-K220#D5L	1366044-1	L size Contact crimping tool
Optional	A06B-6110-K220#D5R	409158-1	Contact extractor

(b) Connectors manufactured by Honda Tsushin Kogyo Co., Ltd. (crimp type only)

Name	Manufacturer part number
Wire placement cassette	JGPS-015-1/1-20
Wire placement cassette mounting base	JGPS-014
Press-mount locator	PCS-K1
Hand press	MFC-K1

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K210

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
CXA2A	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1-1318119-4 (housing)	1	E. DOM: I. C.	C(d)
CXA2B		131807-1 (contact)	8	For PSM interface	-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K211

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
CXA2A	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1-1318119-4 (housing)	1	For connection to	C(d)
CXA2B		131807-1 (contact)	2	separate battery	-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K200#XXSS

C	Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
	CZ2	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1-917807-2 (housing)	1	For input power supply and motor power	-
	CZ2L		1318986-6 (contact)	4		-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K200#XXS

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
CZ2	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1-917807-2 (housing)	1	For input power supply and motor power	-
CZ2L		316040-6 (contact)	4		-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K200#XXM

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
CZ2	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1-917807-2 (housing)	1	For input power	-
CZ2L		316041-6 (contact)	4	supply and motor power	-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K200#XXL

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
CZ2	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1-917807-2 (housing)	1	For input power	-
CZ2L		1318697-6 (contact)	4	supply and motor power	-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K201#XYSS

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
CZ2M AMP Japa		3-917807-2 (housing)	1	For input power	-
	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1318986-6 (contact)	4	supply and motor power	-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K201#XYS

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
		3-917807-2 (housing)	1	For input power	-
CZ2M	AMP Japan, Ltd.	316040-6 (contact)	4	supply and motor power	-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K201#XYM

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
07014		3-917807-2 (housing)	1	For input power	-
CZ2M	AMP Japan, Ltd.	316041-6 (contact)	4	supply and motor power	-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K201#XYL

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
		3-917807-2 (housing)	1	For input power	-
CZ2M	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1318697-6 (contact)	4	supply and motor	-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K202#YYSS

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
CZ2N		2-917807-2 (housing)	1	For input power	-
CZ1	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1318986-6 (contact)	4	supply and motor power	-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K202#YYS

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
CZ2N		2-917807-2 (housing)	1	For input power	-
CZ1	AMP Japan, Ltd.	316040-6 (contact)	4	supply and motor power	-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K202#YYM

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
CZ2N		2-917807-2 (housing)	1	For input power	-
CZ1	AMP Japan, Ltd.	316041-6 (contact)	4	supply and motor power	-

- Configuration of A06B-6110-K202#YYL

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
		2-917807-2 (housing)	1	For input power	-
CZ2N	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1318697-6 (contact)	4	supply and motor power	-

- Configuration of A06B-6071-K203

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
		1-178128-3 (housing)	1	For control, single-	C(a)
CX1A	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1-175218-2 (contact)	3	phase 200VAC input	C(c)
CX4	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1-178128-3 (housing)	1	For emergency stop	C(a)
0,74		1-175218-2 (contact)	2	signal	C(c)
0)/0	AMP Japan, Ltd.	2-178128-3 (housing)	1	For ON/OFF control	C(b)
CX3		1-175218-2 (contact)	2	for external MCC	C(c)

- Configuration of A06B-6078-K225 (solder type, side cable type)

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
15	Hirose Electric	FI40B-2015S (connector)	1		C(g)
JFx	Co., Ltd.	FI-20-CVS2 (case)	1	For pulse coder	C(h)

- Configuration of A06B-6073-K215

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
0)/0		2-178128-3 (housing)	1	For DB interlock	C(b)
CX8	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1-175218-2 (contact)	2	signals	C(c)
CX9	AMP Japan, Ltd.	1-178128-3 (housing)	1	For DB driving coil	C(a)
		1-175218-2 (contact)	2		C(c)

- Configuration of A06B-6078-K222 (solder type, side cable type)

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
JYA2, JYA3 JYA4	Hirose Electric	FI40B-20S (connector)	1		C(f)
αC series JY1	Co., Ltd.	FI-20-CVS5 (case)	1	See below.	C(i)

Use Mi sensor, MZi sensor, BZi sensor

 αC series : For speedometer, analog override, or motor overheat

- Configuration of A06B-6078-K223 (crimp type, side cable type)

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
JA7B	Hirose Electric	FI30-20S (connector)	1	0	C(e)
JY1	Co., Ltd.	FI-20-CVS2 (case)	1	See below.	C(h)

Use JY7B: For communication between CNC and SPM or SPMC

JY1: Load meter or speedometer (except the SPMC)

- Configuration of A06B-6078-K224 (solder type, side cable type)

Connector name Manufacturer		Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
	Hirose Electric	FI40B-20S (connector)	1	Cashalaw	C(f)
JA7B	Co., Ltd.	FI-20-CVS2 (case)	1	See below.	C(h)
					an) (a

Use JY7B: For communication between CNC and SPM or SPMC JY1: Load meter or speedometer (except the SPMC)

- Configuration of A06B-6078-K225 (solder type, side cable type)

Connector name	Manufacturer	Part number	Quantity	Use	Dimensions
JYA3	Hirose Electric	FI40B-2015S (connector)	1	Caabalaw	C(g)
JYA4	Co., Ltd.	FI-2015-CVS (case)	1	See below.	C(j)

Use JYA3: For α position coder JYA4: For α position coder S

3.1.3.4 Fuses

The ordering numbers of fuses used with each module (PSM, SVM, SPM) are indicated below.

(1) For control power supply for PSM

Category	Ordering number	Remarks
		Manufacturer : Daito Communication
		Apparatus Co., Ltd.
Optional	A06B-6077-K250	Manufacturer part number : DM20, DM50
		Specification : 2A/250V, 5A/250V
		Use : For short-circuit protection of 200VAC

(2) For control power supply for PSMR

Category	Ordering number	Remarks
		Manufacturer : Daito Communication Apparatus Co., Ltd.
Optional		Manufacturer part number : DM50
		Specification : 5A/250V
		Use : For short-circuit protection of 200VAC

(3) For control power supply for SVM, SPM, and SPMC

Optional A06B-6073-K250 Manufacturer : Daito Communication Apparatus Co., Ltd. Manufacturer part number : LM32C Specification : 3.2A/48V	Cate	egory	Ordering number	Remarks
Use : For short-circuit protection of 24-VDC control power supply	Optio	nal		Apparatus Co., Ltd. Manufacturer part number : LM32C Specification : 3.2A/48V Use : For short-circuit protection of 24-VDC

NOTE

- 1 When a fuse blows, the control circuit may often be faulty. In such a case, replacing the fuse does not correct the trouble. Replace the module.
- 2 A fuse is installed on the control board of a module, but is not directly accessible for replacement from the outside. When replacing a fuse, extract the control board.

3.1.3.5 Power transformer

When a power supply module of the 200V input series is used in an area where the input voltage is not within the range of 200 to 230VAC, a power transformer is required. The ordering drawing numbers and specifications of power transformers manufactured by FANUC are listed below. When other than a FANUC power transformers is to be prepared by the user, it must satisfy the transformer specifications indicated Section 2.1.

Ordering drawing numbers of power transformers manufactured by FANUC

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A80L-0024-0006	For PSMR-3 <i>i</i> (at 2kw output)	
	A80L-0024-0003	For PSMR-3 <i>i</i> (at 3kw output)	
	A06B-6052-J001	For PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i> (at 5.5kw output) PSM-5.5 <i>i</i>	
Optional	A06B-6044-J006	For PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i> (at 7.5kw output) PSM-11 <i>i</i>	Primary 380/415/460VAC Secondary
	A06B-6044-J007	PSM-15i	
	A06B-6044-J010	PSM-26 <i>i</i> , 30 <i>i</i>	200VAC
	A06B-6044-J015	PSM-37 <i>i</i> For PSM-55 <i>i</i> (at 45kw output)	

Specifications of power transformers manufactured by FANUC

Power transformer for PSM						
Model Item	PSM-5.5 <i>i</i>	PSM-11 <i>i</i>	PSM-15 <i>i</i>	PSM-26 <i>i</i> , 30 <i>i</i>	PSM-37 <i>i</i> PSM-55 <i>i</i> (at 45kw output)	
Ordering drawing number	A06B-6052-J001	A06B-6044-J006	A06B-6044-J007	A06B-6044-J010	A06B-6044-J015	
FANUC drawing number	A80L-0001-0496	A80L-0001-0313	A80L-0001-0314	A80L-0001-0352	A80L-0001-0452	
Rated capacity	10kVA	10kVA 20kVA 30kVA 45kVA				
Rated primary voltage	380/415/460VAC (The secondary is used as an autotransformer.) +10% -15%, 50/60±1Hz, 3φ					
Rated primary current	15A (at 380V) 14A (at 415V) 13A (at 460V)	30A (at 380V) 28A (at 415V) 25A (at 460V)	46A (at 380V) 42A (at 415V) 38A (at 460V)	68A (at 380V) 63A (at 415V) 56A (at 460V)	97A (at 380V) 89A (at 415V) 80A (at 460V)	
Rated secondary voltage		200/220/230VAC				
Rated primary current	29A	58A	87A	130A	185A	
Voltage regulation at the secondary		5%				
Voltage deviation at the secondary	±3%					
Connection	Y-Y connection					
Insulation	Class H (maximum allowable temperature : 180°C)					
Ambient temperature	0 to 45°C					
Allowable temperature rise	135deg					
Relative humidity		Max. 95%RH				
Туре	Dry type, natural air cooling type					
Dielectric withstand voltage	2000VAC, for 1 minute					
Weight	Max. 61kg	Max. 115kg	Max. 165kg	Max. 260kg	Max. 375kg	
Outline drawing	Fig.8.1.4(a)	Fig.8.1.4(b)	Fig.8.1.4(c)	Fig.8.1.4(d)	Fig.8.1.5(e)	
Connection diagram		$\begin{array}{c} R3 \\ R2 \\ \hline 460V \\ \hline 415V \\ \hline 380V \\ \hline \\ R1 \\ \hline \\ 380V \\ \hline \\ \\ R1 \\ \hline \\ 380V \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	SHIELD SEC. (Secondar	230V R4 0 200V U 200V 0 (Neutral point) V S4 0 V Y Y T4 C		

Power transformer for PSM

3.ORDERING INFORMATION

Model	PSMR-3 <i>i</i>	ver transformer for PSI PSMR-3 <i>i</i>	PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i>	PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i>	
Item	(at 2kw output)	(at 3kw output)	(at 5.5kw output)	(at 7.5kw output)	
Ordering drawing					
number	A80L-0024-0006	A80L-0026-0003	A06B-6052-J001	A06B-6044-J006	
FANUC drawing number	A80L-0024-0006	A80L-0026-0003	A80L-0001-0496	A80L-0001-0313	
Rated capacity	3.5kVA	5kVA	10kVA	20kVA	
Rated primary voltage	380/415/460/480/55	AC , ∆ connection 0VAC , Y connection 0Hz±2Hz, 3φ	230VAC(The secon autotrans	/460VAC ndary is used as an sformer.) 50/60±1Hz, 3∳ 30A (at 380V)	
Rated primary current	5.3A (at 380V)	7.6A (at 380V)	14A (at 415V) 13A (at 460V)	28A (at 415V) 25A (at 460V)	
Rated secondary voltage	210	VAC	200	VAC	
Rated primary current	9.6A	13.7A	29A	58A	
Voltage regulation at the secondary	2'	%	5'	%	
Voltage deviation at the secondary		±3	3%		
Connection	Δ - Δ connection c	r Y- Δ connection	Y-Y connection		
Insulation		ss B temperature: 130°C)	Class H (maximum allowable temperature: 180°C)		
Ambient temperature	-20 to	55°C	0 to 45°C		
Allowable temperature rise		135	ideg		
Thermostat	B co (operating temp	ntact erature: 135°C)	None		
Relative humidity			95%RH		
Туре		Dry type, natura	al air cooling type		
Dielectric withstand voltage	2300VAC, 1	or 1 minute	2000VAC, 1	for 1 minute	
Weight	Max. 27kg	Max. 36kg	Max. 61kg	Max. 115kg	
Outline drawing	Fig.8.1.5(e)	Fig.8.1.5(e)	Fig.8.1.5(a)	Fig.8.1.5(b)	
Connection diagram	$7 \circ 200 \\ 8 \circ 001 \\ 9 \circ 5500 \\ 10 \circ 4400 \\ 12 \circ 41307 \\ 12 \circ 41307 \\ 12 \circ 413772407 \\ 13 \circ 2007 \\ 14 \circ 3407 \\ 15 \circ 2007 \\ 15 \circ 2007 \\ 16 \circ 4007 \\ 17 \circ 5507 \\ 12 \circ 413772407 \\ 17 \circ 5107 \\ 18 \circ 4107 \\ 17 \circ 5107 \\ 18 \circ 4107 \\ 17 \circ 5107 \\ 10 \circ 1007 \\ 10 \circ 1007$		R3 0 460V R2 0 415V R1 0 380V T1 0 PRI. T2 0 PRI. S1 0 PRI. G 0 (Primary)	LD 230V R4 0 200V (Neutral point) 0 SEC. V SEC. V S4 0 V (Secondary) T4 C	

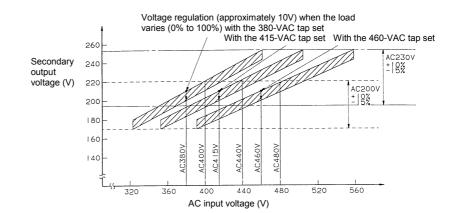
Power transformer for PSMR

Connecting a power transformer

Power transformers must be set according to the supply voltage used.

(a) Connection points of power transformers for PSM-5.5*i*, PSM-11*i*, PSM-15*i*, PSM-26*i*, PSM-30*i*, and PSM-37*i*

Supply voltage	Connection points at the primary	Remarks
380 VAC	R - R1, S - S1, T - T1 (380-V tap)	
400 VAC	R - R1, S - S1, T - T1 (380-V tap)	
415 VAC	R - R2, S - S2, T - T2 (415-V tap)	
440 VAC	R - R2, S - S2, T - T2 (415-V tap)	
460 VAC	R - R3, S - S3, T - T3 (460-V tap)	
480 VAC	R - R3 S - S3 T - T3 (460-V tap)	



- 1 When installing a transformer in a cabinet, be careful to ensure that the transformer does not thermally affect other equipment. For example, separate the transformer from the other equipment.
- 2 When installing a transformer outside the cabinet, make sure that the transformer is not directly exposed to cutting chips or coolant.
- 3 If there is a possibility of the transformer falling, secure the transformer with bolts or similar.

3.1.3.6 Regenerative discharge unit

Whenever a PSM4 (resistance regeneration type power supply module) is used, a regenerative discharge unit must be specified. For how to select the regenerative discharge unit, see Section 4.4.4.

Category	Name	Ordering number	Remarks
	PSMR-3 <i>i</i>	A06B-6089-H510	$16\Omega/100W$ (at natural cooling)
		A06B-6089-H500	$16\Omega/200W$ (at natural cooling)
Standard -	PSMR-3 <i>i</i> , 5.5 <i>i</i>	1406B_6080_H713	16 Ω /800W (Forced cooling fan
			motor is included)
	PSMR-5.5i	A06B-6089-H711	8Ω/800W (Forced cooling fan
			motor is included)
	F 3101R-5.5 <i>i</i>	A06B-6089-H712	$8\Omega/1200W$ (Forced cooling fan
			motor is included)

See Section 8.1.7, "SELECTING A REGENERATIVE DISCHARGE UNIT" for details of selection.

3.1.3.7 Cables

DC link short bar

Category	Ordering number	Applicable terminal-to-terminal distance
	A06B-6078-K801	90mm (86mm - 94mm)
Ontinent	A06B-6078-K803	64mm (60mm - 68mm)
Optional	A06B-6078-K840	1B-65282EN/03mm (150mm - 158mm)
	A06B-6078-K841	304mm (300mm - 308mm)
0 0 2 1 2	C 1 / 1	

See 9.3.1.2 for details.

Cables for connection of modules

	Category	Ordering number	Cable length	Applicable amplifier width
		A06B-6110-K801	200mm	150mm width amplifier
	Optional	A06B-6110-K802	150mm	90mm width amplifier
		A06B-6110-K803	100mm	60mm width amplifier
		A06B-6110-K804	400mm	300mm width amplifier

NOTE

The above table lists the cable for each interface between modules. For connection of CXA2A and CXA2B

Cables for connection of detectors

Category	Ordering number	Use	Remarks	
Optional		For Mi sensor,		
		MZi sensor or	Cable length : 7m	
		BZi sensor		
	A06B-6078-K814		Cable length : 7m	
		For	Connector figure : Straight	
	A06B-6078-K815	Positioncoder	Cable length : 7m	
	AU0D-0070-No15		Connector figure : Elbow	

Cables for FSSB interface

Category	ry Ordering number		Applicable amplifier width	
Ontional	A66L-6001-0023#L150R0	150mm	For between SVM and SV	
Optional	A66L-6001-0023#L300R0	300mm	For between SVIVI and SVIVI	

3.1.3.8 Circuit breaker and magnetic contactor

The circuit breaker and magnetic contactor capacities are determined by the power supply module specifications. The ordering drawing numbers and specifications of the circuit breakers and magnetic contactors are shown below.

When this equipment is to be prepared by the user, it must satisfy the circuit breaker and magnetic contactor specifications indicated below.

Circuit breaker and magnetic contactor specifications

For PSM and PSMR							
PSM name	Circuit breaker 1	Circuit breaker 2	Magnetic contactor	Remarks			
PSMR-3i	20A		20A				
PSMR-5.5i	30A		30A	Note 4)			
F 3101R-5.5 <i>i</i>	50A		50A	Note 5)			
PSM-5.5 <i>i</i>	30A		30A				
PSM-11 <i>i</i>	55A	F A	55A				
PSM-15 <i>i</i>	70A	5A	70A				
PSM-26i	120A		120A				
PSM-30 <i>i</i>	140A		140A				
PSM-37 <i>i</i>	175A		175A				
PSM-55 <i>i</i>	250A		250A				

NOTE

- 1 For the installation positions of the circuit breakers and magnetic contactor, see Section 1.2.
- 2 Circuit breakers 1 and 2 must have a rated voltage of 200VAC or higher.
- 3 The current and voltage of the operation coil of the magnetic contactor must be within the rating of the internal contact [CX3 (MCC)] of the PSM. For details, see Subsection 9.3.1.5.
- 4 When the PSMR-5.5 is used at a rated output capacity of 5.5 kW
- 5 When the PSMR-5.5 is used at a rated output capacity of 7.5 kW

For PSM-HV

PSM name	Circuit	Circuit	Circuit	Magnetic	Remarks		
F Sivi Haine	breaker 1	breaker 2	breaker 3	contactor	Relliars		
PSM-11HVi	20A			20A			
PSM-18HVi	45A		3A	30A			
PSM-30HVi	75A			55A			
PSM-45HVi	125A	3A		70A			
PSM-75HVi	200A			120A			
PSM-100HVi	250A			140A			

NOTE

- 1 For the installation positions of the circuit breakers and magnetic contactor, see Section 1.2.
- 2 Circuit breakers 1 and 2 must have a rated voltage of 200VAC or higher.
- 3 The current and voltage of the operation coil of the magnetic contactor must be within the rating of the internal contact [CX3 (MCC)] of the PSM. For details, see Subsection 9.3.1.5.

Recommended parts

Parts manufactured by Fuji Electric Co., Ltd.

PSM name	Circuit breaker 1	Circuit breaker 2	Circuit breaker 3	Magnetic contactor
PSMR-3i	EA53B/30			SC-5-1
PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i> PSM-5.5 <i>i</i>	EA103B/50		-	SC-1N
PSM-11 <i>i</i>	EA103B/60			SC-2N
PSM-15 <i>i</i>	EA103B/75	EA33/5		SC-2SN
PSM-26 <i>i</i>	EA203B/150			SC-4N
PSM-30 <i>i</i>	EA203B/150			SC-5N
PSM-37 <i>i</i>	EA203B/175			SC-7N
PSM-55 <i>i</i>	EA203B/250			SC-8N
PSM-11HVi	EA53B/30		EA33/3	SC-5-1
PSM-18HVi	EA103B/50			SC-1N
PSM-30HVi	EA103B/75	EA33/3		SC-2SN
PSM-45HVi	EA203B/125			SC-4N
PSM-75HVi	EA203B/200			SC-7N
PSM-100HVi	EA203B/250			SC-8N

NOTE

For details, see the brochures available from Fuji Electric Co., Ltd. Note that the specification of the coil voltage of a magnetic contactor may differ depending on the supply voltage and frequency used.

Category	Model	Ordering number	Outline drawing	Circuit breaker specification	Circuit breaker cover specification
	PSMR-3 <i>i</i> PSM-11HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K101	8.1.7(a)	Fuji Electric EA53B/30	Fuji Electric BZ-TB20B-3
	PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i> PSM-5.5 <i>i</i> , 18HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K102	8.1.7(b)	Fuji Electric EA103B/50	Fuji Electric BZ-TB20B-3
	PSM-11 <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K103	8.1.7(c)	Fuji Electric EA103B/60	Fuji Electric BZ-TB20B-3
Optional	PSM-15 <i>i</i> , 30HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K104	8.1.7(d)	Fuji Electric EA103B/75	Fuji Electric BZ-TB20B-3
	PSM-26 <i>i</i> , 30 <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K105	8.1.7(f)	Fuji Electric EA203B/150	Fuji Electric BZ-TB40B
	PSM-37 <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K110	8.1.7(g)	Fuji Electric EA203B/175	Fuji Electric BZ-TB40B
	PSM-75HVi	A06B-6077-K109	8.1.7(h)	Fuji Electric EA203B/225	Fuji Electric BZ-TB40B
	PSM-55 <i>i</i> , 100HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K111	8.1.7(i)	Fuji Electric EA403B/250	Fuji Electric BZ-TB60B
	For control power	A06B-6077-K106	8.1.7(j)	Fuji Electric EA33/5	Fuji Electric BZ-TB10B-503

Ordering drawing numbers of circuit breakers

Ordering drawing numbers of magnetic contactors

Category	Model	Ordering number	Outline drawing	Magnetic contactor specification	Magnetic contactor cover specification
Optional	PSMR-3 <i>i</i> PSM-11HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K121	8.1.8(a)	Fuji Electric SC-5-1	Fuji Electric SZ-JC4
	PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i> PSM-5.5 <i>i</i> , 18HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K122	8.1.8(b)	Fuji Electric SC-1N	Fuji Electric SZ-1N/T
	PSM-11 <i>i</i> , 30HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K123	8.1.8(b)	Fuji Electric SC-2N	Fuji Electric SZ-1N/T
	PSM-15 <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K124	8.1.8(c)	Fuji Electric SC-2SN	Fuji Electric SZ-2SN/T
	PSM-26 <i>i</i> , 45HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K125	8.1.8(d)	Fuji Electric SC-4N	Fuji Electric SZ-4N/T
	PSM-30 <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K126	8.1.8(e)	Fuji Electric SC-5N	Fuji Electric Z-5N/T
	PSM-37 <i>i</i> , 75HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K128	8.1.8(g)	Fuji Electric SC-7N	Fuji Electric SZ-5N/T
	PSM-55 <i>i</i> , 100HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K127	8.1.8(f)	Fuji Electric SC-8N	Fuji Electric SZ-8N/T

NOTE

The coil voltage specification of the magnetic contactor is 200VAC.

3.1.3.9 Lightning surge protector

To protect equipment from surge voltages caused by lightning, install a lightning surge protector between lines and between a line and ground. For how to install protectors, see Appendix A.

Lightning surge protector specifications

Category	Ordering number	Specification	Outline drawing	Remarks	
	A06B-6077-K142	For line-to-line installation : RAV-781BYZ-2 For line-to-ground installation : RAV-781BXZ-4	8.1.9(a)	For 200VAC line TÜV approved products	
Optional	A06B-6077-K143	For line-to-line installation : RAV-152BYZ-2A For line-to-ground installation : RAV-801BXZ-4	8.1.9(b)	For 400VAC line TÜV approved products	
		Integration type for line-to-line installation/line-to- ground installation: RCM-601BUZ-4	8.1.9(c)	For 200VAC line TÜV approved products	

Recommended parts

Line-to-line	Line-to-ground	Remarks		
RAV-781BYZ-2	RAV-781BXZ-4			
manufactured by Okaya	manufactured by Okaya	For 200VAC line		
Electric Industries Co.,	Electric Industries Co.,			
Ltd.	Ltd.			
RAV-152BYZ-2A	RAV-801BXZ-4			
manufactured by Okaya	manufactured by Okaya	For 400VAC line		
Electric Industries Co.,	Electric Industries Co.,			
Ltd.	Ltd.			
		For 200VAC line		
RCM-601BUZ-4 manufac	tured by Okaya Electric	Integration type for line-		
Industries Co., Ltd.		to-line installation/line-to-		
		ground installation		

3.1.3.10 Noise filter

A noise filter must be installed in the PSM input section to satisfy the requirements of the EMC Directives which are now being enforced in the EU countries.

Category	Model	Ordering number	Outline drawing	Specification
	PSMR-3 <i>i</i> PSM-5.5 <i>i</i> , 11HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K155	8.1.10	3SUP-HL30-ER-6 Okaya Electric Industries Co., Ltd.
Ontinenal	PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i> PSM-11 <i>i</i> ,15 <i>i</i> PSM-18HV <i>i</i> , 30HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K156	8.1.10	3SUP-HL75-ER-6 Okaya Electric Industries Co., Ltd.
Optional	PSM-26 <i>i</i> , 30 <i>i</i> PSM-45HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K157	8.1.10	3SUP-HL150-ER-6 Okaya Electric Industries Co., Ltd.
	PSM-37 <i>i</i> PSM-75HV <i>i</i>	A06B-6077-K158	8.1.10	3SUP-HL200-ER-6 Okaya Electric Industries Co., Ltd.

3.1.3.11 Sensors for spindle

α Positioncoder

Category	Name	Ordering number	Remarks
Ontional	α Positioncoder	A860-0309-T302	68, 10,000min ⁻¹
Optional	Connector kit	A06B-6088-K211	Straight type

α Positioncoder S (analog output type)

Category	Name	Ordering number	Remarks
Ontinnal	α Positioncoder S	A860-0309-T352	68, 10,000min ⁻¹
Optional	Connector kit	A06B-6088-K211	Straight type

BZi sensor

Category	Name	Ordering number	Remarks
	BZi sensor 128	A860-2120-T201	128 teeth / 20,000min ⁻¹
	BZi sensor 128H	A860-2120-T211	128 teeth / 50,000min ⁻¹
Ontional	BZi sensor 256	A860-2120-T401	256 teeth / 15,000min ⁻¹
Optional	BZi sensor 256H	A860-2120-T411	256 teeth / 30,000min ⁻¹
	BZi sensor 384	A860-2120-T511	384 teeth / 15,000min ⁻¹
	BZi sensor 512	A860-2120-T611	512 teeth / 10,000min ⁻¹

3.1.3.12 Battery for absolute Pulsecoder

For connection of a battery for an absolute Pulsecoder, two methods are available. For each method, options are available.

NOTE

- 1 A battery needs to be maintained periodically. So, [connection type 1] is recommended because this type uses a battery (consisting of four size D alkaline cells) easily obtainable from the market.
- 2 A built-in battery used with [connection type 2] is not available on the market, but needs to be purchased from FANUC. So, it is recommended to purchase spare built-in batteries.

[Connection type 1]

Power is fed from one battery to multiple SVMs. (See Subsection 9.3.2.10.)

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks		
	A06B-6050-K061	Battery			
Ontional	A06B-6050-K060	Battery case	Four pieces of		
Optional		Battery connection	size D battery		
	A06B-6110-K211	connector			

[Connection type 2]

A battery is built into each SVM. (See Subsection 9.3.2.10.)

Category	Ordering number	Name	Remarks
	A06B-6073-K001	Built-in battery	One piece of lithium battery
Ontional	A06B-6114-K500	Battery case	
Optional	A06B-6114-K501		SVM1-360 <i>i</i>
		Battery case	SVM1-180HV <i>i</i>
			SVM1-360HV <i>i</i>



4.1 HOW TO SELECT THE SERVO AMPLIFIER MODULE (SVM)

First select a servo motor, based on the machine specifications. Then, select an appropriate servo amplifier module for the selected servo motor.

	Table 4.1(a) Specification											
No	Specification	Number of connected axes	Input voltage	Interface with CNC								
1	A06B-6114-H1xx	1	200V	FSSB								
2	A06B-6114-H2xx	2	200V	FSSB								
3	A06B-6114-H3xx	3	200V	FSSB								
4	A06B-6124-H1xx	1	400V	FSSB								
5	A06B-6124-H2xx	2	400V	FSSB								

	Table 4.1(b) Names											
200-V input series for 1 axis	200-V input series for 2 axes	200-V input series for 3 axes	200-V input series for 1 axis	400-V input series for 2 axes								
SVM1-20 <i>i</i>	SVM2-4/4 <i>i</i>	SVM3-4/4/4 <i>i</i>	SVM1-10HVi	SVM2-10/10HVi								
SVM1-40 <i>i</i>	SVM2-20/20 <i>i</i>	SVM3-20/20/20 <i>i</i>	SVM1-20HVi	SVM2-20/20HVi								
SVM1-80 <i>i</i>	SVM2-20/40 <i>i</i>	SVM3-20/20/40i	SVM1-40HVi	SVM2-20/40HVi								
SVM1-160 <i>i</i>	SVM2-40/40 <i>i</i>		SVM1-80HVi	SVM2-40/40HVi								
SVM1-360 <i>i</i>	SVM2-40/80 <i>i</i>		SVM1-180HV <i>i</i>	SVM2-40/80HVi								
	SVM2-80/80 <i>i</i>		SVM1-360HV <i>i</i>	SVM2-80/80HVi								
	SVM2-80/160 <i>i</i>											
	SVM2-160/160 <i>i</i>											

4.1.1 200-V Input Series

			0.0	0.0	0.5		0	0			0			40		00			00		40	
			0.2	0.3	0.5	1	2	3	4		8			12		22			30		40	
	αi					α1 /5000 <i>i</i> (20A)	α2 /5000 <i>i</i> (20A)			α4 /4000 <i>i</i> (40A)		α8 /3000 <i>i</i> (40A)			α12 /3000 <i>i</i> (80A)		α22 /3000i (80A)			α30 /3000 <i>i</i> (160A)	α40 /3000 <i>i</i> (160A)	α40 /3000 <i>i</i> FAN (160A)
Motor	αMi	Axis					αM2 /5000 <i>i</i> (20A)	αM3 /5000i (20A)					αM8 /4000i (80A)		αM12 /4000 <i>i</i> (80A)			αM22 /4000i (160A)		αM30 /4000 <i>i</i> (160A)	αM40 /4000 <i>i</i> (160A)	
	αCi								αC4 /3000 <i>i</i> (20A)		αC8 /2000 <i>i</i> (20A)			αC12 /2000 <i>i</i> (20A)		αC22 /2000 <i>i</i> (40A)			αC30 /1500 <i>i</i> (80A)			
	βM		βM0.2 /4000 (4A)	βM0.3 /4000 (4A)	βM0.5 /4000 (20A)	βM1 /4000 (20A)																
	SVM1-20 i				0	0	0	0	0		0			0								
SVM1	SVM1-40 i	-								0		0				0						
	SVM1-80 i												0		0		0		0			
1 1	SVM1-160 i	-																0		0	0	0
1 1	SVM1-360 i																					
	SVM1-160 i X2	-																				
	SVM2-4/4 i	L	0	0																		
SVM2		M	0 0	0																		
0	SVM2-20/20 i	L	- U		0	0	0	0	0		0			0								
	OVINE LOILOI	M			0 0	õ	0	0	ō		0			0								
	SVM2-20/40 i	L			0	0	0	0	0		0			0								<u> </u>
1 1	3 11/2-20/40 /	M			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0		0						
	SVM2-40/40 i									0		0				0						
1 1	SVIVIZ-40/40 i	L																				
1 1		M								0		0				0						
	SVM2-40/80 i	L								0		0				0						
		М											0		0		0		0			
	SVM2-80/80 i	L											0		0		0		0			
		м											0		0		0		0			
	SVM2-80/160 i	L											0		0		0		0			
		М																0		0	0	
	SVM2-160/160 i	L																0		0	0	
		М																0		0	0	
	SVM3-4/4/4 i	L	0	0																		
SVM3		М	0	0																		
		Ν	0	0																		
	SVM3-20/20/20 i	L			0	0	0	0	0		0			0								
		М			0	0	0	0	0		0			0								
		Ν			0	0	0	0	0		0			0								
	SVM3-20/20/40 i	L			0	0	0	0	0		0			0								
		М			0	0	0	0	0		0			0								
		N								0		0				0						

			50	100	200	300	500
Motor	αMi	Axis	αM50 /3000 <i>i</i> FAN (360A)	αM100 /2500 <i>i</i> (360A)	αM200 /2500i (360A)	αM300 /2000i (360AX2)	αM500 /2000i (360AX2)
SVM1	SVM1-360 i	-	0	0	0		
	SVM1-360 i X2	-				0	0

4.1.2 400-V Input Series

			2	3	8	12	22	30	40	50	100	200	300	500
Motor	αM(HV)i	Axis	αM2 /5000HVi (10A)	αM3 /5000HVi (10A)	αM8 /4000HVi (40A)	αM12 /4000HVi (40A)	αM22 /4000HVi (80A)	αM30 /4000HVi (80A)	αM40 /4000HVi (80A)	αM50 /3000HV <i>i</i> FAN (180A)	αM100 /2500HVi (180A)	αM200 /2500HVi (180A)	αM300 /2000HVi (360A)	αM500 /2000HVi (360A)
	SVM1-10HV i	-	0	0										
SVM1	SVM1-20HV i	-												
	SVM1-40HV i	-			0	0								
	SVM1-80HV i	-					0	0	0					
	SVM1-180HV i	-								0	0	0		
	SVM1-360HV i	-											0	0
	SVM2-10/10HV i	L	0	0										
SVM2		М	0	0										
	SVM2-20/20HV i	L												
		М												
	SVM2-20/40HV i	L												
		М			0	0								
	SVM2-40/40HV i	L			0	0								
		М			0	0								
	SVM2-40/80HV i	L			0	0								
		М					0	0	0					
	SVM2-80/80HV i	L					0	0	0					
		М					0	0	0					

4.2 HOW TO SELECT THE SPINDLE AMPLIFIER MODULE (SPM)

First, select a spindle motor, based on the machine specification. Then, select an appropriate spindle amplifier module for the selected spindle motor.

Spindle amplifier modules and standard motors that can be used together are shown below. When using a built-in motor or a motor with special specifications, refer to relevant specifications, and select a spindle amplifier module accordingly.

Table 4.2(a) Specification

No	Ordering number	Input voltage	Remarks
NO	Ordening number	input voltage	Remarks
1	A06B-6111-Hxxx#H550	200V	TYPE A
2	A06B-6112-Hxxx#H550	200V	TYPE B
3	A06B-6116-Hxxx#H560	200V	
4	A06B-6121-Hxxx#H550	400V	TYPE A
5	A06B-6122-Hxxx#H550	400V	TYPE B

200-V input series	400-V input series	Spindle amplifier for αC <i>i</i> (200-V input)
SPM-2.2 <i>i</i>	SPM-5.5HVi	SPMC-2.2i
SPM-5.5 <i>i</i>	SPM-11HVi	SPMC-5.5i
SPM-11 <i>i</i>	SPM-15HVi	SPMC-11 <i>i</i>
SPM-15 <i>i</i>	SPM-30HVi	SPMC-15i
SPM-22i	SPM-45HVi	SPMC-22i
SPM-26i	SPM-75HVi	
SPM-30 <i>i</i>	SPM-100HVi	
SPM-45i		
SPM-55 <i>i</i>		

Table 4.2(b) Specification

4.2.1 200-V Input Series

	ntinuous rated tput (kW)	0.55	1.1	1	5	2	.2	3.	.7	5.5	7	.5	9	1	1	15	18	.5	2	2	30	37	45
	αi	α0.5 /10000 <i>i</i>	α1 /10000i	α1.5 /10000 <i>i</i>		α2 /10000 <i>i</i>		α3 /10000 <i>i</i>		α6 /10000 <i>i</i>	α8 /8000i			α12 /7000 <i>i</i>		α15 /7000i	α18 /7000i		α22 /7000i		α.30 /6000 <i>i</i>	α40 /6000i	α.50 /4500i
5				α1 /15000 <i>i</i>	α1.5 /15000 <i>i</i>		α2 /15000i		α3 /12000 <i>i</i>	α6 /12000 <i>i</i>	α8 /10000 <i>i</i>			α12 /10000 <i>i</i>		α15 /10000 <i>i</i>	α18 /10000 <i>i</i>		α22 /10000i				
Motor	αPi									αP12 /6000 <i>i</i>		α.P15 /6000 <i>i</i>	αΡ18 /6000 <i>i</i>		αP22 /6000 <i>i</i>	α.P30 /6000 <i>i</i>		α P40 /6000 <i>i</i>	α.P50 /6000 <i>i</i>	αP60 /4500 <i>i</i>			
										αP12 /8000 <i>i</i>		α.P15 /8000 <i>i</i>	αΡ18 /8000 <i>i</i>		αP22 /8000 <i>i</i>								
	SPM-2.2i	0	0																				
	SPM-5.5i			0		0		0															
	SPM-11 <i>i</i>								0	0	0												
	SPM-15i				0							0	0	0									
S P	SPM-22i						0								0	0	0						
Гм	SPM-26i																	0	0				
l	SPM-30i																			0			
1	SPM-45i												_								0	0	
	SPM-55i																						0

4.2.2 400-V Input Series

	Continuous rated output (kW)	0.55	1.1	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7	.5	11	15	18.5	22	3	0	37	60	100
2	αi	α0.5 /10000 HVi	α1 /10000 HVi	α1.5 /10000 HVi	α2 /10000 HVi	α3 /10000 HVi	α6 /10000 HVi	α8 /8000 HVi			α15 /7000 HVi		α22 /7000 HVi	α30 /6000 HVi		α40 /6000 HVi	α60 /4500 HVi	α100 /4000 HVi
Motor	αPi								αΡ15 /6000 HVi	αP22 /6000 HVi		α P40 /6000 HVi	αΡ50 /6000 HVi		αP60 /4500 HVi			
	SPM-5.5HVi	0	0	0	0	0												
s	SPM-11HVi						0	0										
	SPM-15HVi								0									
P	SPM-30HVi									0	0	0	0		0			
М	SPM-45HVi													0		0		
1	SPM-75HVi																0	0
	SPM-100HVi																	

4.3

HOW TO SELECT THE POWER SUPPLY MODULE (PSM)

Calculate the required output rating, maximum output, and peak output capabilities required of a power supply module (PSM) according to the following calculation method, and select the PSM that meets these requirements.

Model Item	PSM-5.5 <i>i</i>	PSM-11 <i>i</i>	PSM-15 <i>i</i>	PSM-26 <i>i</i>	PSM-30 <i>i</i>	PSM-3 7 <i>i</i>	PSM-55 <i>i</i>
Rated output capability	5.5kW	11kW	15kW	26kW	30kW	37kW	55kW
Maximum output capability	11kW	20kW	28kW	40kW	53kW	70kW	104kW
Peak output capability	20kW	34kW	46kW	66kW	77kW	96kW	174kW

Table 4.2	(a)	200-V	innut
1 4010 4.2	aj	200-0	mpuι

	DOM		(a) 400-V Inpl	-	DOM	DOM
Model	PSM-	PSM-	PSM-	PSM-	PSM-	PSM-
Item	11HV <i>i</i>	18HV <i>i</i>	30HV <i>i</i>	45HV <i>i</i>	75HV <i>i</i>	100HV <i>i</i>
Rated output capability	11kW	18kW	30kW	45kW	75kW	100kW
Maximum output capability	20kW	35kW	60kW	85kW	120kW	150kW
Peak output capability	34kW	58kW	87kW	124kW	175kW	200kW

Table 4.2(a) 400-V input

4.3.1 How to Obtain the Power Supply Module Rated Output Capability

Select a power supply module with a rated output not less than the sum of the total continuous rated output of the spindle motors times 1.15, plus the total continuous rated output of the servo motors times 0.6.

Rated output capacity of power supply module $\geq \Sigma$ Continuous rated output of spindle motor \times 1.15 + Σ Continuous rated output of servo motor \times 0.6

When only spindle amplifier module is to be connected to a power supply module, select the power supply module so that the 30-minute rated output of the spindle motor does not exceed the rated output capacity of the power supply module.

Rated output capacity of a power supply module \geq 30-minute rated output of a spindle motor

Table 4.3 lists the rated output capacities of the power supply modules. Tables 4.5.1(a) to (c) list the continuous rated outputs of the servo motors. Tables 4.5.2(a) and (b) list the continuous rated outputs or 30-minute rated output of the spindle motors.

4.3.2 How to Obtain the Power Supply Module Maximum Output Capability

Select the power supply module whose maximum output capability will not be exceeded by the total of the sum of the maximum acceleration spindle motor outputs and the sum of the maximum acceleration outputs of the servo motors that are accelerated simultaneously and whose acceleration time exceeds 0.3 seconds.

Maximum output of power supply module $\geq \Sigma$ Accelerating maximum output of spindle motor + Σ Maximum acceleration-time outputs of the servo motors whose acceleration time exceeds **0.3 seconds**. (on simultaneous acceleration/deceleration axis)

Table 4.3 lists the maximum output capacities of the power supply modules. Tables 4.5.1(a) to (c) list the accelerating maximum outputs of the servo motors. Tables 4.5.2(a) and (b) list the accelerating maximum outputs of the spindle motors.

4.3.3 How to Obtain the Power Supply Module Peak Maximum Output Capability

Select the power supply module whose peak output capability will not be exceeded by the total of the sum of the maximum acceleration spindle motor outputs and the sum of the maximum acceleration outputs of the servo motors that are accelerated simultaneously.

Power supply module peak maximum output capability ≥ Σ spindle motor maximum acceleration outputs + Σservo motor maximum acceleration outputs (on simultaneously accelerated axes)

Table 4.3 lists the peak output capacities of the power supply modules. Tables 4.5.1(a) to (c) list the continuous rated outputs of the servo motors. Tables 4.5.2(a) and (b) list the according maximum outputs of the spindle motors.

4.3.4 Number of Connected Servo Amplifier Modules and Spindle Amplifier Modules

Multiple servo amplifier modules and spindle amplifier modules can be connected to a single power supply module, provided the above output capacity conditions are satisfied.

The table below lists the maximum number of modules which can be connected.

Table 4.3.4 Maximum number of modules that can be connect	ted
---	-----

SPM		SVM	
SPMC	SVM1	SVM2	SVM3
	6		
2		4	
			3

 When different types of servo amplifier modules are connected, the following condition must be satisfied:
 6 ≥ Number of SVM1s × 1

+ Number of VM2s \times 1.5

+ Number of SVM3s \times 2

The maximum number of servo amplifier modules that can be connected is the same when a spindle amplifier module is not used.

2 No SVM3 is available in the 400-V input series.

4.4 HOW TO SELECT THE POWER SUPPLY MODULE (PSMR)

Select a power supply module that satisfies the rated output capacity and maximum output capacity, calculated as follows :

Table 4.4 200-V input								
Model	PSMR-3 <i>i</i>	PSMR-5.5 <i>i</i>						
Rated output capability	3kW	7.5kW						
Maximum output capability	12kW	20kW						

NOTE

No specification is defined for the peak output capability of the PSMRs.

4.4.1 How to Obtain the Power Supply Module Rated Output Capability

Select a power supply module with a rated output not less than the sum of the total continuous rated output of the spindle motors times 1.15, plus the total continuous rated output of the servo motors times 0.6.

Rated output capacity of power supply module $\geq \Sigma$ Continuous rated output of spindle motor \times 1.15 + Σ Continuous rated output of servo motor \times 0.6

When only spindle amplifier module is to be connected to a power supply module, select the power supply module so that the 30-minute rated output of the spindle motor does not exceed the rated output capacity of the power supply module.

Rated output capacity of a power supply module \geq 30-minute rated output of a spindle motor

Table 4.4 lists the rated output capacities of the power supply modules. Tables 4.5.1(a) to (c) list the continuous rated outputs of the servo motors. Tables 4.5.2(a) and (b) list the continuous rated outputs or 30-minute rated output of the spindle motors.

4.4.2 How to Obtain the Power Supply Module Maximum Output Capability

Select the power supply module whose maximum output capability will not be exceeded by the total of the sum of the maximum acceleration spindle motor outputs and the sum of the maximum acceleration outputs of the servo motors that are accelerated simultaneously and whose acceleration time exceeds 0.3 seconds.

Maximum output of power supply module $\geq \Sigma$ Accelerating maximum output of spindle motor + Σ Maximum acceleration-time outputs of the servo motors whose acceleration time exceeds **0.3 seconds**. (on simultaneous acceleration/deceleration axis)

Table 4.4 lists the maximum output capacities of the power supply modules. Tables 4.5.1(a) to (c) list the accelerating maximum outputs of the servo motors. Tables 4.5.2(a) and (b) list the accelerating maximum outputs of the spindle motors.

4.4.3 Number of Connected Servo Amplifier Modules and Spindle Amplifier Modules

Multiple servo amplifier modules and spindle amplifier modules can be connected to a single power supply module, provided the above output capacity conditions are satisfied.

The table below lists the maximum number of modules which can be connected.

SPM		SVM	
59101	SVM1	SVM2	SVM3
	4		
	1	2	
0	2	1	
		1	1
	2		
1	1	1	
			1

 Table 4.4.3 Maximum number of modules that can be connected

4.4.4 Selecting a Regenerative Discharge Unit

In the power supply module (PSMR), the regenerative discharge unit (regenerative resistor) dissipates the energy generated during deceleration of a motor (regeneration).

The amount of heat generated by the regenerative discharge unit varies with the motor type, rotation speed, load inertia, and continuous repetition cycle (duty cycle). Use a regenerative discharge unit of a suitable capacity for the load and operation cycle time.

How to Calculate the Required Capacity for the Regenerative Discharge Unit

Select a regenerative discharge unit having a capacity greater than or equal to the total rotation energy of all the servo motors and the spindle motor.

How to calculate the rotation energy is described in below.

Capacity of regenerative discharge unit $\ge \Sigma$ Rotation energy of motor

See Table 4.4.4 for details of the capacity of the regenerative discharge unit.

(1) Servo motor (for horizontal movement)

Amount of regenerative discharge (power [W]) when rapid traverse acceleration/deceleration is performed once every F sec (a). SI unit system

(a) SI unit system

$$w = \frac{1}{F} \times (5.48 \times 10^{-3} \cdot (Jm + JL) \cdot Vm^2 - 5.23 \times 10^{-2} \cdot ta \cdot Vm \cdot TL) [W]$$

F: Frequency of rapid traverse acceleration/deceleration [sec/number of times]

Unless otherwise specified, rapid traverse acceleration/deceleration is assumed to be performed about once every 5 seconds.

- Jm : Rotor inertia of the motor $[kg \cdot m^2]$
- JL : Motor-shaft-converted inertia of the load $[kg \cdot m^2]$
- Vm : Motor speed at rapid traverse [min⁻¹]
- ta : Rapid traverse acceleration/deceleration time [sec]
- TL : Machine frictional torque (motor-converted value) $[N \cdot m]$
- (b) CGS unit system

$$w = \frac{1}{E} \times (5.37 \times 10^{-4} \cdot (Jm + JL) \cdot Vm^2 - 5.13 \times 10^{-3} \cdot ta \cdot Vm \cdot TL) [W]$$

F: Rapid traverse acceleration/deceleration cycle [s/number of times]

About once every five seconds unless otherwise specified

- Jm : Rotor inertia of motor $[kg \cdot cm \cdot s^2]$
- JL : Load inertia (value for motor shaft) $[kg \cdot cm \cdot s^{2}]$
- Vm :Motor rotation speed for rapid traverse $[min^{-1}]$
- ta : Rapid traverse acceleration/deceleration time [s]
- TL : Friction torque of machine (value for motor) [kg·cm]

(2) Servo motor (for vertical movement) The amount of regenerative discharge (power [W]) when the operation duty for downward rapid traverse is D(%)
(a) SI unit system

 $w = 1.047 \times 10^{-1} \cdot Th \cdot Vm \times \frac{D}{100} \ [W]$

Th : Upward torque that the motor applies at the time of downward rapid traverse [N·m]

Vm : Motor speed at rapid traverse [min⁻¹]

- D: Operation duty [%] for downward rapid traverse D is set to 50% maximum. Usually, D is less than 50%.
- (b) CGS unit system

$$w = 1.026 \times 10^{-2} \cdot Th \cdot Vm \times \frac{D}{100} \ [W]$$

- Th : Upward torque of motor during lowering by rapid traverse [kg·cm]
- Vm : Motor rotation speed for rapid traverse [min⁻¹]
- D: Downward operation duty during lowering by rapid traverse [%]

D is a maximum of 50% and usually less.

(3) Spindle motor

(a) SI unit system

$$w = 5.48 \times 10^{-3} \cdot (Jm + JL) \cdot N^2 \times \frac{1}{Dt} [W]$$

Jm : Rotor inertia of the motor $[kg \cdot m^2]$

- JL : Motor-shaft-converted inertia of the load $[kg \cdot m^2]$
- N : Motor speed [min⁻¹]
- Dt : Duty cycle [sec]
- (b) CGS unit system

$$w = 5.37 \times 10^{-2} \cdot (Jm + JL) \cdot N^2 \times \frac{1}{Dt} [W]$$

- Jm : Rotor inertia of motor $[kg \cdot cm \cdot s^2]$
- JL : Load inertia (value for motor shaft) $[kg \cdot cm \cdot s^2]$
- N: Motor rotation speed $[min^{-1}]$
- Dt : Duty cycle [s]

Cautions for selecting a regenerative discharge unit

Demonstitue	Capacity				
Regenerative	Wind speed			Remarks	
discharge unit	0m/sec	2m/sec	4m/sec		
A06B-6089-H510	100W	250W	-	Registance : 16Ω	
A06B-6089-H500	200W	400W	600W	Registance : 16Ω	
A06B-6089-H713	-	-	800W	Forced cooling fan motor is included Registance : 16Ω	
A06B-6089-H711	-	-	800W	Forced cooling fan motor is included Registance : 8Ω	
A06B-6089-H712	-	-	1200W	Forced cooling fan motor is included Registance : 8Ω	

Table.4.4.4 Required capacity for the Regenerative Discharge unit

NOTE

- 1 The "maximum output at acceleration" value is provided only to aid in the selection of a power supply module; this is not a guaranteed value.
- 2 When a spindle motor with a maximum output of 5kW or more is used, the resistance of the regenerative discharge unit must be 8Ω . If a regenerative discharge unit with a resistance of 16Ω is used for a spindle motor with a maximum output of 5 kW or more , a regeneration excess alarm (alarm No. 08) may be generated in the PSMR when the spindle is decelerated.

4.5 LIST OF MOTOR OUTPUT CAPACITIES FOR POWER SUPPLY SELECTION

4.5.1 Servo Motor Continuous Rated Outputs and Maximum Outputs at Acceleration

This section gives the output data for servo motor. These data are used for selecting a power supply module of the αi series servo amplifier. See FANUC AC SERVO MOTOR αi seiries DESCRIPTIONS (B-65262EN) for details.

(1) Servo motor αi seiries (200-V input series)

Table 4.5.1(a)			
Motor model	Continuous rated output	Maximum output at acceleration	
α1/5000 <i>i</i>	0.50kW	2.0kW	
α 2/5000 <i>i</i>	0.75kW	2.9kW	
α 4/4000 <i>i</i>	1.4kW	4.5kW	
α <mark>8/3000</mark> i	1.6kW	5.7kW	
α 12/3000 <i>i</i>	3.0kW	7.6kW	
α 22/3000 <i>i</i>	4.0kW	9.6kW	
α 30/3000 i	7.0kW	21kW	
α 40/3000 <i>i</i>	6.0kW	18kW	
α40/3000 <i>i</i> +FAN	9.0kW	18kW	
αM2/5000 <i>i</i>	0.75kW	2.8kW	
αM3/5000 <i>i</i>	1.0kW	3.1kW	
αM8/4000 <i>i</i>	2.5kW	8.0kW	
αM12/4000 <i>i</i>	2.7kW	12kW	
α M22/4000 <i>i</i>	4.5kW	17kW	
αM30/4000 <i>i</i>	5.5kW	22kW	
αM40/4000 <i>i</i>	5.5kW	24kW	
αM50/3000 <i>i</i> +FAN	14kW	39kW	
αM100/2500 <i>i</i>	11kW	38kW	
αM200/2500 <i>i</i>	20kW	48kW	
αM300/2000 <i>i</i>	37kW	96kW	
αM500/2000 <i>i</i>	50kW	104kW	
αC4/3000 <i>i</i>	1.0kW	2.3kW	
αC8/2000 <i>i</i>	1.2kW	3.2kW	
αC12/2000 <i>i</i>	1.8kW	2.6kW	
αC22/2000 <i>i</i>	3.0kW	6.2kW	
αC30/1500 <i>i</i>	4.2kW	8.7kW	

NOTE

4.HOW TO SELECT THE MODULE

Motor model	Continuous rated output	Maximum output at acceleration
βM0.2/4000	0.05kW	0.24kW
βM0.3/4000	0.1kW	0.4kW
βM0.5/4000	0.2kW	1.1kW
βM1/4000	0.4kW	1.7kW

(2) Servo motor βM seiries (200-V input series)

NOTE

There is a possibility to change the data because of under evaluation.

(3) Servo motor $\alpha(HV)i$ seiries (400-V input series)

Motor model	Continuous rated output	Maximum output at acceleration
α M2/5000HV <i>i</i>	0.75kW	2.8kW
αM3/5000HV <i>i</i>	1.0kW	3.1kW
α M 8/4000HV <i>i</i>	2.3kW	8.0kW
αM12/4000HV <i>i</i>	2.5kW	12kW
α M22/4000HV <i>i</i>	4.5kW	20kW
αM30/4000HV <i>i</i>	5.5kW	22kW
αM40/4000HV <i>i</i>	5.5kW	24kW
αM50/3000HV <i>i</i> +FAN	14kW	39kW
αM100/2500HV <i>i</i>	11kW	38kW
α M200/2500HV i	20kW	48kW
αM300/2500HV <i>i</i>	37kW	96kW
αM500/2000HV <i>i</i>	50kW	104kW

NOTE

4.5.2 Spindle Motor Continuous Rated Outputs and Maximum Outputs at Acceleration

This section gives the output data for spindle motor. These data are used for selecting a power supply module of the αi series servo amplifier. See FANUC AC SPINDLE MOTOR αi series DESCRIPTIONS (B-65272EN) for details.

(1) Spindle motor αi series (200-V input series)

Table 4.5.2(a)				
Motor model	Continuous rated output	30-minute rated output	Maximum output at acceleration	
α0.5/10000 <i>i</i>	0.55kW	1.1kW	1.32kW	
α1/10000 <i>i</i>	1.5kW	2.2kW	2.64kW	
α1/15000 <i>i</i>	1.5kW	2.2kW	5.6kW	
α1.5/10000 <i>i</i>	1.1kW	3.7kW	4.44kW	
α1.5/15000 <i>i</i>	1.5kW	2.2kW	13kW	
α2/10000 <i>i</i>	2.2kW	3.7kW	4.44kW	
α2/15000 <i>i</i>	2.2kW	3.7kW	20kW	
α3/10000 <i>i</i>	3.7kW	5.5kW	6.6kW	
α3/12000 <i>i</i>	3.7kW	5.5kW	13kW	
α6/10000 <i>i</i> α6/12000 <i>i</i>	5.5kW	7.5kW	9kW	
α8/8000 <i>i</i> α8/10000 <i>i</i>	7.5kW	11kW	13.2kW	
α12/7000 <i>i</i> α12/10000 <i>i</i>	11kW	15kW	18kW	
α15/7000 <i>i</i> α15/10000 <i>i</i>	15kW	18.5kW	22.2kW	
α18/7000 <i>i</i> α18/10000 <i>i</i>	18.5kW	22kW	26.4kW	
α22/7000 <i>i</i> α22/10000 <i>i</i>	22kW	26kW	31.2kW	
α30/6000 <i>i</i>	30kW	37kW	44.4kW	
α40/6000 <i>i</i>	37kW	45kW	54kW	
αΡ12/6000 <i>i</i> αΡ12/8000 <i>i</i>	5.5kW	7.5kW	12.3kW	
αΡ15/6000 <i>i</i> αΡ15/8000 <i>i</i>	7.5kW	9kW	13.5kW	
αΡ18/6000 <i>i</i> αΡ18/8000 <i>i</i>	9kW	11kW	15.1kW	
αP22/6000 <i>i</i> αP22/8000 <i>i</i>	11kW	15kW	20kW	
αP30/6000 <i>i</i>	15kW	18.5kW	25kW	
αP40/6000 <i>i</i>	18.5kW	22kW	29kW	
αP50/6000 <i>i</i>	22kW	30kW	35.4kW	
αP60/4500 <i>i</i>	22kW	30kW	36kW	

NOTE

Motor model	Continuous rated output	30-minute rated output	Maximum output at acceleration
α0.5/10000HV <i>i</i>	0.55kW	1.1kW	1.32kW
α1/10000HV <i>i</i>	1.5kW	2.2kW	2.64kW
α1.5/10000HV <i>i</i>	1.1kW	3.7kW	4.44kW
α2/10000HVi	2.2kW	3.7kW	4.44kW
α3/10000HVi	3.7kW	5.5kW	6.6kW
α6/10000HVi	5.5kW	7.5kW	9kW
α8/8000HVi	7.5kW	11kW	13.2kW
α15/7000HV <i>i</i>	15kW	18.5kW	22.2kW
α 22/7000HV i	22kW	26kW	31.2kW
α 30/6000HV i	30kW	37kW	44.4kW
α 40/6000HV i	37kW	45kW	54kW
αP15/6000HVi	7.5kW	9kW	13.5kW
αP22/6000HVi	11kW	15kW	20kW
αP40/6000HVi	18.5kW	22kW	29kW
αP50/6000HVi	22kW	30kW	35.4kW
αP60/4500HV <i>i</i>	22kW	30kW	36kW

(2) Spindle motor α (HV)*i* series (400-V input series) Table 4.5.2(b)

5 INSTALLATION

5.1 LEAKAGE CURRENT

The servo amplifier αi series drives the motor by using the transistor PWM inverter method. This causes a high-frequency leakage current to flow via the ground drift capacitance in the motor winding, power cable, and amplifier. This may cause a device installed on the power supply side, such as a ground fault interrupter or leakage-protection relay, to malfunction.

When a circuit breaker with a ground fault interrupter is used, it must be selected so that the sum of the values calculated according to (a) and (b) described below is not greater than the non-operating current value.

- (a) Selection criterion per amplifier Model : SVM and SPM Criterion for selection : 2 mA per amplifier (Note 1)
- (b) Selection criterion per motor Criterion for selection : 1 mA per motor (Note 1)

The following example shows how to use selection criteria (a) and (b):

Example :

When the system consists of SMV1×1, SVM3×1 (three motors), and SPM×1

- 2 mA×3 (for the amplifiers) + 1 mA×5 (for the motors) = 11 mA
- → Select a circuit breaker (Note 2) with a non-operating current of 11 mA or higher. (A general ground fault interrupter that can be used for the above example is the one with a rated sensitivity current of 30 mA and a non-operating current of 15 mA.)

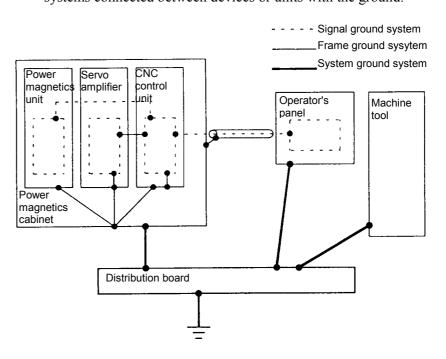
NOTE

- 1 These criteria are for selecting a circuit breaker with a ground fault interrupter; they do not indicate accurate leakage currents.
- 2 A circuit breaker may malfunction depending on the frequency characteristic of the ground fault interrupter. Therefore, use a ground fault interrupter supporting the use of inverters.
- 3 The above criteria are values in the commercial frequency band. Some measuring instruments for measuring leakage current may sense a high frequency band, thus showing a larger value.

5.2 GROUND

The following ground systems are provided for the CNC machine tool:

- (a) Signal ground system (SG) The signal ground (SG) supplies the reference voltage (0V) of the electrical signal system.
- (b) Frame ground system (FG) The frame ground system (FG) is used for safety, and suppressing external and internal noises. In the frame ground system, the frames, cases of the units, panels, and shields for the interface cables between the units are connected.
- (c) System ground system The system ground system is used to connect the frame ground systems connected between devices or units with the ground.

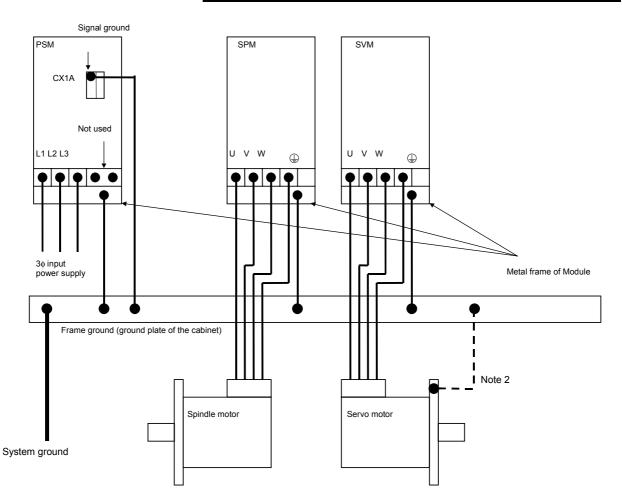


[Notes on connecting the ground systems]

- Connect the signal ground (0V) with the frame ground (FG) at only one place in the power supply module.
- The grounding resistance of the system ground shall be 100 ohms or less (class D grounding).
- The system ground cable must have enough cross-sectional area to safely carry the accidental current flow into the system ground when an accident such as a short circuit occurs. (Generally, it must have the cross-sectional area of the AC power cable or more.)
- Use the cable containing the AC power wire and the system ground wire so that power is supplied with the ground wire connected.

- (1) Grounding of each module
 - (a) Power supply module Connect the ground terminal of connector CX1A to the frame ground. This acts as the signal ground. Connect the ground terminal of the metal frame to the frame ground.
 - (b) Servo amplifier module and spindle amplifier module Connect the ground cable of the motor power cable to a ground terminal of the terminal block of the module. Connect the other ground terminal of the terminal block to the frame ground. Connect the ground terminal of the metal frame to the frame ground.
 - (c) Regenerative discharge unit and DBM Connect the ground terminal of the metal frame to the frame ground.

NOTE Securing the ground terminal and a cable together is not permitted.



NOTE

- 1 Securing the ground terminal and a cable together is not permitted.
- 2 The motor flange mounting section may not be able to be connected to the machine mounting section of the power magnetics cabinet via the mechanical unit at sufficiently low impedance in a machine. In this case, a cable of a minimum required length that is at least 1.25 mm² thick must be run from the motor flange to the frame ground of the power magnetics cabinet. The cable must also be separated from the motor power line as much as possible.

5.3 NOISE PREVENTION

5.3.1 Separation of Signal Lines

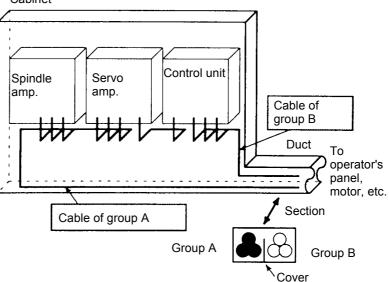
If a signal cable is near a power cable, noise may be induced. The signal cables must be separated from the power cables when routed. When power and signal cables cannot possibly be separated from each other, the cables must be run in parallel in the minimum distance. When a conduit is used, it is recommended that the signal cables be separated from the power cables in it.

Group	Signal type	Action	
	Amplifier input power line	Concrete hinding (Note 1) or	
А	Motor power line	Separate binding (Note 1) or electromagnetic shielding (Note 2)	
A	Magnetic contactor driving coil (Note 3)	is necessary for group B cables.	
	Cable between CNC and SPM	Separate binding or electromagnetic shielding is necessary for group A cables. All cables must be shielded.	
В	Cable for position feedback or velocity feedback		
	Cable for Positioncoder		
	Other cable related to sensor		

NOTE

- 1 The groups must be 10 cm or more apart from one another when binding the cables in each group.
- 2 The electromagnetic shield refers to shielding between groups with grounded steel plates.
- 3 Attach a noise suppressor such as a spark killer to the magnetic contactor driving coil.

Cabinet



5.3.2 Cable Clamp and Shield Processing

- Terminal processing of the shield sheaths Perform terminal processing of the shield sheaths of the signal wires according to the description in Section 9.3.
 - Cable clamp The cables that run into the amplifier and which require shield processing, with the exception of K14, K15, K17, K18, K19, K31, and K33, must be clamped as indicated in Fig. 5.3.2(a).

Clamping secures a cable and also provides shielding. Clamping must always be performed since it is very important for stable system operation.

Strip part of the cable jacket to expose the shield sheath, as shown in the figure below. Secure that part of the cable to the ground plate by using a clamp. At this time, the ground plate must be in contact with the surface of the shield so that the contact area becomes wide.

Connect each shield cable to the ground plate installed near the cabinet inlet by using a ground clamp. This prevents noise generated in the panel from being emitted to external devices.

• Grounding

The ground plate must be created and installed by the user as shown in Figs.5.3.2(b) to (e).

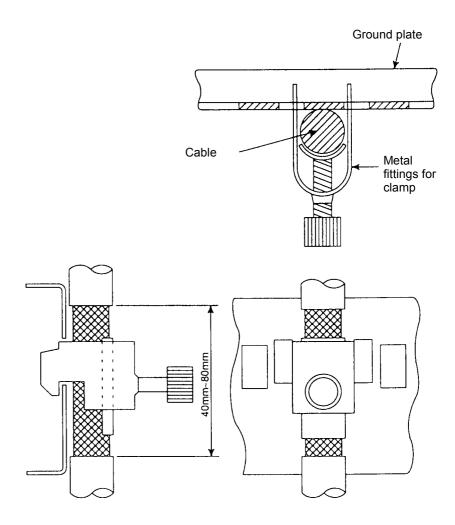


Fig.5.3.2(a) Cable clamp (1)

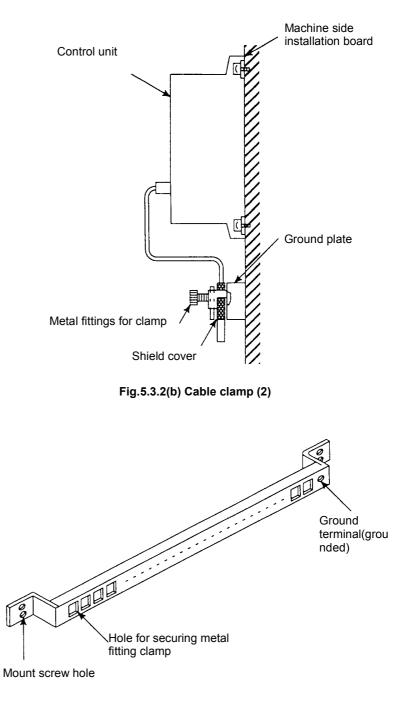


Fig.5.3.2(c) Ground plate

For the ground plate, use a metal plate of 2 mm or thicker, which surface is plated with nickel.

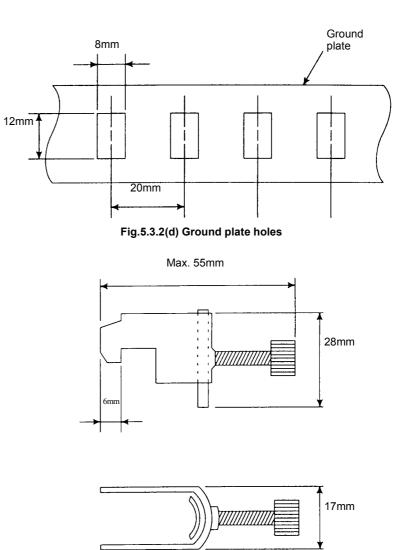


Fig.5.3.2(e) Outer drawings of metal fittings for clamp

5.3.3 Others

Cable length

If a cable is longer than required, a loss of power increases, and the signal line becomes likelier to be affected by noise. Use each cable of the minimum required length.

Use of shield cables

- Satisfying the requirements of the EMC Directives To satisfy the requirements of the EMC Directives enforced in Europe, it is recommended that a shield cable be used as a power cable and a double-shield cable be used as a signal cable. If it is difficult to use a shield cable, it is recommended that a conduit having an electromagnetic shielding effect be used.
- Protection against noise Noise generated from the shielded wire of a power shield cable may affect signals via the shielded wire of a signal cable. For this reason, separate the ground of the shielded wire of a power cable from that of the shielded wire of a signal cable. Use different ground clamping plates (ground plates) for power cables and signal cables to improve safety.

6 HEAT DISSIPATION

The amount of heat dissipation from each module of the servo amplifier αi series is equivalent to that of the servo amplifier α series.

COOLING

The αi series has a built-in fan for external fin cooling, so that external forced air cooling is unnecessary.

To maintain cooling efficiency, be sure to provide maintenance areas as described in Section 8.1.

NOTE

To support a special output requirement, external forced air cooling may be requested. For the cooling, the provision of specific options such as fan units is not planned. Note that if the cooling conditions specified by FANUC are not satisfied, insufficient output, degraded reliability, and other problems may arise.

8 **EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS AND MAINTENANCE AREA**

8.1 OUTLINE DRAWINGS

8.1.1 Outline Drawings of Modules, Panel Cut-out, and Maintenance Area

(1) Power supply modules

	Model		Outline drawing	Panel cut-out	Maintenance area
		PSM-5.5 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
		PSM-11 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
		PSM-15i	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
	200-V input series	PSM-26i	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3
		PSM-30i	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3
		PSM-37i	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3
Power regeneration		PSM-55i	Outline drawing 5	Panel cut-out 5	Maintenance area 4
type		PSM-11HVi	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
		PSM-18HVi	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
	400 V input parias	PSM-30HVi	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3
	400-V input series	PSM-45HVi	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3
		PSM-75HVi	Outline drawing 5	Panel cut-out 5	Maintenance area 4
		PSM-100HVi	Outline drawing 5	Panel cut-out 5	Maintenance area 4
Resistance		PSMR-3i	Outline drawing 1	Panel cut-out 1	Maintenance area 1
regeneration type	200-V input series	PSMR-5.5i	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1

(2) Servo amplifier modules

	Model		Outline drawing	Panel cut-out	Maintenance area
		SVM1-20 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 1	Panel cut-out 1	Maintenance area 1
		SVM1-40 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
1 axis	1 axis	SVM1-80 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
		SVM1-160 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
		SVM1-360 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3
	SVM2-4/4 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 1	Panel cut-out 1	Maintenance area 1	
		SVM2-20/20i	Outline drawing 1	Panel cut-out 1	Maintenance area 1
200-V input		SVM2-20/40 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
series		SVM2-40/40 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
	2 axes	SVM2-40/80i	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
		SVM2-80/80i	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
		SVM2-80/160 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
		SVM2-160/160 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
		SVM3-4/4/4 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 1	Panel cut-out 1	Maintenance area 1
	3 axes	SVM3-20/20/20i	Outline drawing 1	Panel cut-out 1	Maintenance area 1
		SVM3-20/20/40 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1

8.EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS AND MAINTENANCE AREA

	Model		Outline drawing	Panel cut-out	Maintenance area
		SVM1-10HVi	Outline drawing 1	Panel cut-out 1	Maintenance area 1
		SVM1-20HVi	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
	1 avia	SVM1-40HV <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
	1 axis	SVM1-80HV <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
		SVM1-180HVi	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3
400-V input		SVM1-360HVi	Outline drawing 5	Panel cut-out 5	Maintenance area 4
series		SVM2-10/10HVi	Outline drawing 1	Panel cut-out 1	Maintenance area 1
		SVM2-20/20HVi	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
	2 axes	SVM2-20/40HVi	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
	2 8762	SVM2-40/40HV <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
		SVM2-40/80HV <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
		SVM2-80/80HVi	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2

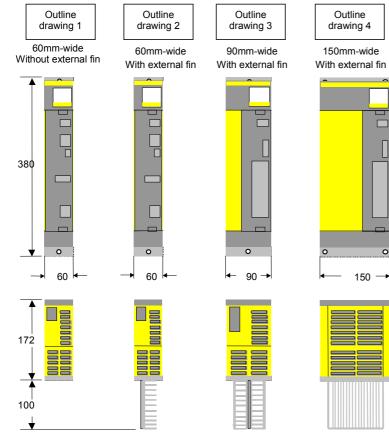
(3) Spindle amplifier modules

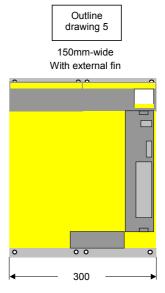
•	Model	Outline drawing	Panel cut-out	Maintenance area	
		SPM-2.2i	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
		SPM-5.5 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
		SPM-11 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
		SPM-15 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
	200-V input series	SPM-22i	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3
		SPM-26i	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3
αi series		SPM-30 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3
		SPM-45 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 5	Panel cut-out 5	Maintenance area 4
		SPM-55 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 5	Panel cut-out 5	Maintenance area 4
		SPM-5.5HVi	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
		SPM-11HVi	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
		SPM-15HVi	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
	400-V input series	SPM-30HVi	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3
		SPM-45HVi	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3
		SPM-75HVi	Outline drawing 5	Panel cut-out 5	Maintenance area 4
		SPM-100HV <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 5	Panel cut-out 5	Maintenance area 4
		SPMC-2.2i	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
		SPMC-5.5 <i>i</i>	Outline drawing 2	Panel cut-out 2	Maintenance area 1
αCi series	200-V input series	SPMC-11i	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
		SPMC-15i	Outline drawing 3	Panel cut-out 3	Maintenance area 2
		SPMC-22i	Outline drawing 4	Panel cut-out 4	Maintenance area 3

8.EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS AND MAINTENANCE AREA

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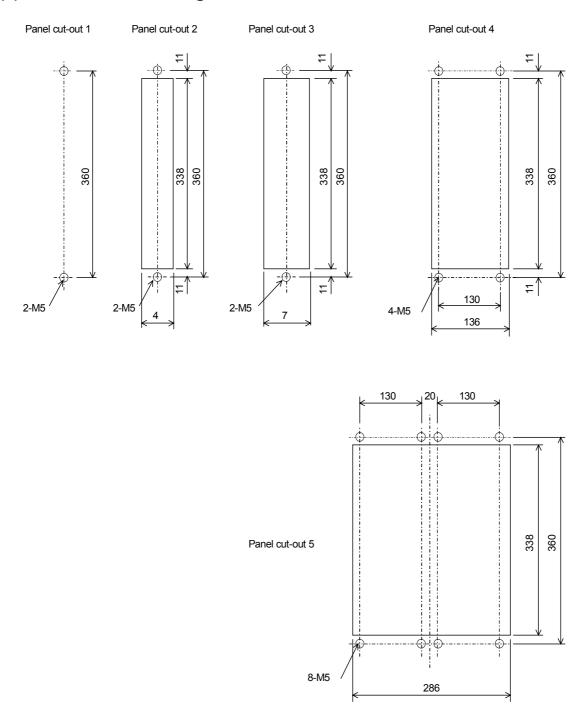
(4) Module outline drawings

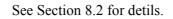




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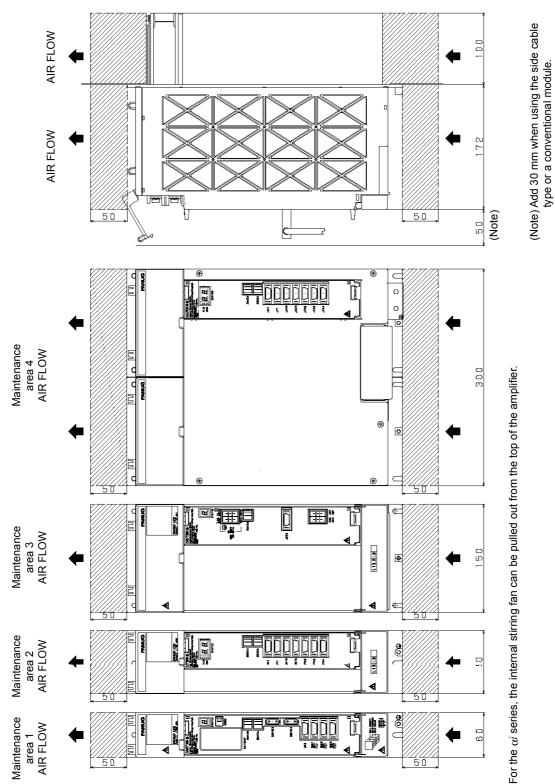
(5) Panel cut-out drawings



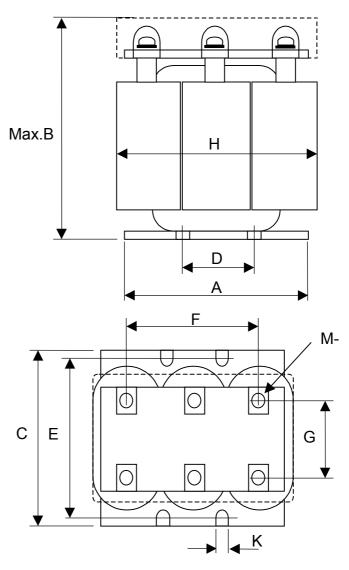


(6) Maintenance area drawings

An amplifier contains a fan motor for internal stirring. To allow air to flow and make replacement of a fan unit easy, be sure to reserve the shaded areas shown in the figure below.



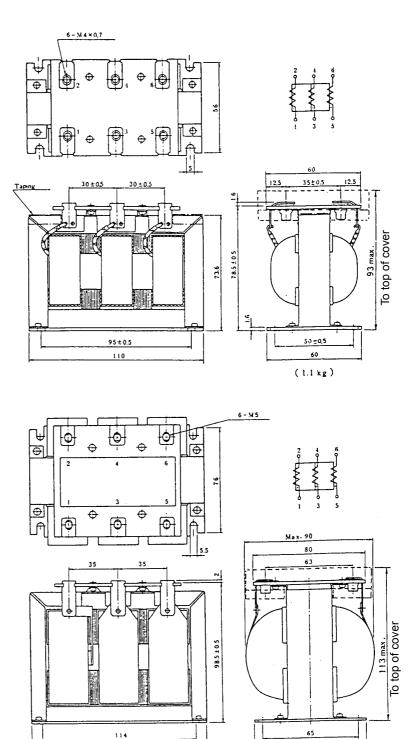
8.1.2 AC Reactor Unit



	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	к	М-
For PSM-5.5 <i>i</i> , 11 <i>i</i>	135	155	82	50	65	89	48	135	5	M5
For PSM-15 <i>i</i>	135	155	108	42	95	84	66	135	7.2	M5
For PSM-26 <i>i</i>	125	155	165	55	145	04	66	135	7.2	M5
For PSM-30 <i>i</i>	135	155	105	55	145	84	00	135	1.2	CIVI
For PSM-37 <i>i</i>	185	160	145	80	100	124	106	185	7.2	M8
For PSM-55 <i>i</i>	185	170	165	80	100	124	125	185	7.2	M8
For PSM-11HV <i>i</i> , 18Hv <i>i</i>	135	155	165	55	145	84	66	135	7	M5
For PSM-30HV <i>i</i> , 45HV <i>i</i>	185	172	175	70	154	116	106	185	7	M8
For PSM-75HVi, 100HVi	248	200	238	105	216	155	151	248	7	M10

8.1.3 AC Line Filter

A81L-0001-0083#3C



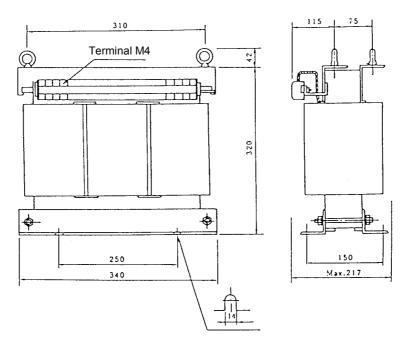
80 (3kg)

A81L-0001-0101#C

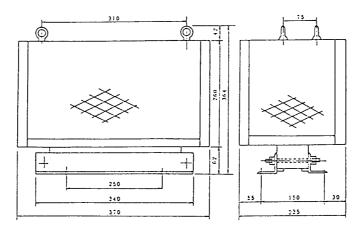
126

8.1.4 Power Transformer

For PSM-5.5*i*, PSMR-5.5*i* (at 5.5 kW output) (A06B-6052-J001)



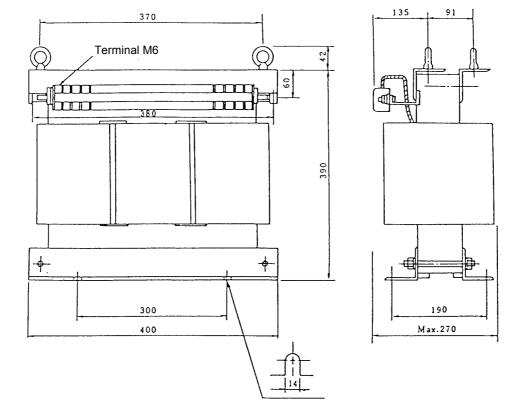
Outline Drawing of Power Transformer with no Cover



Outline Drawing of Power Transformer with Cover

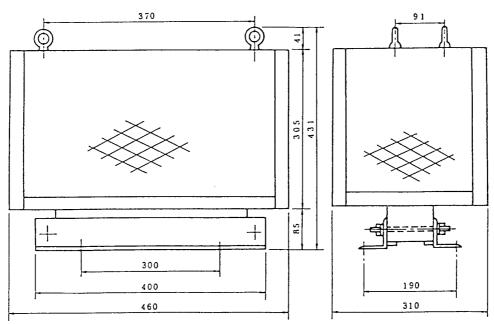
NOTE

The four side panels are all meshed, while the top is a solid plate.

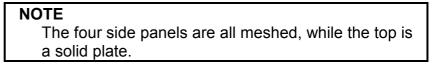


For PSM-11*i*, PSMR-5.5*i* (at 7.5KW output) (A06B-6044-J006)

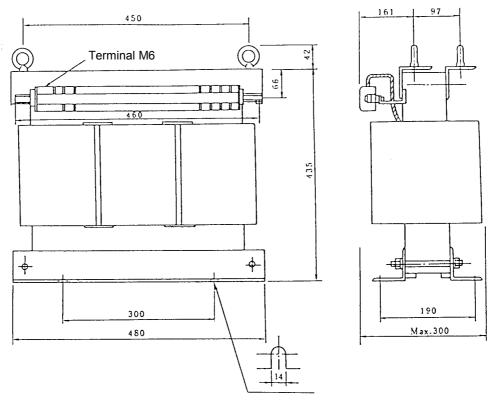
Outline Drawing of Power Transformer with no Cover



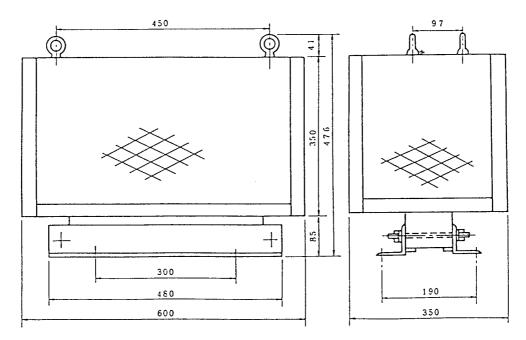
Outline Drawing of Power Transformer with Cover



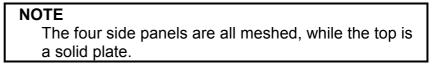
For PSM-15*i* (A06B-6044-J007)



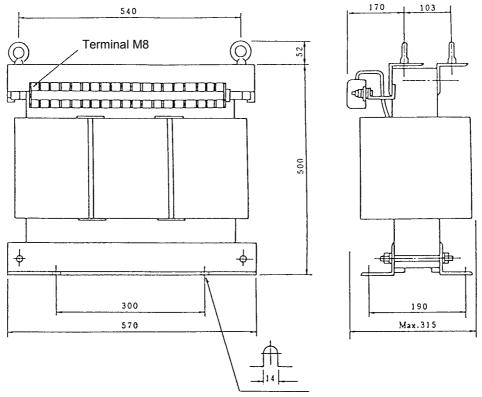
Outline Drawing of Power Transformer with no Cover



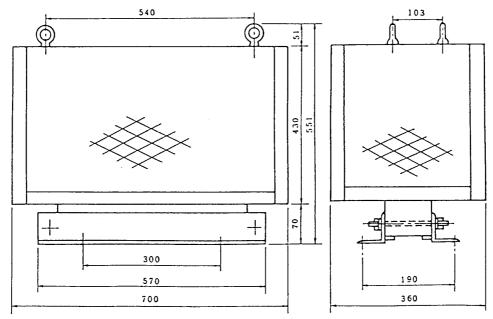
Outline Drawing of Power Transformer with Cover



For PSM-26*i*, 30*i* (A06B-6044-J010)

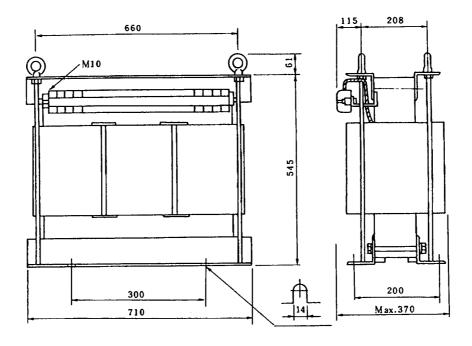


Outline Drawing of Power Transformer with no Cover



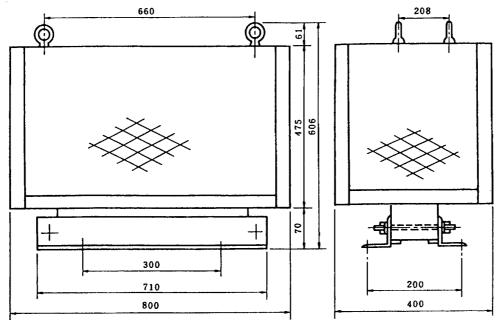
Outline Drawing of Power Transformer with Cover

NOTE The four side panels are all meshed, while the top is a solid plate.



For PSM-37*i* , 55*i* (at 45kW output) (A06B-6044-J015)

Outline Drawing of Power Transformer with no Cover

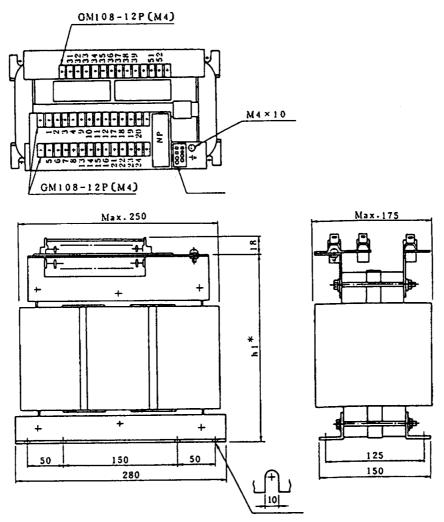


Outline Drawing of Power Transformer with Cover

NOTE

The four side panels are all meshed, while the top is a solid plate.

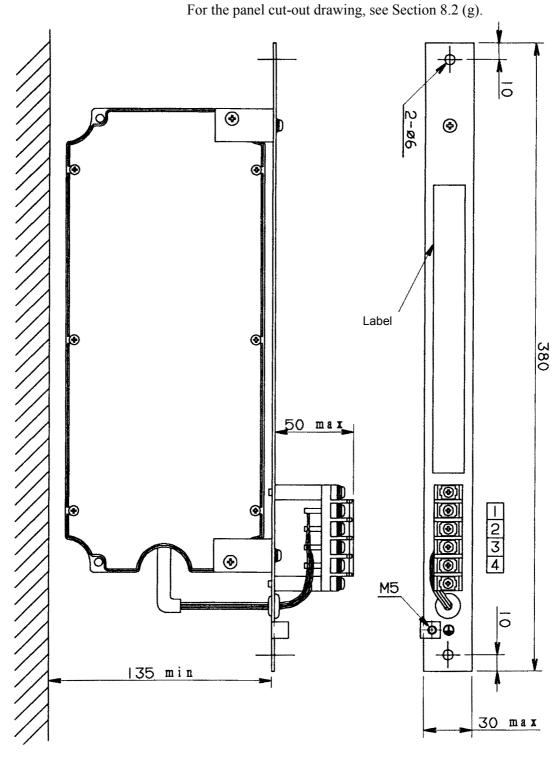
For PSMR-3*i* (2KW output) (A80L-0024-0006), PSMR-3*i* (3KW output) (A80L-0026-0003)



Drawing number	A80L-0024-0006	A80L-0026-0003			
Type (name)	SBE	SCE			
Weight	27 kg	36 kg			
hl* (height of transformer)	217mm max	247mm max			

8.1.5 Regenerative Discharge Unit

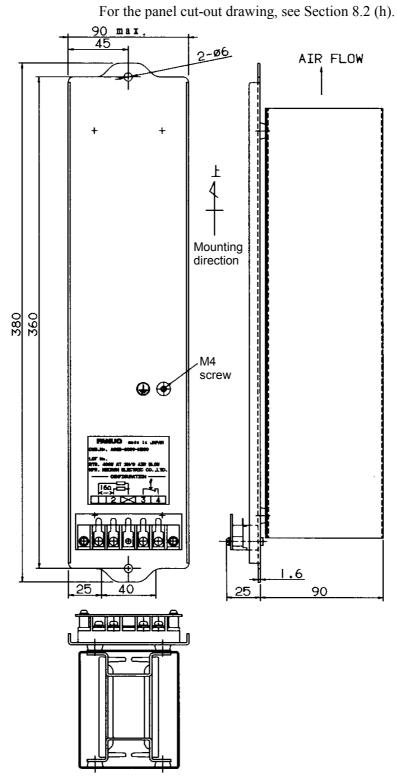
A06B-6089-H510



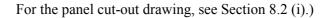
Terminal block: M4 4 Weight: 0.8 kg

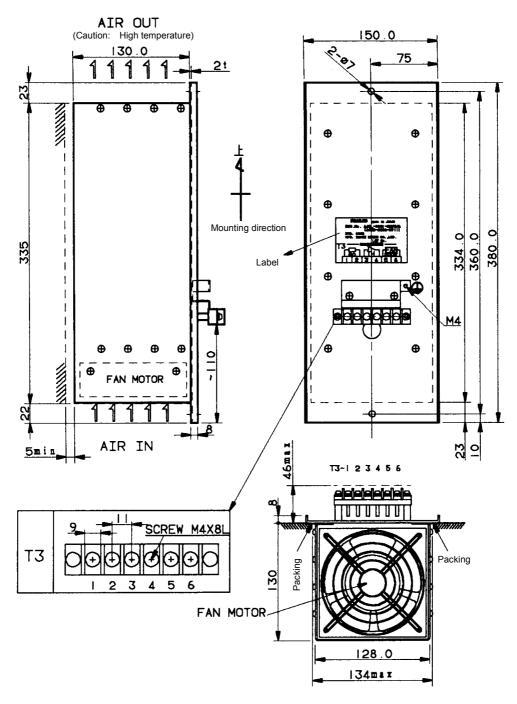
8.EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS AND MAINTENANCE AREA

A06B-6089-H500



A06B-6089-H711 to H713



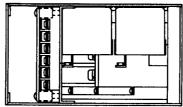


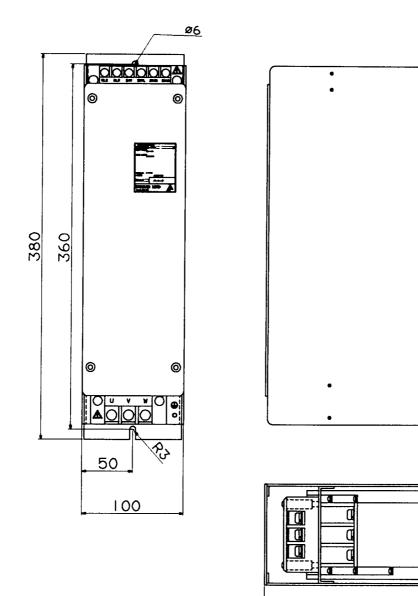
Drawing number	Weight
A06B-6089-H711	5Kg
A06B-6089-H712	6Kg
A06B-6089-H713	5Kg

8.1.6 Dynamic Brake Module (DBM)

A06B-6079-H401

For the panel cut-out drawing, see Section 8.2 (j).

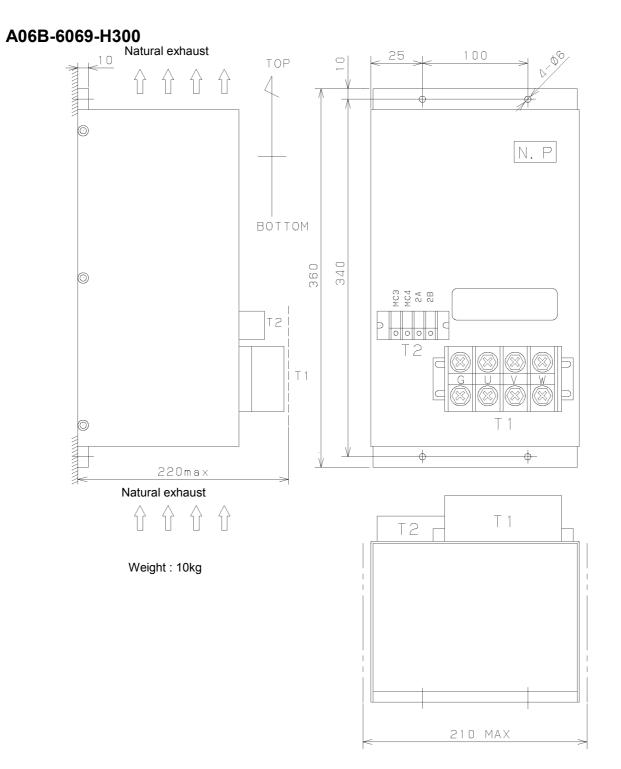




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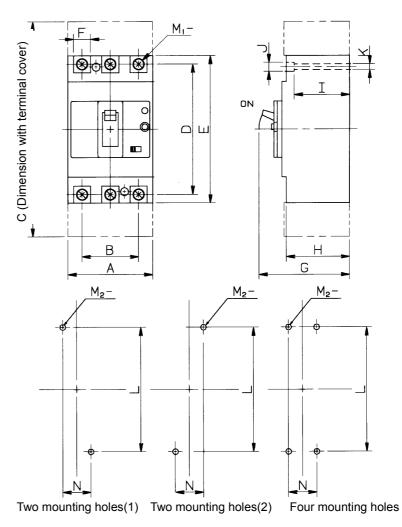
8.EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS AND MAINTENANCE AREA



8.1.7 Circuit Breaker

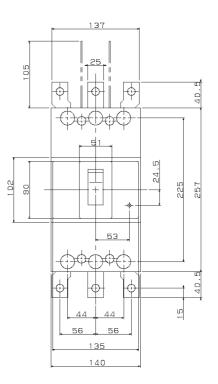
(a																	
	Ordering drawing number	Α	в	с	D	Е	M 1-	F	G	н	I	J	к	L	M ₂₋	N	Mounting
(a)	A06B-6077-K101	75	50	190	115	130	M5	17	80	56	49	φ8	φ5	110	M4	25	2 positions (1)
(b)	A06B-6077-K102																0
(C)	A06B-6077-K103	75	50	190	115	130	M8	17	80	56	49	φ8	φ5	110	M4	25	2 positions
(d)	A06B-6077-K104																(1)
(e)	A06B-6077-K108																
(f)	A06B-6077-K105																
(g)	A06B-6077-K110	105	70	265	144	165	M8	25.5	84	56	47	φ 8 .5	ф 4 .5	126	M4	35	4 positions
(h)	A06B-6077-K109																
(i)	A06B-6077-K107																
(j)	A06B-6077-K106	75	50	156	80	96	M5	12.5	80	41	14	φ8.5	φ 4 .5	80-84	M4	25	2 positions (2)

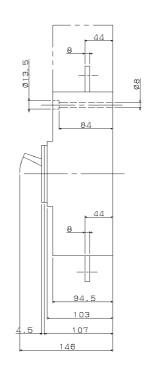
(a) to (j) A06B-6077-K101 to A06B-6077-K110

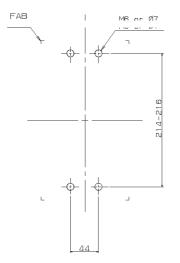


The circuit breakers have two or four mounting holes.

(k) A06B-6077-K111

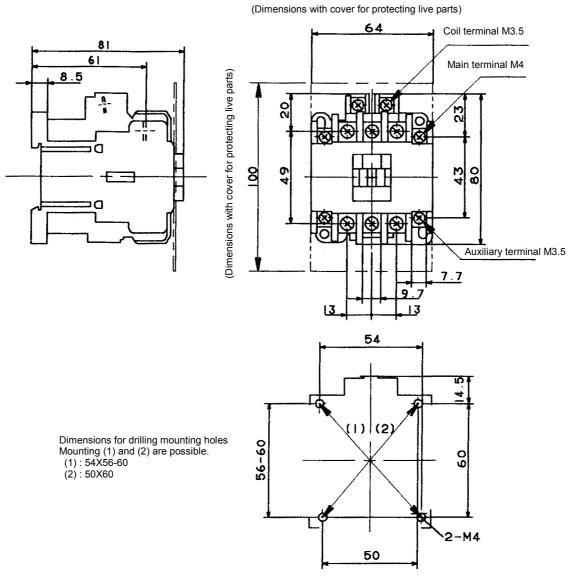






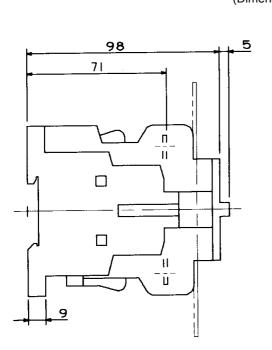
8.1.8 Magnetic Contactors

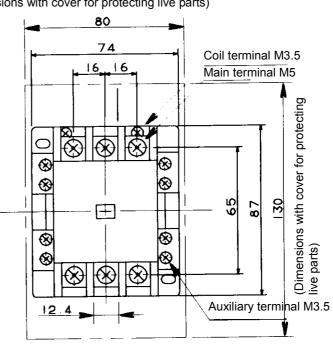
A06B-6077-K121

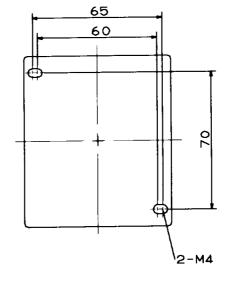


Ordering drawing	-	tric part ber	Operation coil voltage	Auxiliary contact	Weight
number	Body	Cover	voltage	structure	
A06B-6077-K121	SC-5-1		200V/50Hz 200-220V/60Hz	1a1b	0.38Kg

A06B-6077-K122, A06B-6077-K123

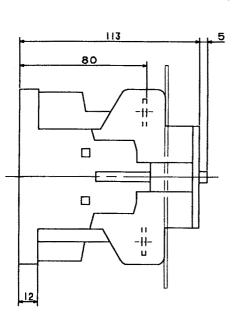


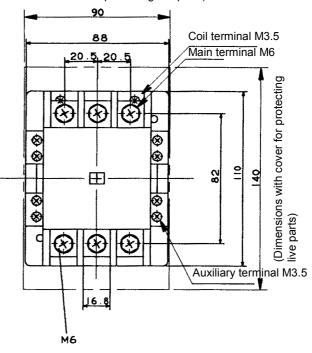


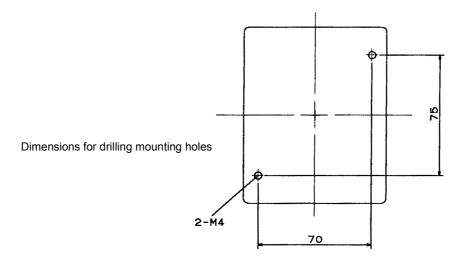


Dimensions for drilling mounting holes

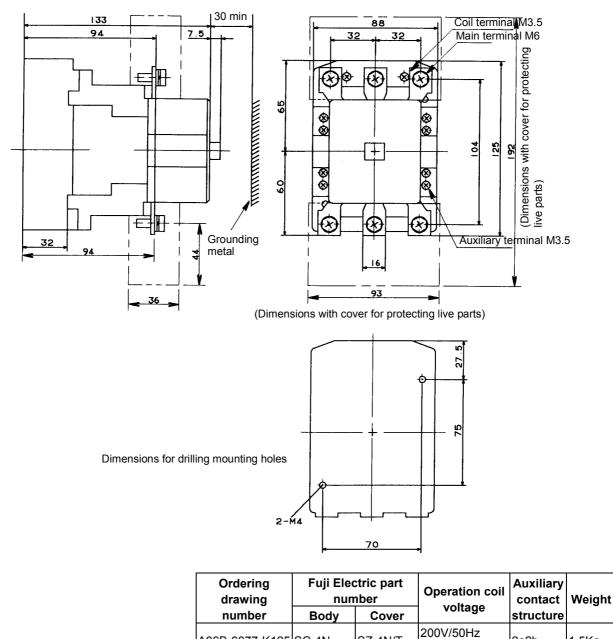
Ordering drawing	-	ctric part nber	Operation coil voltage	Auxiliary contact	Weight
number	Body	Cover	voltage	structure	
A06B-6077-K122	SC-1N	SZ-1N/T	200V/50Hz	0-04	0.68Kg
A06B-6077-K123	SC-2N	SZ-1N/T	200-220V/60Hz	2a2b	0.68Kg







Ordering drawing	-	ctric part nber	Operation coil voltage	Auxiliary contact	Weight
number	Body	Cover	voltage	structure	
A06B-6077-K124	SC-2SN	CZ 2CN/T	200V/50Hz 200-220V/60Hz	2a2b	1.3Kg



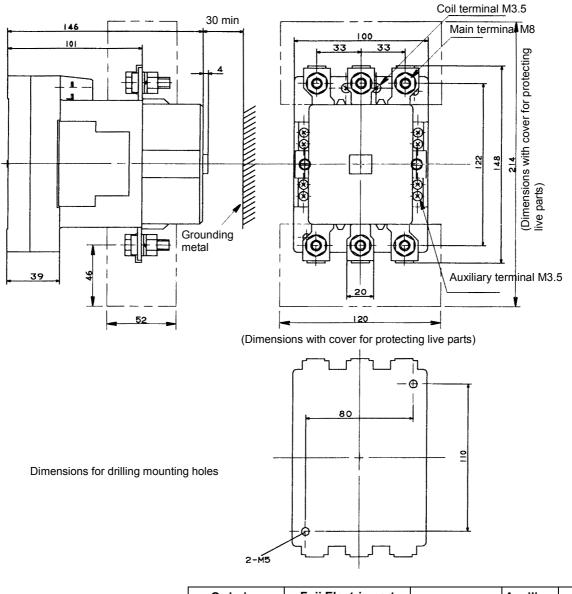
A06B-6077-K125 SC-4N

SZ-4N/T

2a2b

200-220V/60Hz

1.5Kg

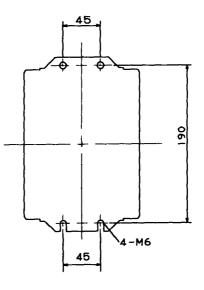


Ordering drawing	Fuji Electric part number		Operation coil	Auxiliary contact	
number	Body	Cover	voltage	structure	
A06B-6077-K126	SC-5N	S7-5N/T	200V/50Hz 200-220V/60Hz	2a2b	2.5Kg

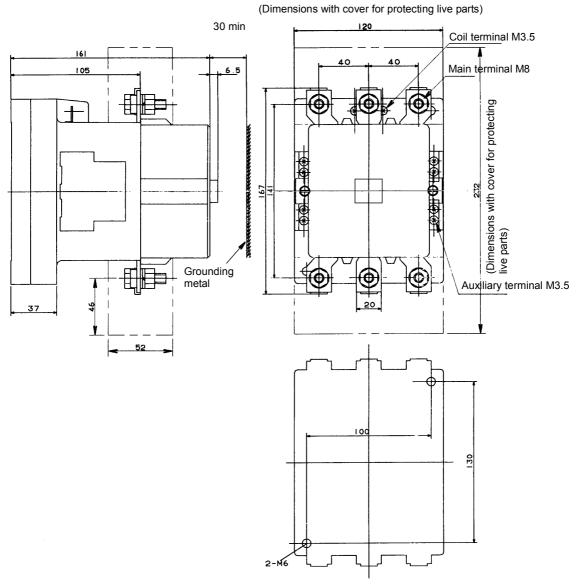
30 min 187 138 Coil terminal M4 Main terminal M10 42 42 129 6 (Dimensions with cover for protecting live parts) ¢ ф • ┨目 ⊕ **H** 0 55 1 O ÐĒ Auxiliary terminal M4 55 ľ Grounding metal <u>35</u> 25 61 152

A06B-6077-K127

(Dimensions with cover for protecting live parts)



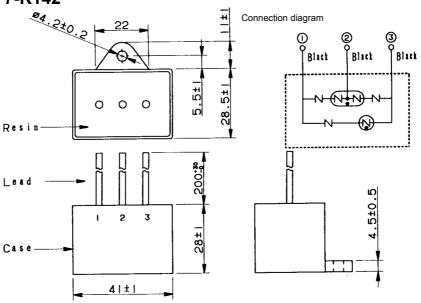
Ordering drawing	Fuji Electric part number		Operation coll	Auxiliary contact	
number	Body	Cover	voltage	structure	
A06B-6077-K127	SC-8N	SZ_8N/T	200V/50Hz 200-220V/60Hz	2a2b	5.2Kg



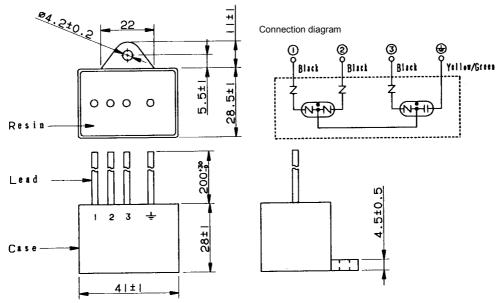
Ordering drawing number	Fuji Electric part number		Operation coil voltage	Auxiliary contact	
number	Body	Cover	voltage	structure	
A06B-6077-K128	SC-7N	SZ-5N/T	200V/50Hz 200-220V/60Hz	2a2b	3.4Kg

8.1.9 Lightning Surge Protector

A06B-6077-K142



(1) For line-to-line installation: RAV-781BYZ-2



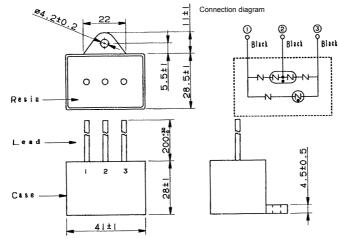
(2) For line-to-ground installation: RAV-781BXZ-4

Specification	Rated voltage	Clamp voltage	Surge withstand current	Surge withstand voltage
R·A·V-781BYZ-2	250VAC	783VDC ±10%(V1.0)	2500A(8/20μS)	20kV(1.2/50μS)

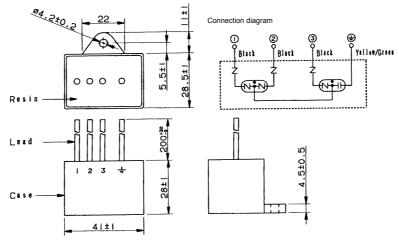
Specification	Rated voltage	AC discharge start voltage	Surge withstand current	Maximum surge discharge start voltage
R·A·V-781BXZ-4	line-to-line: 430VAC, line-to-ground: 250VAC	700VAC ±20%(Ua)	2500A(8/20μS)	2.0kV(1.2/50μS)

8.EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS AND MAINTENANCE AREA

A06B-6077-K143



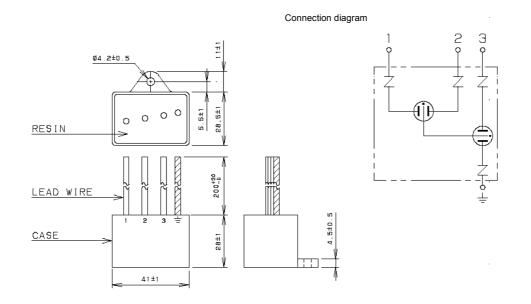
(1) For line-to-line installation: RAV-152BYZ-2A



(2)	For line-to-ground installation:	RAV-801BXZ-4
-----	----------------------------------	--------------

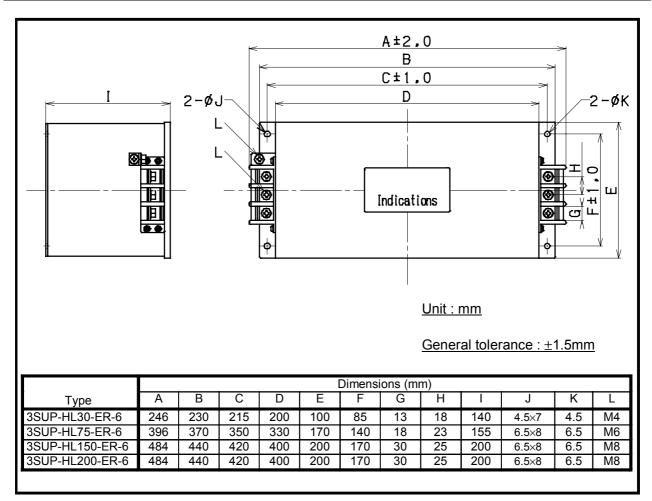
	Specification	Rated voltage	Clamp voltage	Surge withstand current	Surge withstand voltage
I	R·A·V-152BYZ-2A	460VAC	1470V ±10%(V1.0)	2500A(8/20µS)	20kV(1.2/50μS)

Specification	Specification Rated voltage		Surge withstand current	Maximum surge discharge start voltage
R·A·V-801BXZ-4	line-to-line: 500VAC, line-to-ground: 290VAC	800VAC ±20%(Ua)	2500A(8/20μS)	2.32kV(1.2/50μS)



Specification	Rated voltage	AC discharge start voltage	Clamp voltage	Surge withstand current	Surge withstand voltage	Maximum surge discharge start voltage
R·C·M-601BUZ-4	250\/AC	560VAC	2000V	2500A	20kV	2kV
R-C-IVI-001B0Z-4	250VAC	±20%(Ua)	±10%(V1.0)	(8/20µS)	(1.2/50µS)	(1.2/50µS)

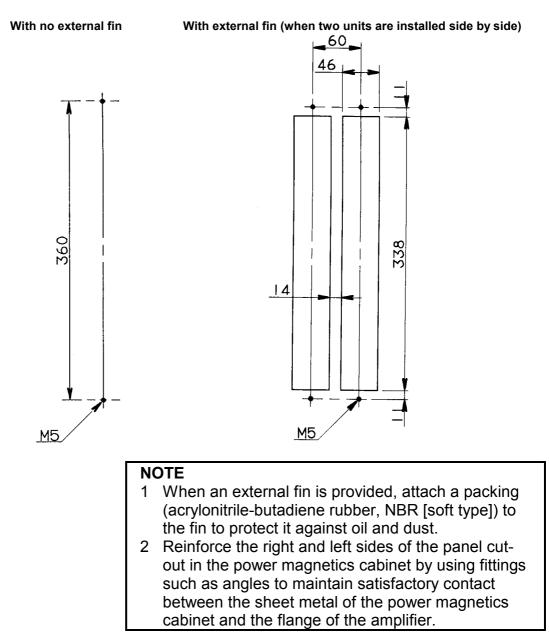
8.1.10 Noise Filter



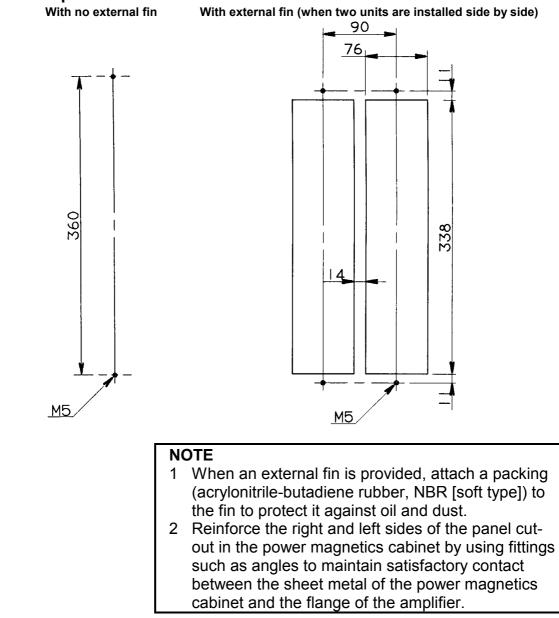
3SUP-HLx-ER-6 : External dimensions of noise filter

8.2 PANEL CUT-OUT DIAGRAMS

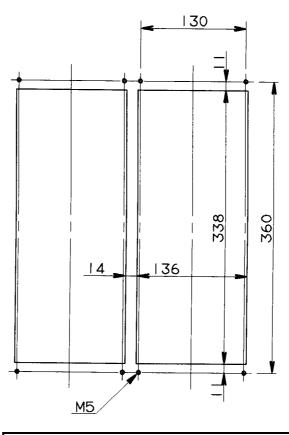
60-mm-wide amplifier



90-mm-wide amplifier

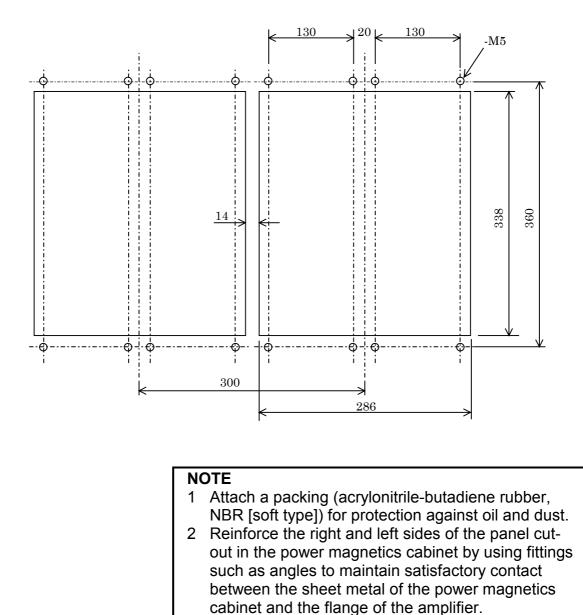


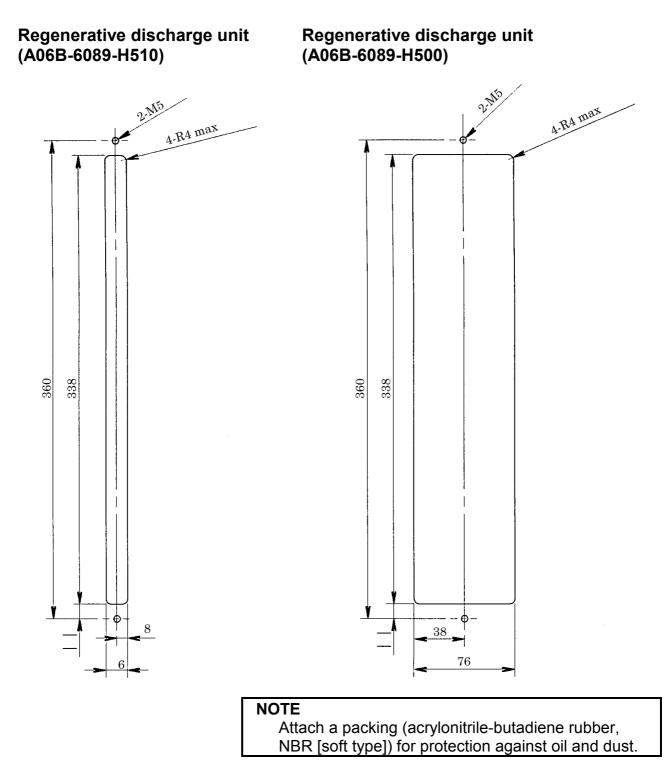
150-mm-wide amplifier (when two units are installed side-by-side)

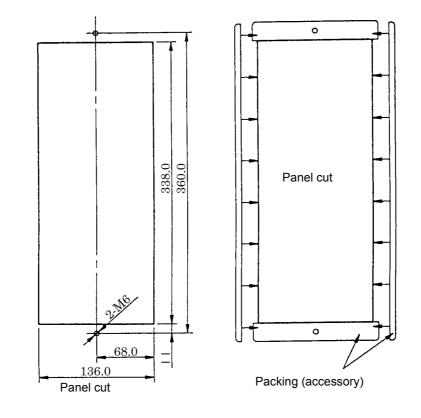


- 1 Attach a packing (acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber, NBR [soft type]) for protection against oil and dust.
- 2 Reinforce the right and left sides of the panel cutout in the power magnetics cabinet by using fittings such as angles to maintain satisfactory contact between the sheet metal of the power magnetics cabinet and the flange of the amplifier.

300-mm-wide amplifier (when two units are installed side-by-side)



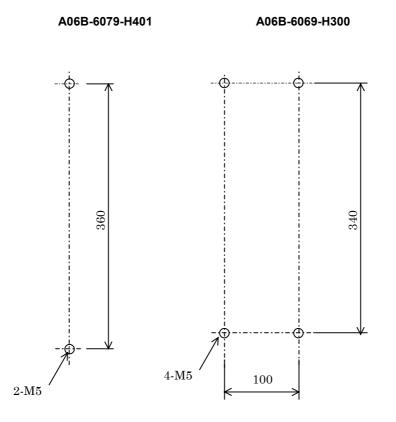




Regenerative discharge unit (A06B-6089-H711 to H713)

NOTE Attach a packing (acrylonitrile-butadiene rubber, NBR [soft type]) for protection against oil and dust.

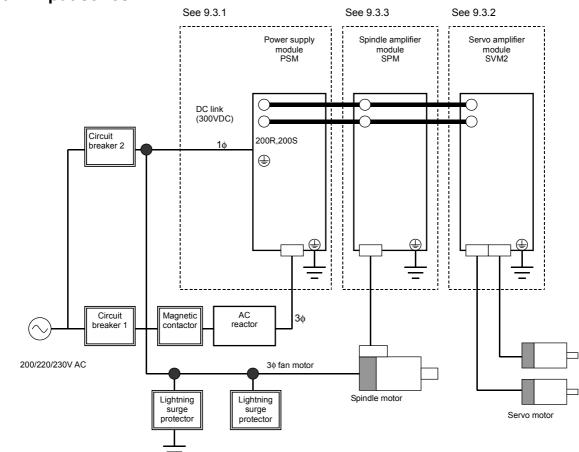
Dynamic brake module





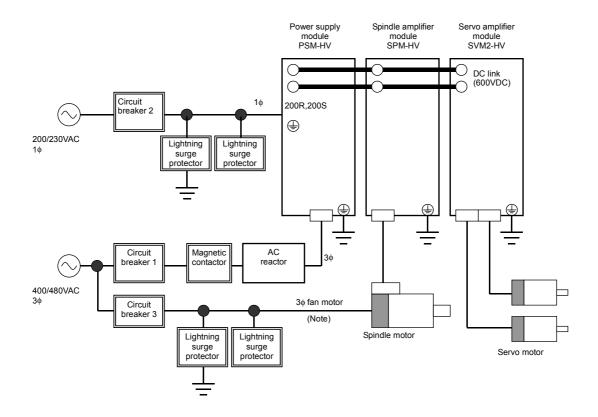
9.1 TOTAL CONNECTION DIAGRAM

The following connection diagram is an example of combining a PSM, SPM, and a 2-axes SVM. For detailed descriptions about how to connect these units, see their respective connection diagrams.



200-V input series

400-V input series

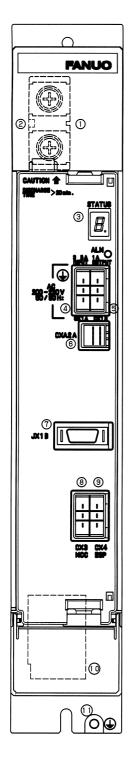


When the spindle motor model α 1HV*i*, α 1.5HV*i*, α 2HV*i*, α 3HV*i*, α T1HV*i*, α T2HV*i*, or α T3HV*i* is used, the specification of the fan motor is below: Single phase, 200/230 VAC

9.2 **CONNECTOR LOCATION**

9.2.1 Power Supply Module (PSM)

PSM-5.5*i*



	Names	Display	Remarks
1	DC link terminal block		Display the terminal block TB1
2	DC link charge LED		(Warning)
3	Status LED	STATUS	
4	200VAC input connector	CX1A	
6	Output connector for PSM interface	CXA2A	24VDC power supply
8	Connector for main power MCC control signal	CX3	
9	Connector for ESP signal	CX4	
10	Connector for motor power line	CZ1	
11	Tapped hole for grounding the flange		

PSM-11*i*. PSM-15*i*. PSM-11HV*i*, PSM-18HV*i*

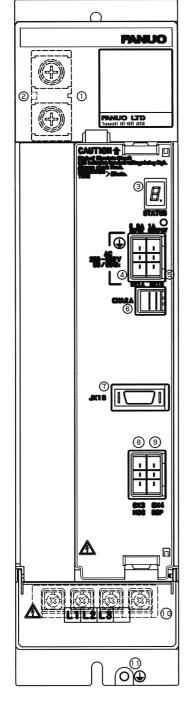
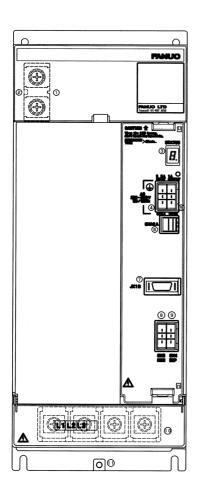


	Table.9.2.1(b) Names of connectors and terminal blocks				
	Names	Display	Remarks		
1	DC link terminal block		Display the terminal block TB1		
2	DC link charge LED		(Warning)		
3	Status LED	STATUS			
4	200VAC input connector	CX1A			
6	Output connector for PSM interface	CXA2A	24VDC power supply		
8	Connector for main power MCC control signal	CX3			
9	Connector for ESP signal	CX4			
10	Terminal block for motor power line	TB2			
11	Tapped hole for grounding the flange				

PSM-26*i*, PSM-30*i*, PSM-37*i*, PSM-30HV*i*, PSM-45HV*i*



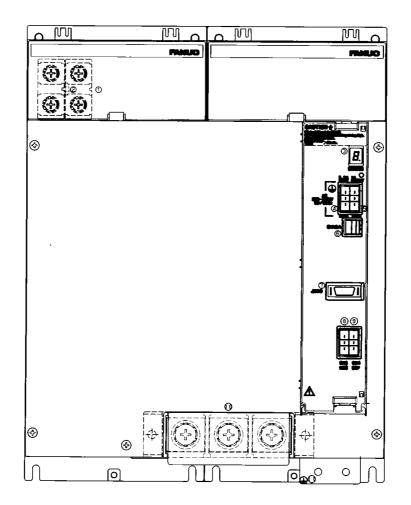
	Names	Display	Remarks
1	DC link terminal block		Display the terminal block TB1
2	DC link charge LED		(Warning)
3	Status LED	STATUS	
4	200VAC input connector	CX1A	
6	Output connector for PSM interface	CXA2A	24VDC power supply
8	Connector for main power MCC control signal	CX3	
9	Connector for ESP signal	CX4	
10	Terminal block for motor power line	TB2	
11	Tapped hole for grounding the flange		

Table.9.2.1(c) Names of connectors and terminal blocks

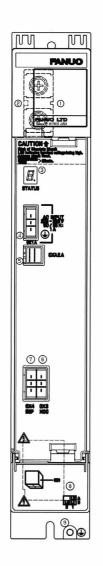
PSM-55*i*, PSM-75HV*i*, PSM-100HV*i*

	Names	Display	Remarks		
1	DC link terminal block		Display the terminal block TB1		
2	DC link charge LED		(Warning)		
3	Status LED	STATUS			
4	200VAC input connector	CX1A			
6	Output connector for PSM interface	CXA2A	24VDC power supply		
8	Connector for main power MCC control signal	CX3			
9	Connector for ESP signal	CX4			
10	Terminal block for motor power line	TB2			
11	Tapped hole for grounding the flange				

Table.9.2.1(d) Names of connectors and terminal blocks



PSMR-3*i*, PSMR-5.5*i*



	Names	Display	Remarks
1	DC link terminal block		Display the terminal block TB1
2	DC link charge LED		(Warning)
3	Status LED	STATUS	
4	200VAC input connector	CX1A	
5	Output connector for PSM interface	CXA2A	24VDC power supply
6	Connector for main power MCC control signal	CX3	
7	Connector for ESP signal	CX4	
8-1	Terminal block for motor power line	CZ1	XX key
8-2	Terminal block for regenerative discharge resistor	CZ2	YY key
9	Tapped hole for grounding the flange		

Table.9.2.1(e) Names of connectors and terminal blocks

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9.2.2 Servo Amplifier Module (SVM)

60/90mm-wide SVM

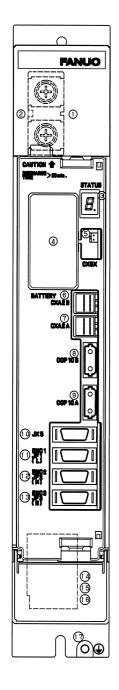
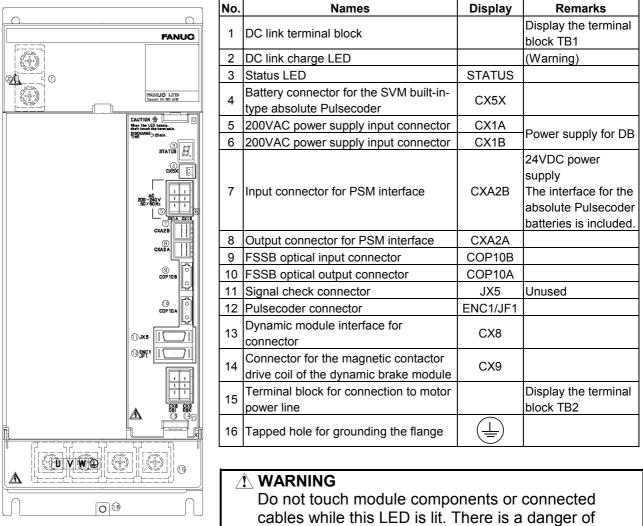


	Table.9.2.2(a) Names of connectors and terminal blocks			
No.	Names	Display	Remarks	
1	DC link terminal block		Display the terminal block TB1	
2	DC link charge LED		(Warning)	
3	Status LED	STATUS		
4	Location of the batteries for the SVM built-in-type absolute Pulsecoder	BATTERY		
5	Battery connector for the SVM built-in- type absolute Pulsecoder	CX5X		
6	Input connector for PSM interface	CXA2B	24VDC power supply The interface for the absolute Pulsecoder batteries is included.	
7	Output connector for PSM interface	CXA2A		
8	FSSB optical input connector	COP10B		
9	FSSB optical output connector	COP10A		
10	Signal check connector	JX5	Unused	
11	Pulsecoder connector : L axis	ENC1/JF1		
12	Pulsecoder connector : M axis	ENC2/JF2		
13	Pulsecoder connector : N axis	ENC3/JF3		
14	Connector for motor power line: L axis	CZ2L	For SVM1, CZ2	
15	Connector for motor power line: M axis	CZ2M		
16	Connector for motor power line: N axis	CZ2N		
17	Tapped hole for grounding the flange			

Table.9.2.2(a) Names of connectors and terminal blocks

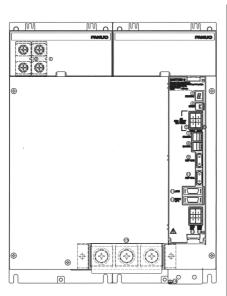
SVM1-360*i*, SVM1-180Hv*i*



electric shock.

Table.9.2.2(b) Names of connectors and terminal blocks

SVM1-360HV*i*



No.	Names	Display	Remarks
1	DC link terminal block		Display the terminal block TB1
2	DC link charge LED		(Warning)
3	Status LED	STATUS	
4	Battery connector for the SVM built-in- type absolute Pulsecoder	CX5X	
5	200VAC power supply input connector	CX1A	Device eventy for DD
6	200VAC power supply input connector	CX1B	Power supply for DB
7	Input connector for PSM interface	CXA2B	24VDC power supply The interface for the absolute Pulsecoder batteries is included.
8	Output connector for PSM interface	CXA2A	
9	FSSB optical input connector	COP10B	
10	FSSB optical output connector	COP10A	
11	Signal check connector	JX5	Unused
12	Pulsecoder connector	ENC1/JF1	
13	Dynamic module interface for connector	CX8	
14	Connector for the magnetic contactor drive coil of the dynamic brake module	CX9	
15	Terminal block for connection to motor power line		Display the terminal block TB2
16	Tapped hole for grounding the flange		

Table.9.2.2(c) Names of connectors and terminal blocks

9.2.3 Spindle Amplifier Module (SPM)

SPM-2.2*i*, SPM-5.5*i*, SPM-5.5HV*i* (TYPE A, B)

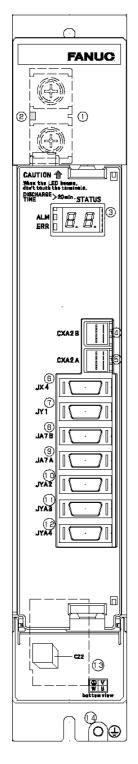


	Table.9.2.3(a) Names of connectors and terminal blocks			
	Names	Display	Remarks	
1	DC link terminal block		Display the terminal block TB1	
2	DC link charge LED		(Warning)	
3	Status LED	STATUS		
4	Input connector for PSM interface	CXA2B	24VDC power supply	
5	Output connector for PSM interface	CXA2A		
6	Communication connector between Positioncoder signal and SPM	JX4	The signal for the check board is also output.	
7	Connector for load meter and speedometer	JY1	The signal for the check board is also output.	
8	Input connector for electric serial interface	JA7B		
9	Output connector for electric serial interface	JA7A		
10	Connector for spindle sensor for motor	JYA2	Mi, MZi, and BZi sensors	
11	Connector for Positioncoder and external single rotation signal	JYA3		
12	Connector for separate spindle sensor	JYA4	TYPE B only	
13	Connector for motor power line		Display the CZ2	
14	Tapped hole for grounding the fange			

SPM-11*i*, SPM-15*i*, SPM-11HV*i*, SPM-15HV*i* (TYPE A, B)

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	Table.9.2.3 (b) Names of connectors and terminal blocks			
	Names	Display	Remarks	
1	DC link terminal block		Display the terminal block TB1	
2	DC link charge LED		(Warning)	
3	Status LED	STATUS		
4	Input connector for PSM interface	CXA2B	24VDC power supply	
5	Output connector for PSM interface	CXA2A		
6	Communication connector between Positioncoder signal and SPM	JX4	The signal for the check board is also output.	
7	Connector for load meter and speedometer	JY1	The signal for the check board is also output.	
8	Input connector for electric serial interface	JA7B		
9	Output connector for electric serial interface	JA7A		
10	Connector for spindle sensor for motor	JYA2	M <i>i</i> , MZ <i>i</i> , and BZ <i>i</i> sensors	
11	Connector for Positioncoder and external single rotation signal	JYA3		
12	Connector for separate spindle sensor	JYA4	TYPE B only	
13	Connector for motor power line		Display the TB2	
14	Tapped hole for grounding the flange			

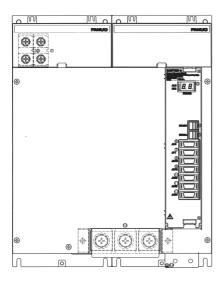
SPM-22*i*, SPM-26*i*, SPM-30*i*, SPM-30HV*i*, SPM-40HV*i* (TYPE A, B)

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	Table.9.2.3 (c) Names of connectors and terminal blocks			
	Names	Display	Remarks	
1	DC link terminal block		Display the terminal block TB1	
2	DC link charge LED		(Warning)	
3	Status LED	STATUS		
4	Input connector for PSM interface	CXA2B	24VDC power supply	
5	Output connector for PSM interface	CXA2A		
6	Communication connector between Positioncoder signal and SPM	JX4	The signal for the check board is also output.	
7	Connector for load meter and speedometer	JY1	The signal for the check board is also output.	
8	Input connector for electric serial interface	JA7B		
9	Output connector for electric serial interface	JA7A		
10	Connector for spindle sensor for motor	JYA2	M <i>i</i> , MZ <i>i</i> , and BZ <i>i</i> sensors	
11	Connector for Positioncoder and external single rotation signal	JYA3		
12	Connector for separate spindle sensor	JYA4	TYPE B only	
13	Connector for motor power line		Display the TB2	
14	Tapped hole for grounding the flange			

A WARNING

SPM-45*i*, SPM-55*i*, SPM-75HV*i*, SPM-100HV*i* (TYPE A, B)



	Names	Display	Remarks
	Names	Display	
1	DC link terminal block		Display the terminal
_			block TB1
2	DC link charge LED		(Warning)
3	Status LED	STATUS	
4	Input connector for PSM interface	CXA2B	24VDC power supply
5	Output connector for PSM interface	CXA2A	
6	Communication connector between Positioncoder signal and SPM	JX4	The signal for the check board is also output.
7	Connector for load meter and speedometer	JY1	The signal for the check board is also output.
8	Input connector for electric serial interface	JA7B	
9	Output connector for electric serial interface	JA7A	
10	Connector for spindle sensor for motor	JYA2	Mi, MZi, and BZi sensors
11	Connector for Positioncoder and external single rotation signal	JYA3	
12	Connector for separate spindle sensor	JYA4	TYPE B only
13	Connector for motor power line		Display the TB2
14	Tapped hole for grounding the flange		

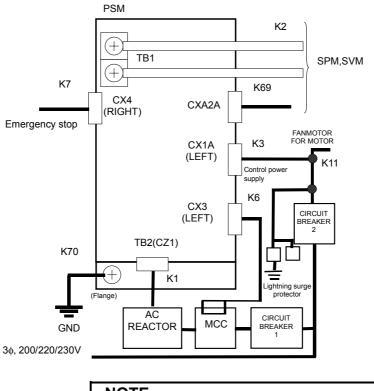
Table.9.2.3 (d) Names of connectors and terminal blocks

Do not touch module components or connected
cables while this LED is lit. There is a danger of
electric shock.

9.3 CABLE CONNECTION DETAILS

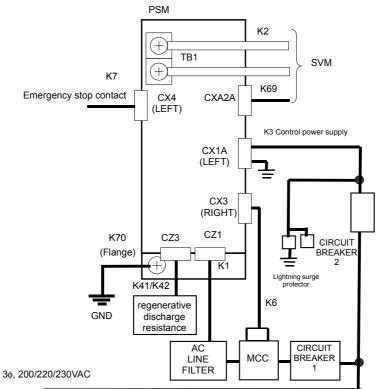
9.3.1 Power Supply Module Connection Diagram

PSM (200-V input series)



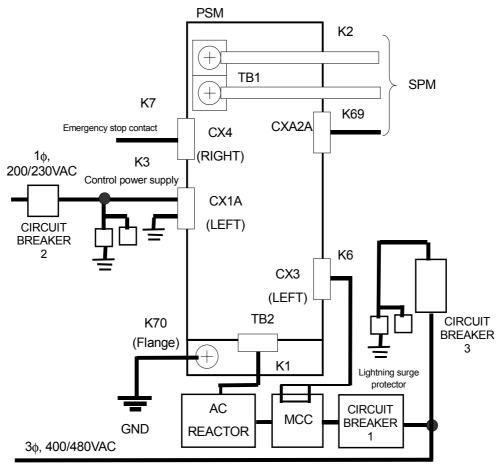
- 1 Always install the circuit breakers, magnetic contactor, and AC reactor.
- 2 To protect the equipment from lightning surge voltages, install a lightning surge protector across each pair of power lines and across each power line and the grounding line at the power inlet of the power magnetics cabinet. See Appendix A for details.
- 3 Always connect the control power supply cable to the CX1A. If it is connected to the CX1B, fuses inside the unit may blow.
- 4 See Section 5.2 for the type of the cable to be used for making a connection to a frame ground.

PSMR (200-V input series)



- 1 Always install the circuit breakers, magnetic contactor, and AC reactor.
- 2 To protect the equipment from lightning surge voltages, install a lightning surge protector across each pair of power lines and across each power line and the grounding line at the power inlet of the power magnetics cabinet. See Appendix A for details.
- 3 Always connect the control power supply cable to the CX1A. If it is connected to the CX1B, fuses inside the unit may blow.

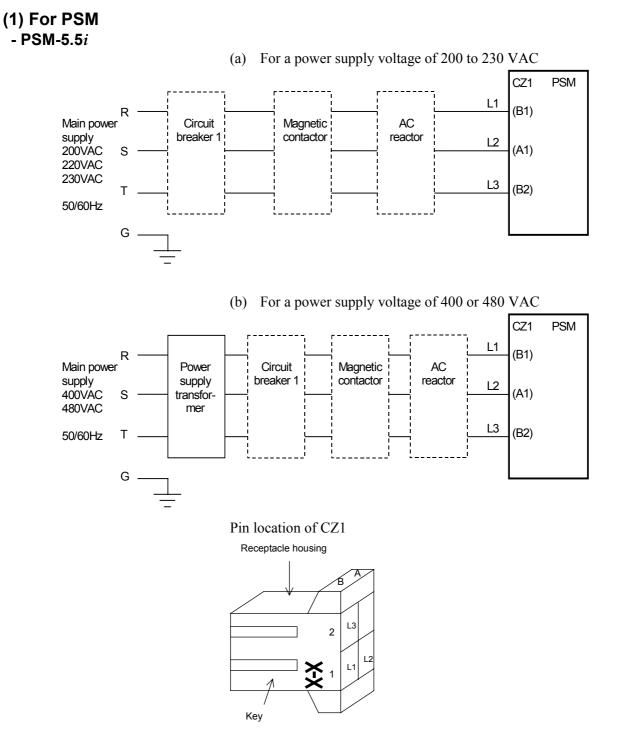
PSM-HV (400-V input series)



- 1 Always install the circuit breakers, magnetic contactor, and AC reactor.
- 2 To protect the equipment from lightning surge voltages, install a lightning surge protector across each pair of power lines and across each power line and the grounding line at the power inlet of the power magnetics cabinet. See Appendix A for details.
- 3 Always connect the control power supply cable to the CX1A. If it is connected to the CX1B, fuses inside the unit may blow.
- 4 See Section 5.2 for the type of the cable to be used for making a connection to a frame ground.

9.3.1.1 Details of cable K1 (power supply line)

Cable K1 is used to supply main power to the power supply module. Make sure that the cable used between the power supply and power supply module satisfies the requirements listed in Table 9.3.1.1.



Cable K1 Specifications

	Applic	able cable
Model	Heavy-duty power cable (Note 1)	Heat-resistant cable (Note 2)
PSM-5.5 <i>i</i>	5.5mm ²	5.5mm ²

NOTE

- 1 Four-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312) (VCT : heat-resistant 60°C)
- 2 Fire-retardant polyflex wire (heat-resistant 105°C) or equivalent to LMFC manufactured by The Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd.
- 3 The cross-section area of each cable is determined under the following conditions:
 (1) At DSM reted subsut
 - (1) At PSM rated output
 - (2) Environment temperature of cable : 30°C
 - (3) Number of harnesses
 3 (No current flows through the ground wire during normal operation.)
 - Select a required cable cross-section area
 - according to the user environment and conditions.

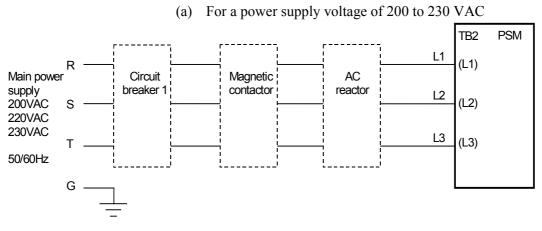
Connector Specifications

Model	Connector key (Note 1)	Applicable contact (Note 1)
PSM-5.5 <i>i</i>	XX	M size
	1-917807-2	316041-6

See Subsection 9.4 for detailed explanations about the specification of the D-5000.

NOTE
tyco Electronics AMP D-5000 series
Select a contact size according to the cross-section
area of the cable.

- **PSM-11***i*



(b) For a power supply voltage of 400 or 480 VAC

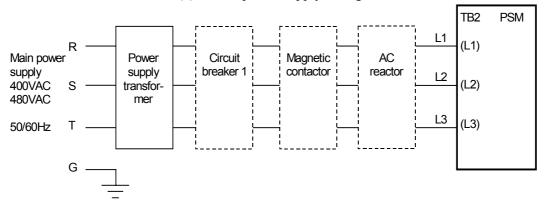


Table.9.3.1.1(a) Cable K1 Specifications

power cable		cable cable		
		Heat-resistant cable (Note 2)	Terminal screw	Tightening torque
PSM-11 <i>i</i>	-	8mm ² or more	M4	1.1 to 1.5Nm
PSM-15 <i>i</i>	14 mm ² or more	14mm ² or more	1/14	
PSM-26i	-	22mm ² or more	MC	3.5 to 4.5Nm
PSM-30 <i>i</i>	-	22mm ² or more	M6	
PSM-37 <i>i</i>	-	38mm ² or more	M6 (Note 3)	
PSM-55 <i>i</i>	-	R,S,T: 80mm ² or more G: 40mm ² or more	M10 M6	

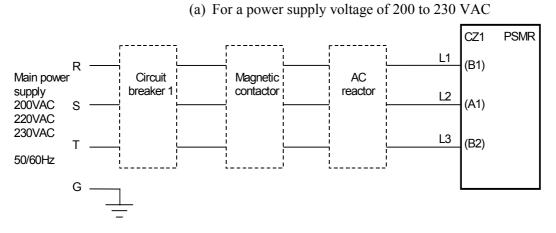
NOTE

- 1 Four-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312) (VCT : heat-resistant 60°C)
- 2 Fire-retardant polyflex wire (heat-resistant 105°C) or equivalent to LMFC manufactured by The Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd.
- 3 Applicable crimp terminal for PSM-37*i* : 38-6S
- 4 The cross-section area of each cable is determined under the following conditions:
 - (1) At PSM rated output
 - (2) Environment temperature of cable : 30°C
 - (3) Number of harnesses
 - 3 (No current flows through the ground wire during normal operation.)

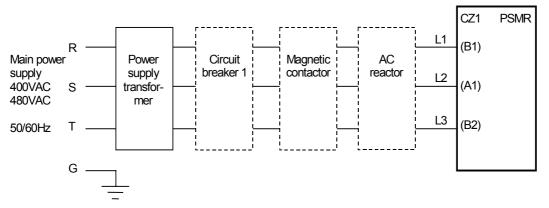
Select a required cable cross-section area

according to the user environment and conditions.

(2) For PSMR



(b) For a power supply voltage of 400 or 480 VAC



Cable K1 Specifications

Madal	Applicable cable		
Model	Heavy-duty power cable (Note 1)	Heat-resistant cable (Note 2)	
PSMR-3i	3.5mm ²	3.5mm ²	
PSMR-5.5i	5.5mm ²	5.5mm ²	

NOTE

- 1 Four-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312) (VCT : heat-resistant 60°C)
- 2 Fire-retardant polyflex wire (heat-resistant 105°C) or equivalent to LMFC manufactured by The Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd.

Connector Specifications

Model	Connector key (Note 1)	Applicable contact (Note 1)
PSMR-3i	XX	M size
PSMR-5.5i	1-917807-2	316041-6

See Subsection 9.4 for detailed explanations about the specification of the D-5000.

NOTE tyco

tyco Electronics AMP D-5000 series Select a contact size according to the cross-section area of the cable.



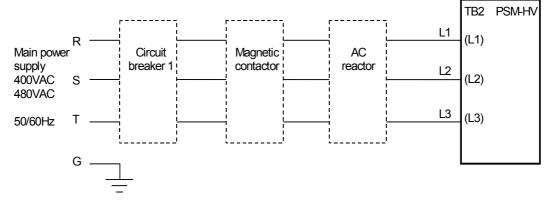


Table.9.3.1.1(b) Cable K1 Specifications

	Appli	cable cable		Tightening torque
Model	Heavy-duty power cable (Note 1)	Heat-resistant cable (Note 2)	Terminal screw	
PSM-11HVi	5.5 mm ² or more	5.5mm ² or more	N44	1 1 to 1 5 1m
PSM-18HVi	-	8mm ² or more	M4	1.1 to 1.5Nm
PSM-30HVi	-	14mm ² or more	M6	2 E to 4 ENIm
PSM-45HVi	-	22mm ² or more	IVIO	3.5 to 4.5Nm
PSM-75HVi		R,S,T: 38mm ² or more	M10	
F 31VI-7 31 TV I	-	G: 22mm ² or more	M6	
PSM-100HVi	-	R,S,T: 80mm ² or more G: 40mm ² or more	M10 M6	

NOTE

- 1 Four-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312) (VCT : heat-resistant 60°C)
- 2 Fire-retardant polyflex wire (heat-resistant 105°C) or equivalent to LMFC manufactured by The Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd.
- 3 The cross-section area of each cable is determined under the following conditions:
 - (1) At PSM rated output
 - (2) Environment temperature of cable : 30°C
 - (3) Number of harnesses
 - 3 (No current flows through the ground wire during normal operation.)

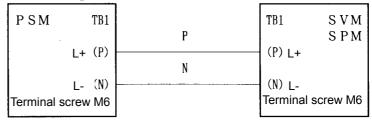
Select a required cable cross-section area according to the user environment and conditions.

9.3.1.2 Details of short bar K2

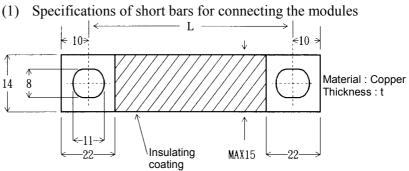
Short bar K2 is used to supply the DC link voltage generated in each power supply module to other modules.

When designing a short bar for connecting modules placed close to each other, refer to the "Specifications of short bars for connecting modules placed close to each other."

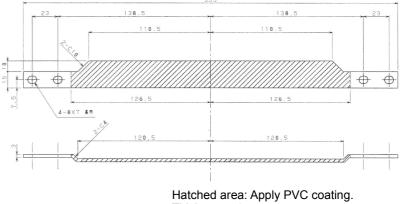
To determine the length of a short bar to be used for connecting modules placed separately, refer to "Location of terminal board TB1." Optional short bars are available from FANUC. Refer to the "DC Link Short Bar Specifications."



Specifications of short bars for connecting modules placed close to each other



(2) Specifications of short bars for connecting the modules (Figure example of short bars for connecting 300-mm-wide modules)



Thickness : 1t or more

Table.9.3.1.2 Short Bar K2 Specifications				
Module location	Short bar length L	Short bar thickness t	Cross-section area (Note)	
Unit of 300mm-wide	300mm	3.0mm	50mm ²	
Unit of 150mm-wide	150mm	1.5mm	21mm ²	
Unit of 90mm-wide	90mm	1.5mm	21 mm ²	
Unit of 60mm-wide	60mm	1.5mm	21 mm ²	

Table.9.3.1.2 Short Bar K2 Specifications

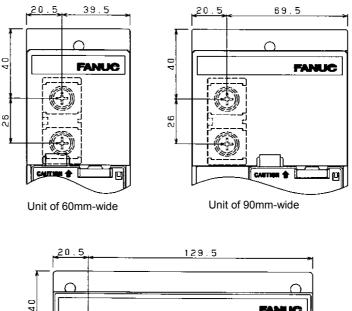
1	Modules need not necessarily be connected with a
	short bar (copper plate).
	If the modules cannot be placed close to each other,
	however, they cannot help being separated from
	each other.
	If you connect them with a power cable, however,
	the cable may not be thinner than indicated below
	and must be insulated with heat-resistant polyvinyl.
2	TERMAL BLOCK for 300-wide have four screws. All
	the screws must be connected to short bar.

Location of terminal board TB1 on each module

Fig.9.3.1.2(a) and Fig.9.3.1.2(b) show the location of terminal board TB1 on each module.

If you want to install modules at distances not specified herein, design short bars by referring to the dimensions shown below.

When designing a short bar for connecting 300-mm-wide modules in particular, conform to the above figure specifications and apply the above coating.



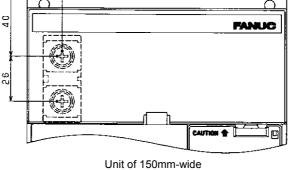


Fig.9.3.1.2(a) Location of Terminal Board TB1 on the units of 60-, 90-, and 150-mm-Wide

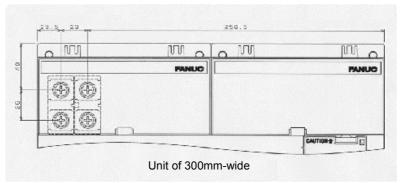
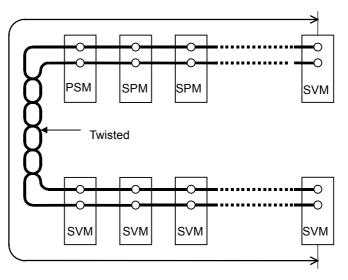


Fig.9.3.1.2(b) Location of Terminal Board TB1 on the units of 300-mm-Wide

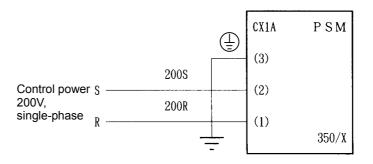
About the length of the DC link cable

Suppress the length of the DC link cable to within 1.5 m. (See the following diagram.)



9.3.1.3 Details of cable K3

Cable K3 is used to supply control power to the power supply module.



Cable specification:

Two-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312), conductor size of 1.25 mm^2 (50/0.18),

PVC sheath 9.6 mm in diameter

Connector specification:

tyco Electronics AMP connector with receptacle housing 1-178128-3 and receptacle contact 1-175218-2

1-170120-5 and receptacle contact 1-17

NOTE

Always connect cable K3 to the CX1A. If it is connected to the CX1B, fuses inside the unit may blow.

9.3.1.4 Details of cable K69

The cable K69 is used between the PSM, SPM, and SVM.

PSM,SPM,SVM		<u>SPM,SVM</u>
CXA2A		CXA2B
	VCO	
24V (A1)	K69	(A1) 24V
24V (B1)		(B1) 24V
0V (A2)		(A2) 0V
0V (B2)		(B2) 0V
MIFA (A3)		(A3) MIFA
BATL (B3)		(B3) BATL
*ESP (A4)		(A4) *ESP
XMIFA (B4)		(B4) XMIFA

Connector specification

Manufacturer	tyco Electronics AMP
	D-2100 series
Connector	Housing 1-1318119-4 (1 pieces)
specification	Contact 1318107-1 (8 pieces)
	[Ordering information : A06B-6110-K210 connector only]
Manual tool model number	1276654-1
Conductor size	0.5mm ² , AWG20
Instruction outer diameter	1.08-2.83 mm

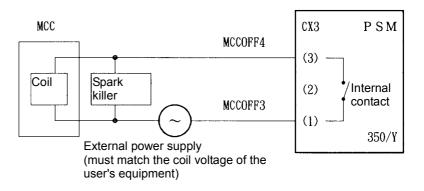
NOTE

The (B3)BATL is the interface used to connect the batteries for the absolute Pulsecoder. For details, see the description of battery connection in Subsection 9.3.2.10.

 When using the built-in battery (A06B-6073-K001), never connect the BATL(B3) of the connector CXA2A/CXA2B.
 Otherwise, a short-circuit will occur between the battery output voltages for different SVMs, possibly resulting in the batteries becoming very hot, which is dangerous.
 Do not connect more than one battery to the same BATL(B3) line. Otherwise, a short-circuit will occur between the output voltages of different batteries, possibly resulting in the batteries becoming very hot, which is dangerous.

9.3.1.5 Details of cable K6

Cable K6 is used to control the magnetic contactor if it is installed outside the unit.



Cable specification:

Two-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312), conductor size of 1.25 mm^2 (50/0.18), PVC sheath 9.6 mm in diameter

Connector specification:

tyco Electronics AMP connector with receptacle housing 1-178128-3 and receptacle contact 1-175218-2

Internal-contact specification:

	Resistive load (cos∳=1)	Inductive load (coso=0.4, L/R=7msec)	
Rated load	250VAC, 5A / 30VDC, 5A	250VAC, 2A / 30VDC, 2A	
Maximum contact rating	5A	5A	

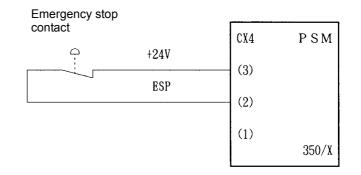
NOTE

Always install a spark killer (CR) that matches the magnetic contactor to protect the internal contacts. The following table lists the recommended capacitances and resistances.

Coil voltage	С	R
24VDC	0.22μF	22Ω
100 to 240VAC	0.1µF	220Ω

9.3.1.6 Details of cable K7

Cable K7 is used to supply an emergency stop signal to the power supply module.



Cable specification:

Two-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312), conductor size of 1.25 mm^2 (50/0.18), PVC sheath 9.6 mm in diameter

Connector specification:

tyco Electronics AMP connector with receptacle housing 1-178128-3 and receptacle contact 1-175218-2

- When the contact is ON (closed), the spindle motor and servo motor are enabled.
 When the contact is OFF (open), the external magnetic contactor (MCC) is in the off state, and the spindle motor and servo motor do not operate.
- (2) When the contact is set to OFF (open) during motor rotation, the spindle motor decelerates, then stops, and the servo motor is stopped by the dynamic brake.
- (3) The contact input signal is specified as follows:
 - <1> As the external contact capacity, a voltage of at least 30 VDC and a current of at least 100 mA are required.
 - <2> Significant levels (with the voltage between input pins) when the contactless signal input mode is used: Low level "logic 0": Up to 2 V

High level "logic 1": At least 20 V

9.3.1.7 Details of cable K70

- (a) The cable K70 is used to connect the connector CX1A on the power supply module to the frame ground of the cabinet. Conductor size : 1.25 mm²
- (b) The cable K70 is used to connect the metal frame of the power supply module to the frame ground of the cabinet.
- (c) The cable K70 is used to connect the metal frames of the servo amplifier module and spindle amplifier module to the frame ground of the cabinet.

Motor power cable cross-section S (mm ²)	Grounding cable cross-section (mm ²)	
S ≤ 5.5	5.5 or greater	
5.5 < S ≤ 16	S or greater	
16 < S ≤ 35	16 or greater	
35 < S	S/2 or greater	

Table 4.3.1.7 Grounding cable conductor diameter

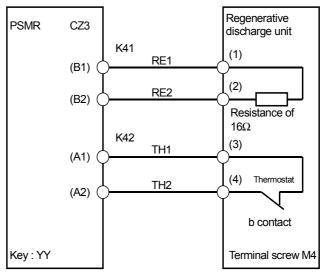
(d) The cable K70 is used to connect the metal frame of the dynamic brake module (DBM) to the frame ground of the cabinet.Select the size of the cable according to Table 4.3.1.7. The cross-section size of the motor power cable listed in the table complies with the conductor diameter of the motor power cable used in a unit to which the DBM is connected.

NOTE

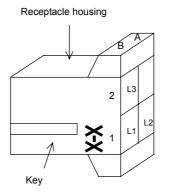
The following M5 crimp terminal can be used with a cable having a large conductor diameter. Nichifu Co., Ltd. CB22-5S Overall conductor size range : 16.78 to 22.66 mm²

9.3.1.8 Detailed description of the connection of cables K41 (for regenerative discharge resistance), K42 (for thermostat), and K43 (for fan motor)

Connection for A06B-6089-H510 and A06B-6089-H500



tyco Electronics AMP D-5000

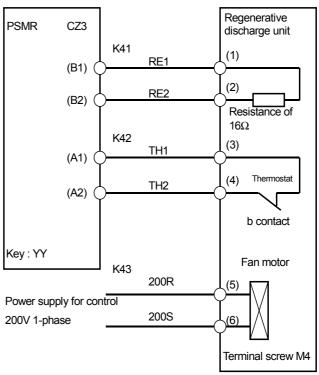


Cable	Applicable cable	Connector	Applicable
number	VCT(heat resistant 60°C (Note 1)	key (Note 2)	contact (Note 2)
K41	2mm ² Two-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312)	YY	S size 316040-6
K42	1.25mm ² Two-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312)	2-917807-2	S size 316040-6

NOTE

- 1 Run cables K41 and K42 without tying them in a bundle.
- 2 CZ1 near them is for the power supply. Be careful of the connector key.

Connection for A06B-6089-H711 to -H713



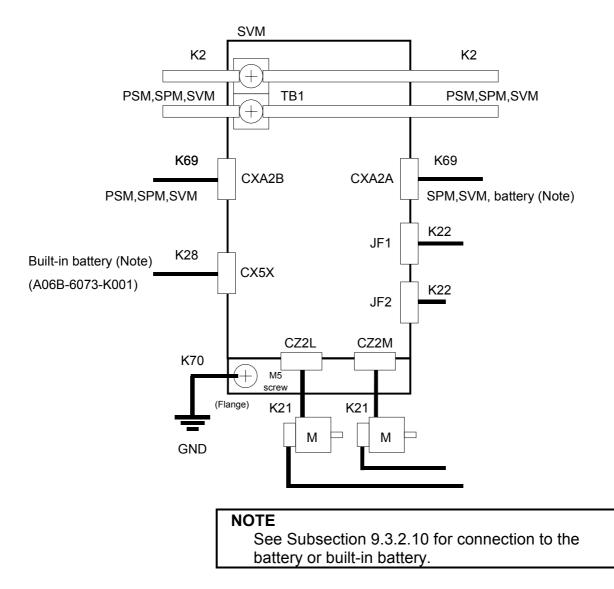
Cable	Applicable cable	Connector	Applicable
number	VCT(heat resistant 60°C (Note 1)	key (Note 2)	contact (Note 2)
K41	2mm ² Two-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312)	YY	S size 316040-6
K42	1.25mm ² Two-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312)	2-917807-2	S size 316040-6
K43	2mm ² Two-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312)		

NOTE

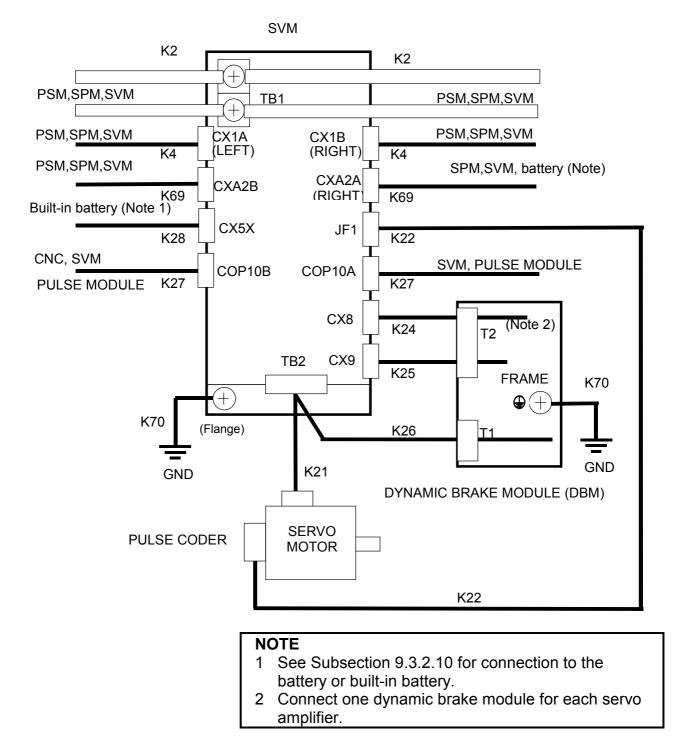
- 1 Run cables K41, K42, and K43 without tying them in a bundle.
- 2 CZ1 near them is for the power supply. Be careful of the connector key.

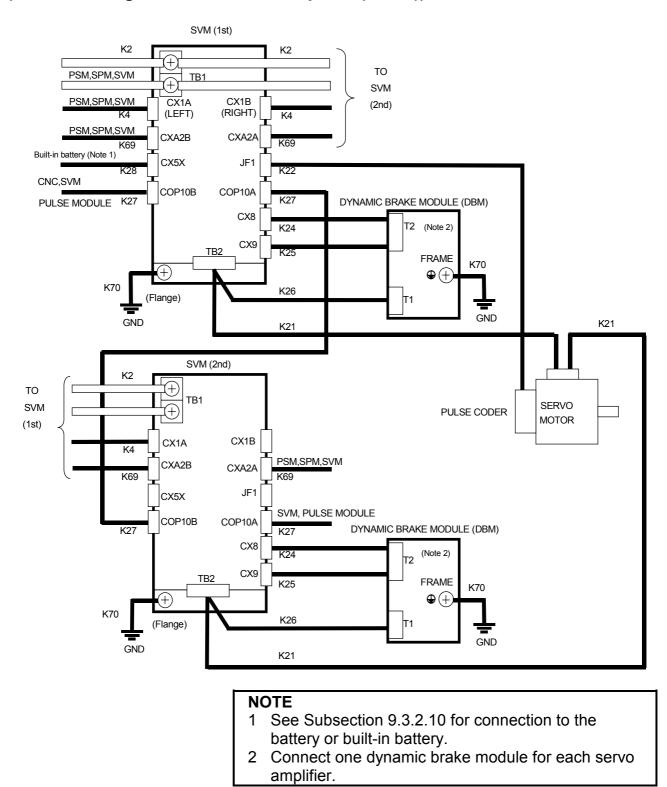
9.3.2 Servo Amplifier Module Connection Diagram

60mm- or 90mm-wide SVM (example : SVM2) Without connection to dynamic brake module



SVM1-360*i*, SVM1-180HV*i*, SVM1-360HV*i*





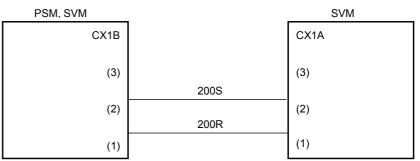
SVM1-360*i*, SVM1-180HV*i*, SVM1-360HV*i* (Control at single motor and twin amplifier (SMTA))

9.3.2.1 Details of cable K2

The cable K2 is used to connect the DC link. See Item 9.3.1.2.

9.3.2.2 Details of cable K4

Cable K4 is a connection cable used to supply power (single phase, 200 VAC) for driving the dynamic brake unit to the SVM.



Example cable :

Two-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312) Conductor size of : 1.25mm² (50/0.18)

PVC sheath 9.6 mm in diameter

Connector specification:

tyco Electronics AMP connector with receptacle housing 1-178128-3 and receptacle contact 1-175218-2

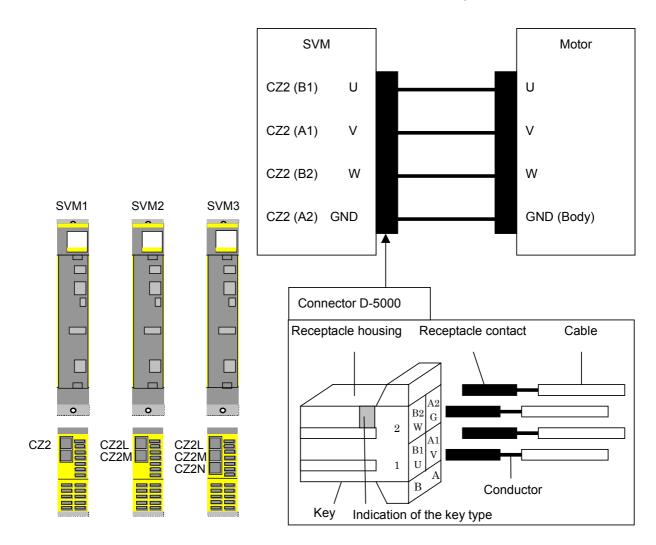
9.3.2.3 Details of cable K69

The cable K69 is a communication cable used between modules. See Item 9.3.1.4.

9.3.2.4 Details of cable K21

Models other than SVM1-360*i*, SVM1-180HV*i*, and SVM1-360HV*i*

The cable K21 is a power cable used between the SVM and motor. The cable is attached to the SVM through the connector D-5000.



NOTE

When the α (HV)*i* series SVM is used, always mount the motor flange on a cabinet (machine) connected to the system ground. It may be difficult to connect the motor flange to a cabinet (machine) connected to the system ground. In this case, connect the motor flange and frame ground (ground plate of the cabinet) using a cable at least 1.25 mm² thick. The cable must be separated from the power lines as much as possible.

About the receptacle housing of the SVM-side connector

The SVM-side connector is a key type. The key is intended to prevent incorrect connection between the axes of multi-axis amplifiers (SVM2 and SVM3). Select the receptacle housing that matches the SVM and its axis that are to be used.

See Subsection 9.4.2 for detailed explanations about the specification of the D-5000.

Specification of the key	Applicable SVM
XX	SVM1, SVM2(L), SVM3(L)
XY	SVM2(M), SVM3(M)
YY	SVM3(N)

About the receptacle contact of the SVM-side connector

Four types receptacle contacts are prepared for the different line diameter of the cable. Please use the receptacle contact which suits the line diameter of the cable.

See Subsection 9.4.2 for detailed explanations about the specification of the D-5000.

About the cable specification

Select the cable specification by considering the following conditions for use.

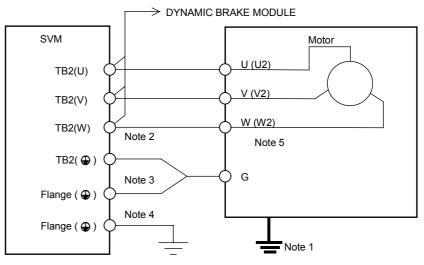
- <1> Motor current rating or current needed in use on a real machine
- <2> Cable type (heat resistance temperature, etc.)
- <3> Environment in which the cable is installed (operating ambient temperature, etc.)
- <4> Need of water proofing (pay attention to the diameter of the applicable cable clamp)
- <5> Certification for CE marking (compliance with various safety standards and EMC standard)

About the motor-side connector

The specification of the motor-side connector varies from one motor model to another.

Refer to "FANUC AC SERVO MOTOR αi series Descriptions (B-65262EN)" for explanations about the specification of the motor-side connector.

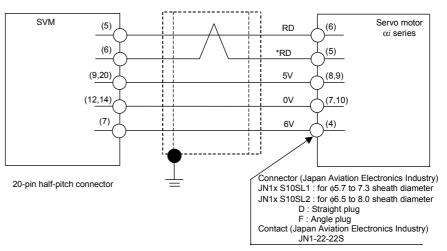
SVM1-360*i*, SVM1-180HV*i*, and SVM1-360HV*i*



NOTE

- 1 When the $\alpha(HV)i$ series SVM is used, always mount the motor flange on a cabinet (machine) connected to the system ground. It may be difficult to connect the motor flange to a cabinet (machine) connected to the system ground. In this case, connect the motor flange and frame ground (ground plate of the cabinet) using a cable at least 1.25 mm² thick. The cable must be separated from the power lines as much as possible.
- 2 Size of screw for motor power line TB2(U), TB2(V), and TB2(W)
 - For SVM1-360*i*, SVM1-180HV*i* : M6
 - For SVM1-360HV*i* : M10
- 3 Connection for motor ground lead - For SVM1-360*i*, SVM1-180HV*i* : Connection to TB2(G) (M6)
 - For SVM1-360HV*i* : Connection to flange (M6)
- 4 Size of screws for connection between flange and ground
 - For SVM1-360*i*, SVM1-180HV*i* : M5
 - For SVM1-360HV*i* : M6
- 5 In single-motor twin-amplifier (SMTA) control (in which one motor is driven by two SVMs), connect motor power lines U, V, W, and G to the first SVM and motor power lines U2, V2, W2, and G to the second SVM.

9.3.2.5 Details of cable K22

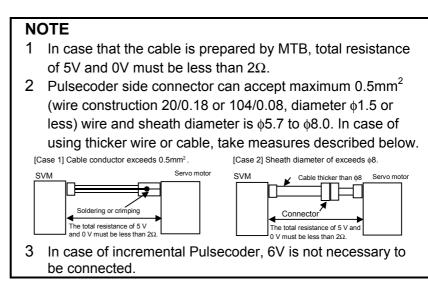


The cable K22 is used to connect the SVM and Pulsecoder.

Using cable conductor			
Cable length	28 or less	50m or less	
		0.5mm ² x 2	
5V, 0V	0.3mm ² x 2	Strand configuration 20/0.18 or 104/0.08	
		Insulation outer diameter	
		0.5mm ²	
6V 0.3mm ²		Strand configuration 20/0.18 or 104/0.08	
		Insulation outer diameter	
	0.18mm ² or more	0.18mm ² or more	
RD, *RD	Twisted-pair wire	Twisted-pair wire	

See Subsection 9.4.1 for explanations about the SVM-side connector that matches the recommended cable.

See Appendix B, "About Cable Conductors," for detailed explanations about the cable.

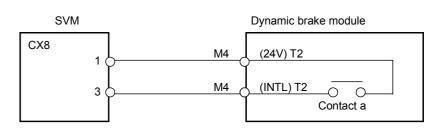


- Crimp tool specification A06B-6114-K201/JN1S : For 0.3 mm² A06B-6114-K201/JN1L : For 0.18 mm² or 0.5 mm²
- Connector kit specification A06B-6114-K200/S : Straight plug (including a contact) A06B-6114-K200/E : Elbow plug (including a contact)
- Recommended cable
 - A66L-0001-0460 : Flexible cable 28m or less long A66L-0001-0462 : Flexible cable 50m or less long A66L-0001-0481 : Fixed cable 28m or less long A66L-0001-0491 : Fixed cable 50m or less long

For βM series servo motor

See FANUC SERVO MOTOR β series DESCRIPTIONS (B-65232EN)

9.3.2.6 Details of cable K24



Example cable :

Two-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312) Conductor size of : 1.25mm² (50/0.18)

PVC sheath 9.6 mm in diameter

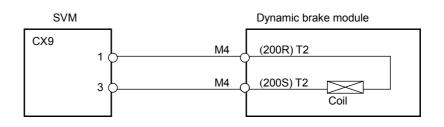
Connector specification:

tyco Electronics AMP connector with receptacle housing 1-178128-3 and receptacle contact 1-175218-2

Crimping terminal :

2-4

9.3.2.7 Details of cable K25



Example cable :

Two-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312) Conductor size of : 1.25mm^2 (50/0.18) PVC sheath 9.6 mm in diameter

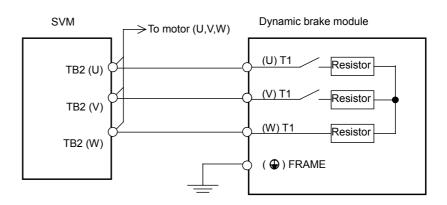
Connector specification:

tyco Electronics AMP connector with receptacle housing 1-178128-3 and receptacle contact 1-175218-2

Crimping terminal :

2-4

9.3.2.8 Details of cable K26



Example cable :

Fire-retardant polyflex wire (maximum conductor temperature 105°C) or equivalent to LMFC manufactured by The Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd., 5.5 mm² or larger

Connector specification:

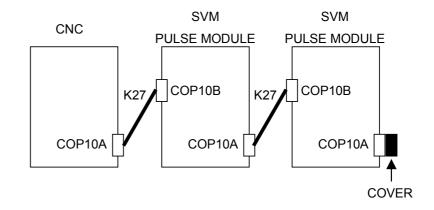
tyco Electronics AMP connector with receptacle housing 1-178128-3 and receptacle contact 1-175218-2

Crimping terminal :

DBM side	5.5-5 (SVM1-360 <i>i</i> , SVM1-180HV <i>i</i>)
	5.5-8 (SVM1-360HVi)
SVM side	5.5-6 (SVM1-360 <i>i</i> , SVM1-180HV <i>i</i>)
	5.5-10 (SVM1-360HVi)

9.3.2.9 Details of cable K27

_



Cable K27 is an optical fiber cable used in the FSSB interface.

- The cable is run from connector COP10A in the CNC, SVM, or pulse module to connector COP10B in the SVM or pulse module.
- Connector COP10A of a module at the end of the cable chain must be covered with the cap supplied with the module.
- Refer to the applicable CNC connection manual for detailed specifications of the optical fiber cable.

9.3.2.10 Connecting the battery (for the absolute Pulsecoder)

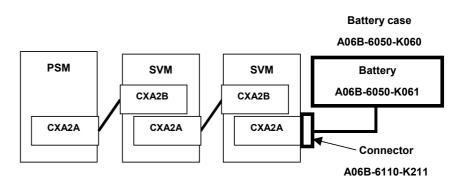
The following two methods can be used to connect the batteries for the absolute Pulsecoder: [connection method 1] and [connection method 2]

NOTE

- 1 Since the battery is a part that is in need of periodic maintenance by nature, it is recommended to use [connection method 1]. In this case, commercial batteries (four R20 alkaline batteries), which are easy to purchase, can be used.
- 2 The built-in batteries used in [connection method 2] must be purchased directly from FANUC. It is recommended that spare built-in batteries is purchased.

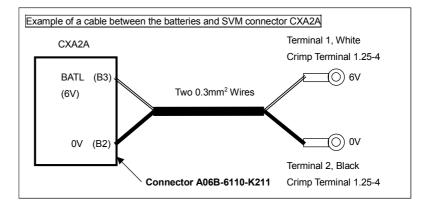
[Connection method 1]

Supplying power from one battery unit to more than one SVM



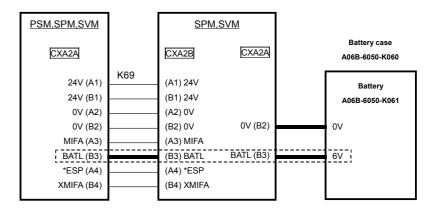
- A battery case (A06B-6050-K060) and four R20 alkaline batteries (A06B-6050-K061) are available as options. Commercial R20 alkaline batteries can also be used.

[Connection between the battery case and module]



A connector (A06B-6110-K211) for connecting batteries is available as an option.

[Connection between modules]



- The BATL(B3) is an interface for supplying power from one absolute Pulsecoder battery unit to more than one SVM.

Manufacturer	tyco Electronics AMP	
	D-2100 series	
Connector	Housing 1-1318119-4 (2 pieces)	
specification	Contact 1318107-1 (8 pieces)	
	[Ordering information : A06B-6110-K210 connector only]	
Manual tool	1276654-1	
model number		
Conductor size	0.5mm ² , AWG20	
Instruction	1.08-2.83 mm	
outer diameter	1.00-2.03 [1][1]	

Specification of the connector K69

NOTE

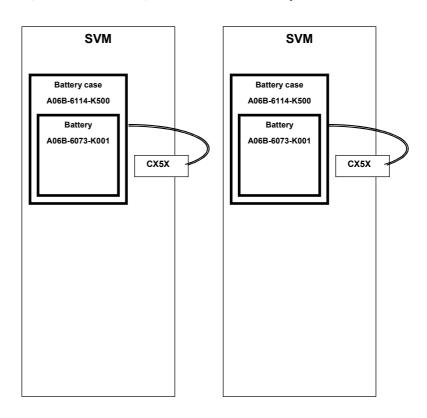
- 1 Up to six servo motors can be connected to one battery.
- 2 The life of the batteries are about two years if they are used for six αi series servo motors and one year if they are used for six α series servo motors.

Do not connect more than one battery to the same BATL(B3) line. Otherwise, a short-circuit will occur between the output voltages of different batteries, possibly

resulting in the batteries becoming very hot, which is dangerous.

[Connection method 2]

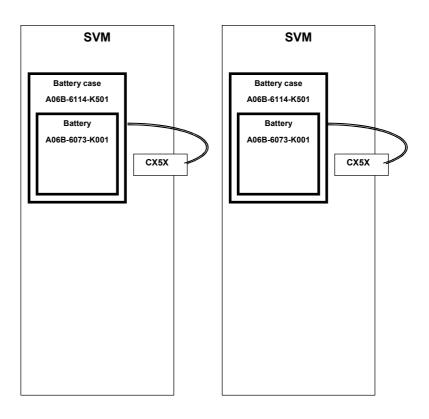
- Incorporating built-in batteries in each SVM (Models other than SVM1-360*i*, SVM1-180HV*i*, and SVM1-360HV*i*)



Using the built-in battery (A06B-6073-K001) requires the battery case (A06B-6114-K500).
 A cover originally mounted at the SVM battery location cannot be used with the battery (A06B-6073-K001).

- When using the built-in battery (A06B-6073-K001), never connect the BATL(B3) of the connector CXA2A/CXA2B.
 Otherwise, a short-circuit will occur between the output voltages of different SVM batteries, possibly resulting in the batteries becoming very hot, which is dangerous.
 Do not connect more than one battery to the same
- BATL(B3) line. Otherwise, a short-circuit will occur between the output voltages of different batteries, possibly resulting in the batteries becoming very hot, which is dangerous.

- Incorporating built-in batteries in each SVM (Models SVM1-360*i*, SVM1-180HV*i*, and SVM1-360HV*i*)



- Using the built-in battery (A06B-6073-K001) requires the battery case (A06B-6114-K501).

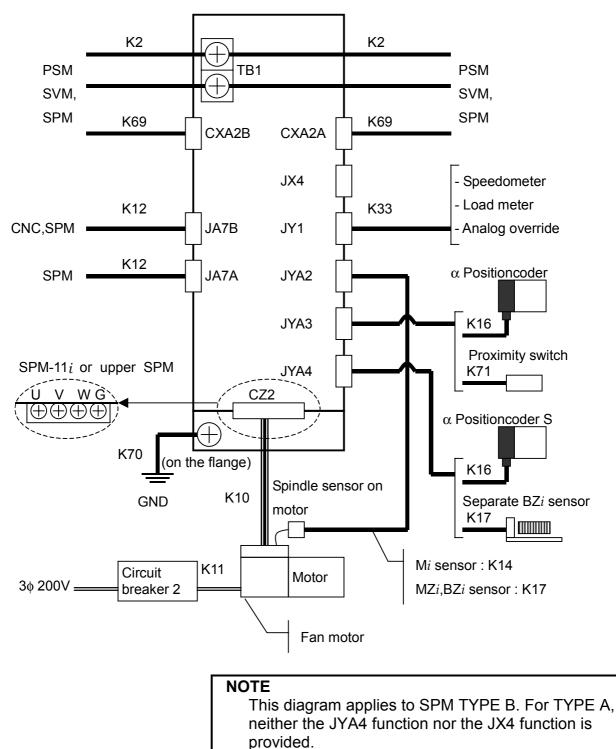
 When using the built-in battery (A06B-6073-K001), never connect the BATL(B3) of the connector CXA2A/CXA2B.
 Otherwise, a short-circuit will occur between the output voltages of different SVM batteries, possibly resulting in the batteries becoming very hot, which is dangerous.
 Do not connect more than one battery to the same BATL(B3) line.
 Otherwise, a short-circuit will occur between the output voltages of different batteries, possibly resulting in the batteries becoming very hot, which is

dangerous.

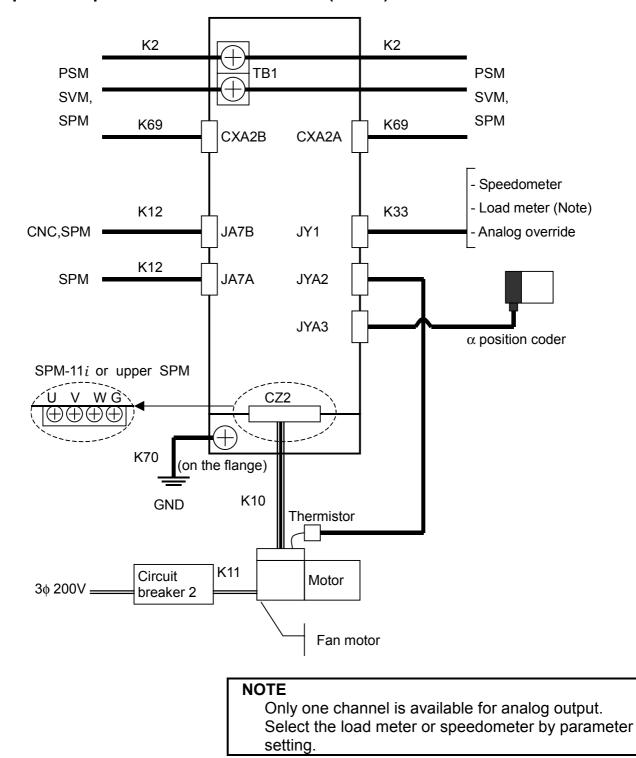
9.3.2.11 Details of cable K70

Connect the SVM flange to the grounding plate through a grounding cable. (Protective ground connection) See Subsection 9.3.1.7 for detailed descriptions about the K70.

9.3.3 Spindle Amplifier Module Connection Diagram



Spindle amplifier module (SPM)



Spindle amplifier module for αCi series (SPMC)

9.3.3.1 Details of cable K2

See Item 9.3.1.2.

9.3.3.2 Details of cable K69

See Item 9.3.1.4.

9.3.3.3 Details of cable K21

For the SPM-2.2*i*, SPM-5.5*i*, SPMC-2.2*i*, and SPMC-5.5*i*, a connector (D-5000) is used to attach the SPM motor power cable. For other models (SPM-11*i* and higher), a terminal board is used for connection.

This subsection does not include the dimensions of the crimp terminal or the shape of the motor-side connector.

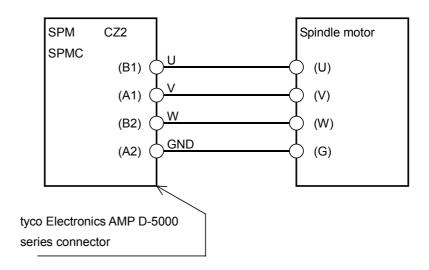
Refer to "SPINDLE MOTOR αi series Descriptions (B-65272EN)" for these items.

About the cable specification

Select the cable specification by considering the following conditions for use.

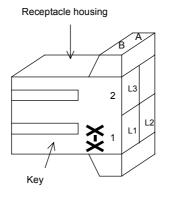
- <1> Motor current rating or current needed in use on a real machine
- <2> Cable type (heat resistance temperature, etc.)
- <3> Environment in which the cable is installed (operating ambient temperature, etc.)
- <4> Need of water proofing (pay attention to the diameter of the applicable cable clamp)
- <5> Certification for CE marking (compliance with various safety standards and EMC standard)

Connection through a connector



Specification of the key	Applicable power supply module
XX	SPM-2.2 <i>i</i> , SPM-5.5 <i>i</i>

Location of connector pins

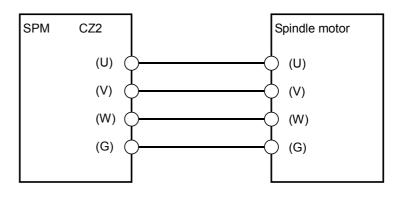


- 200-V input series

Key specification	Applicable models
	SPM-2.2 <i>i</i> , SPM-5.5 <i>i</i>
XX	SPMC-2.2 <i>i</i> , SPMC-5.5 <i>i</i>
	SPM-5.5HVi

See Subsection 9.4.2 for details.

Connection through a terminal block



- 200-V input series

Cables should be connected to the SPM and spindle motor using crimp terminals as listed in the following table.

Amplifier models	Terminal screw	Rigid torque	
SPM-11 <i>i</i> , SPMC-11 <i>i</i>	M4	1 1 to 1 5Nm	
SPM-15 <i>i</i> ,SPMC-15 <i>i</i>	M4	1.1 to 1.5Nm	
SPM-22 <i>i</i> , SPMC-22 <i>i</i>	M6		
SPM-26i	M6	3.5 to 4.5Nm	
SPM-30 <i>i</i>	M6		
SPM-45 <i>i</i> , SPM-55 <i>i</i>	U V W : M10		
3F WI-451, 3F WI-551	G : M6		

- 400-V input series

Cables should be connected to the SPM or SPMC and spindle motor using crimp terminals as listed in the following table.

Amplifier models	Terminal screw	Rigid torque			
SPM-11HVi	M4	1.1 to 1.5 Mm			
SPM-15HVi	M4	1.1 to 1.5Nm			
SPM-30HVi	M6				
SPM-45HVi	M6	3.5 to 4.5Nm			
SPM-75HVi	U,V,W : M10				
SPM-100HVi	G : M6				

9.3.3.4 Details of cable K70

Connect the SPM flange or SPMC flange to the grounding plate through a grounding cable. (Protective ground connection) For connection with the SPM or SPMC, use the crimp terminal selected according to the following table.

200-V input series

Amplifier model	Terminal screw	Rigid torque	
SPM-2.2 <i>i</i> , SPM-5.5 <i>i</i> , SPM-11 <i>i</i> , SPM-15 <i>i</i> , SPM-22 <i>i</i> , SPM-26 <i>i</i> , SPM-30 <i>i</i> SPMC-2.2 <i>i</i> , SPMC-5.5 <i>i</i> , SPMC-11 <i>i</i> , SPMC-15 <i>i</i> , SPMC-22 <i>i</i>	M5	2 to 2.5Nm	

See Subsection 9.3.1.7. for details of the cable K70.

400-V input series

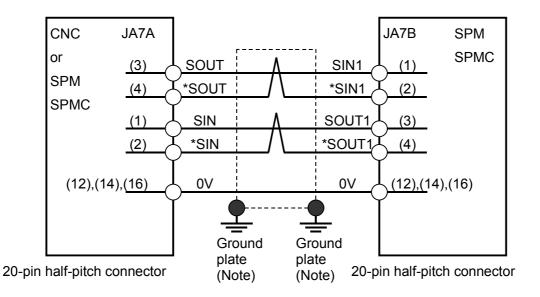
Amplifier model	Terminal screw	Rigid torque
SPM-5.5HV <i>i</i> , SPM-11HV <i>i</i> , SPM-15HV <i>i</i> , SPM-30HV <i>i</i> , SPM-45HV <i>i</i>	M5	2 to 2.5Nm
SPM-75HV <i>i</i> , SPM-100HV <i>i</i>	M6	

See Subsection 9.3.1.7. for details of the cable K70.

9.3.3.5 Details of cable K11

See FANUC AC SPINDLE MOTOR αi series DESCRIPTIOPNS (B-65272EN) for details of this Subsection.

9.3.3.6 Details of cable K12



Cable specification: 0.09 mm² twisted pair with common shielded Recommended cable (wire only): A66L-0001-0284#10P See Section 9.4.1 for details of connectors applied to recommended cable.

See Appendix B for details of cables.

NOTE

If cable K12 is installed near the likes of a power cable, its shielding wire must be connected to a grounding plate. If an SPM or SPMC is installed near the CNC or another SPM or SPMC, however, it is not necessary to connect the shielding wire to a grounding plate. JA7A and JA7B

		10			20	EV(Nata 1)
9	5V (Note 1)	10		19	20	5V (Note 1)
		8			18	5V (Note 1)
7				17		, ,
-		6		15	16	0V
5				15		
3	SOUT	4	*SOUT	13	14	0V
		2	*01N		10	0)/
1	SIN	2	*SIN	11	12	0V

NOTE

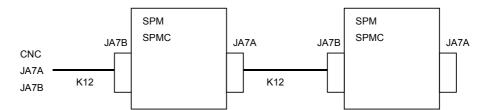
- 1 The +5V pin is intended for optical link transmission based on the optical I/O link adapter. Do not use it when a metal cable is being used; otherwise, the +5 V line of the CNC will be short-circuited with that of the SPM or SPMC.
- 2 SPM or SPMC serial interface connection using an optical fiber cable The use of an optical I/O link adapter with the SPM

or SPMC serial interface extends the maximum allowable length of the optical fiber cable to up to 200 m.

Use optical fiber cables in the following cases:

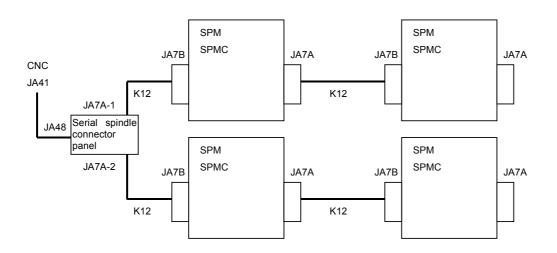
- When the required cable length is 20 m or longer.
- When the cable must be extended across multiple cabinets, and the cabinets cannot be connected with a grounding wire 5.5 mm² or larger.
- The cable may be affected by noise, for example, if the cable is laid near a strong magnetic noise source like a welding machine or in parallel with a power line over a long distance.

- Electrical interface connection between two SPM or SMPC units



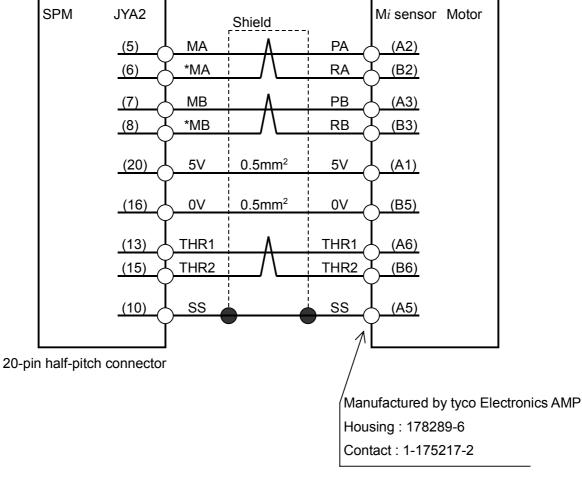
- Electrical interface connection between four SPM or SMPC units in *i* series

Refer to the applicable CNC Connection Manual (Hardware) for a detailed description of the serial spindle connector panel.



9.3.3.7 Details of cable K14

For the motor with Mi sensor



Cable specification :

6 common shielded cable

(Three 0.18 mm² twisted pairs + 0.5 mm² wires)

Recommended cable conductor : A66L-0001-0368

See Section 9.4.1 for explanations about the JYA2-side connector that matches the recommended cable. See Appendix B, "About Cable Conductors," for detailed explanations about the cable.

NOTE

If only one 5 V line and only one 0 V line are used, use pins 20 and 16 for them, so that, if the connector is attached the wrong way, the sensor can be prevented from being damaged.

- Connector pin assignment

JYA2

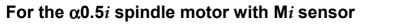
		40					-
9	5V	10	SS	19	#	20	5V
		8	*MB			18	5V
7	MB	Ĵ		17	#		
		6	*MA			16	0V
5	MA	0	IVIA	15	THR2	10	00
		4	#			14	0V
3	#	4	#	13	THR1	14	00
		2	*1.47			10	0\/
1	MZ	2	*MZ	11	#	12	0V

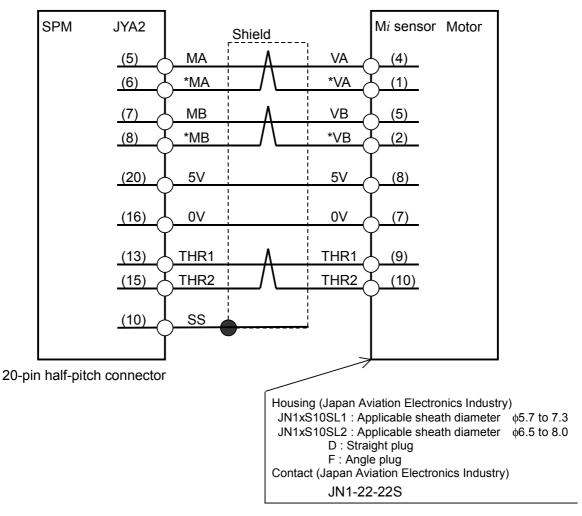
NOTE

Do not use any pin that is marked #, because they may already be in use for input/output signals for an optional PCB.

Pin arrangement of the connector (manufactured by tyco Electronics AMP) on the motor side

A1	+5V	B1	
A2	PA	B2	RA
A3	PB	B3	RB
A4		B4	
A5	SS	B5	0V
A6	THR1	B6	THR2





Cable specification :

2 common shielded cable

(Three 0.2mm² twisted pairs + 0.3mm² wires)

Recommended cable conductor : A66L-0001-0482

See Section 9.4.1 for explanations about the JYA2-side connector that matches the recommended cable. See Appendix B, "About Cable Conductors," for detailed explanations about the cable.

NOTE

Keep the electrical resistance across each of the 5V and 0V lines to within 5.7Ω . Recommended cable : Up to 41m

Connector pin assignment

1	*VA
2	*VB
3	
4	VA
5	VB
6	
7	0V
8	5V
9	THR1
10	THR2

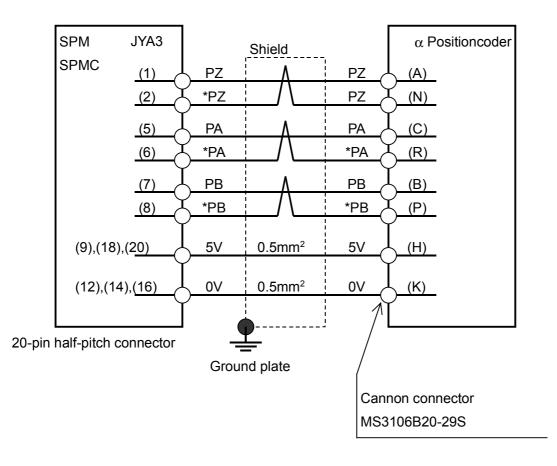
Pin arrangement of the connector (manufactured by Japan Aviation Electronics Industry) on the motor side

• Crimp tool specification A06B-6114-K201/JN1S (Applicable wire diameter : AWG#22 to #24, AWG#26 to #28)

• Connector kit specification

A06B-6114-K200/S : Straight plug (including a contact) A06B-6114-K200/E : Elbow plug (including a contact)

9.3.3.8 Details of cable K16



Cable specification :

6 common shielded cable

(Three 0.18 mm² twisted pairs + 0.5 mm² wires)

Recommended cable conductor : A66L-0001-0286

See Section 9.4.1 for explanations about the JYA3-side connector that matches the recommended cable. See Appendix B, "About Cable Conductors," for detailed explanations about the cable.

NOTE

If only one 5 V line and only one 0 V line are used, use pins 20 and 16 for them, so that, if the connector is attached the wrong way, the sensor can be prevented from being damaged.

Connector pin assignment

JYA3

9	5V	10	#	19	#	20	5V
		8	*PB			18	5V
7	PB	Ľ	10	17	#	10	
		6	*PA			16	0V
5	PA	0	FA	15	EXTSC	10	00
		1				11	0\/
3	#	4	#	13	SCCOM	14	0V
		_	*D7			40	0) (
1	ΡZ	2	*PZ	11	24V	12	0V

NOTE

Do not use any pin that is marked #, because they may already be in use for input/output signals for an optional PCB.

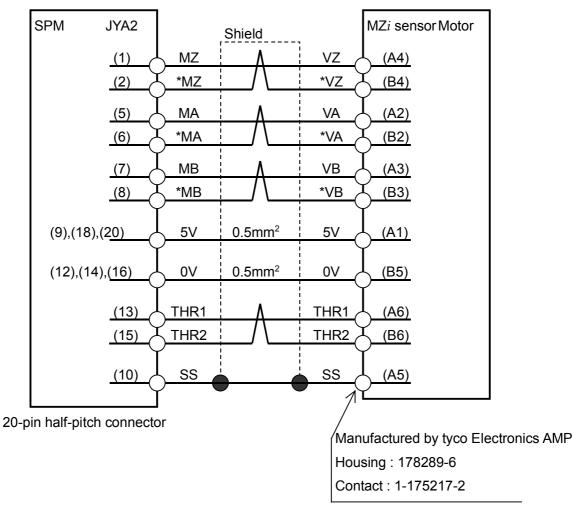
Pin arrangement of the cannon connector on the Positioncoder side

А	PA	В	ΡZ	С	PB
D		Е		F	
G		Н	+5V	J	
к	0V	L		М	
Ν	*PA	Р	*PZ	R	*PB
S		Т			

9.3.3.9 Details of cable K17

It is unnecessary to wire THR1 and THR2 if the BZ*i* sensor is used as a separate detector (connected to the connector JYA4).

For the motor with MZi sensor



Cable specification :

6 common shielded cable

(Four 0.18 mm² twisted pairs + 0.5 mm² wires)

Recommended cable conductor : A66L-0001-0368 See Section 9.4.1 for explanations about the JYA2-side connector that

matches the recommended cable. See Appendix B, "About Cable Conductors," for detailed explanations about the cable.

NOTE

If only one 5 V line and only one 0 V line are used, use pins 20 and 16 for them, so that, if the connector is attached the wrong way, the sensor can be prevented from being damaged.

- Connector pin assignment

JYA2

See Subsection for cable K14.

JYA4

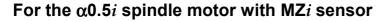
		4.0					
9	5V	10	SS	19	#	20	5V
	MD	8	*MB	47	щ	18	5V
7	MB			17	#		
5	MA	6	*MA	15		16	0V
		4	#			14	0V
3	#	-	π	13		17	01
		2	*1.47			10	0\/
1	MZ	2	*MZ	11	#	12	0V

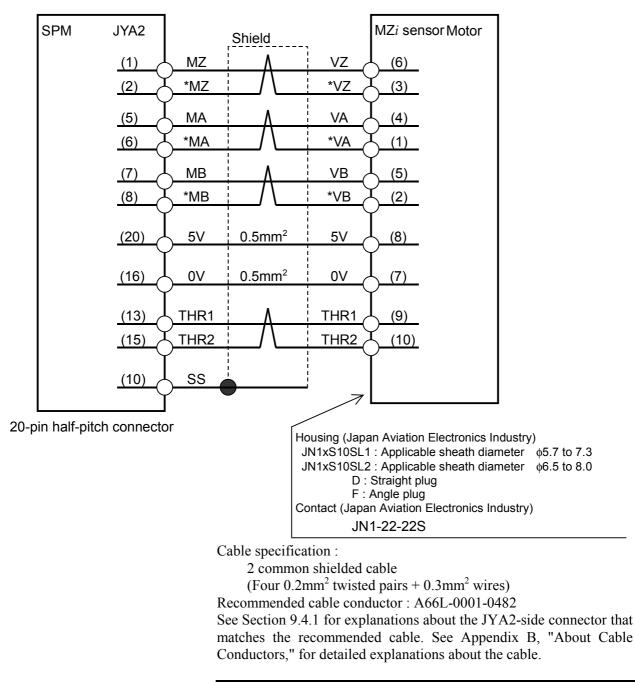
NOTE

Do not use any pin that is marked #, because they may already be in use for input/output signals for an optional PCB.

Pin arrangement of the connector (manufactured by tyco Electronics AMP) on the motor side

A1	+5V	B1	
A2	VA	B2	*VA
A3	VB	B3	*VB
A4	VZ	B4	*VZ
A5	SS	B5	0V
A6	THR1	B6	THR2





NOTE

Keep the electrical resistance across each of the 5V and 0V lines to within 4Ω . Recommended cable : Up to 28m

Connector pin assignment

1	*VA
2	*VB
3	*VZ
4	VA
5	VB
6	VZ
7	0V
8	5V
9	THR1
10	THR2

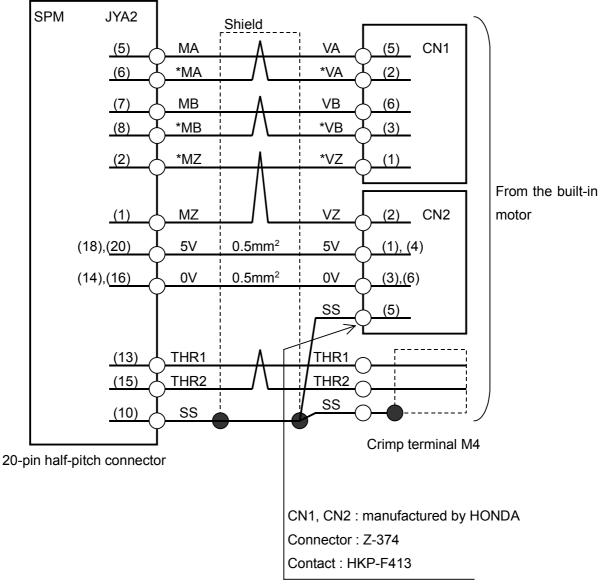
Pin arrangement of the connector (manufactured by Japan Aviation Electronics Industry) on the motor side

• Crimp tool specification A06B-6114-K201/JN1S (Applicable wire diameter : AWG#22 to #24, AWG#26 to #28)

• Connector kit specification

A06B-6114-K200/S : Straight plug (including a contact) A06B-6114-K200/E : Elbow plug (including a contact)

For the built-in spindle motor (BZi sensor)



Cable specification :

6 common shielded cable

(Four 0.18 mm² twisted pairs + 0.5 mm² wires)

Recommended cable conductor : A66L-0001-0368

See Section 9.4.1 for explanations about the JYA2-side connector that matches the recommended cable. See Appendix B, "About Cable Conductors," for detailed explanations about the cable.

NOTE

If only one 5 V line and only one 0 V line are used, use pins 20 and 16 for them, so that, if the connector is attached the wrong way, the sensor can be prevented from being damaged.

- Connector pin assignment

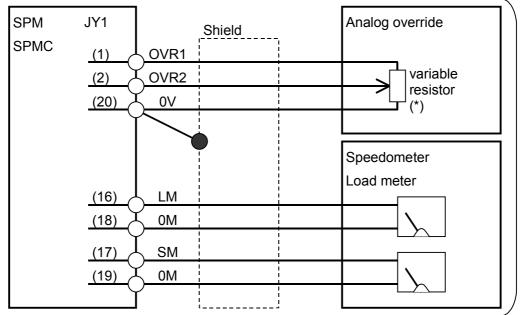
Pin arrangement of the connector CN1 (manufactured by Honda Tsushin Honda Kogyo Co., Ltd.) on the motor side

1	*VZ	4	
2	*VA	5	VA
3	*VB	6	VB

Pin arrangement of the connector CN2 (manufactured by Honda Tsushin Honda Kogyo Co., Ltd.) on the motor side

1	5V	4	5V
2	VZ	5	SS
3	0V	6	0V

9.3.3.10 Details of cable K33



20-pin half-pitch connector

Power magnetics cabinet

Cable specification :

0.09 mm² common shielded cable

Recommended cable conductor : A66L-0001-0284#10P See Section 9.4.1 for explanations about the JYA1-side connector that matches the recommended cable. See Appendix B, "About Cable Conductors," for detailed explanations about the cable.

NOTE

- 1 Select such an external resistance such that VR+R1 falls within the range between 2 k Ω and 10 k Ω .
- 2 The SPMC has no LM output. For the SM output, select the load meter or speedometer by parameter setting.

- Connector pin assignment

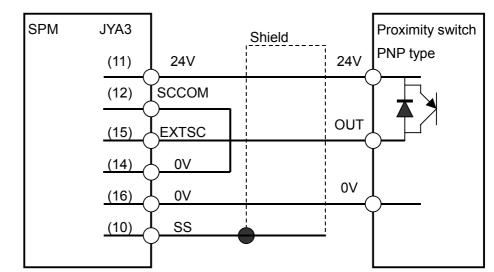
JY1

		4.0					0) (
9	#	10	#	19	0M	20	0V
		8	#			18	ОМ
7	#	_		17	SM	_	-
		6	#			16	LM
5	#			15	#		
		4	#			14	#
3	#			13	#		
		2	OVR2			12	#
1	OVR1			11	#		

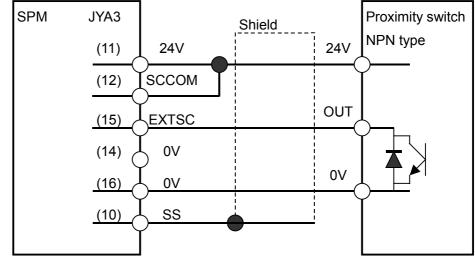
NOTE

Pins indicated # are intended to input or output signals used on a spindle check board. Do not connect any other signal line to them.

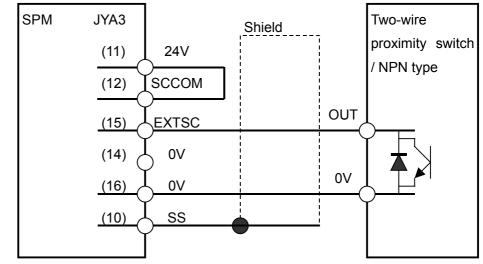
9.3.3.11 Details of cable K71



20-pin half-pitch connector



20-pin half-pitch connector



20-pin half-pitch connector

Cable specification :

0.09 mm² common shielded cable

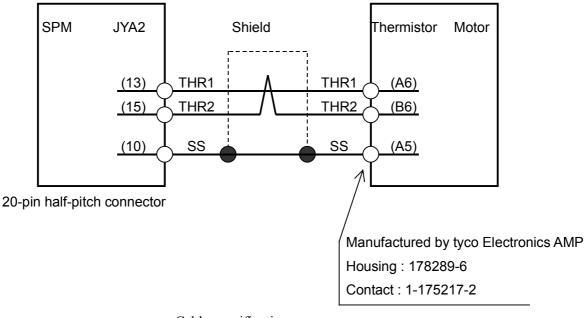
Recommended cable conductor : A66L-0001-0284#10P

See Section 9.4.1 for explanations about the JYA3-side connector that matches the recommended cable. See Appendix B, "About Cable Conductors," for detailed explanations about the cable.

- Connector pin assignment

See Subsection "- Connector pin assignment" for the K16.

9.3.3.12 Details of cable K79



Cable specification :

 0.18 mm^2 twisted pair with common shielded

Recommended cable conductor : A66L-0001-0368

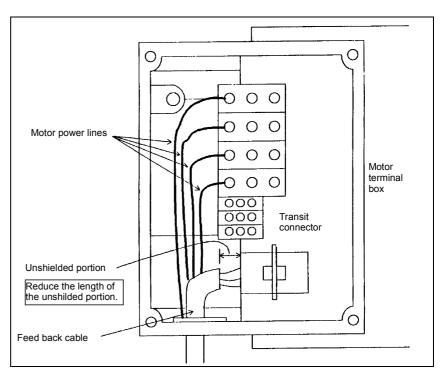
See Section 9.4.1 for explanations about the JYA3-side connector that matches the recommended cable. See Appendix B, "About Cable Conductors," for detailed explanations about the cable.

9.3.3.13 Spindle Motor Feedback Cable Connection

The connector of the feedback cable connected to the spindle motor may have the following problems, depending on the wiring in the motor terminal box (transit box for the built-in motor):

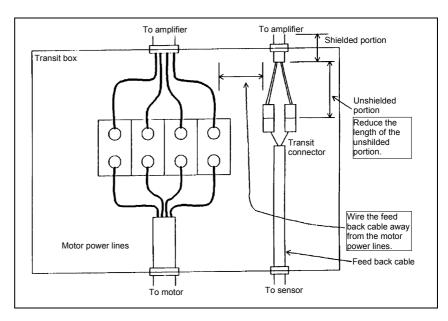
- Variations in low speed become large.
- The alarm lamp indicating a discontinued sensor signal lights improperly.
- The alarm lamp indicating a missing sensor signal position pulse lights improperly (for the MZ*i* and BZ*i* sensors).

Give consideration to wiring so that minimum lengths of non-shielded portions are provided for the connector connecting the cable for SPM and signals output from the spindle motor. (See the examples below.)



(1) Sample wiring in the motor terminal box

(2) Sample wiring in the relay box for the built-in motor



9.4 DETAILS OF CONNECTORS

9.4.1 20-Pin Half-Pitch Connectors

The following table lists the 20-pin half-pitch connectors used for the αi series servo amplifier and the recommended cables for these connectors.

Use connectors that match the recommended cables specified on the applicable connection diagram in detail.

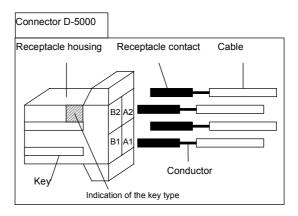
Recommended-cable specification	Applicable connector	Connector model number	Housing model number	Connector + housing
		Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. FI30-20S	Sideways cable slot type FI-20-CVS2	Sideways cable slot type FI30-20S-CVS2
Acci 0001 0284#10D	Crimp type	Honda Tsushin Kogyo Co., Ltd. PCR20FA	PCR-V20LA	
A66L-0001-0284#10P	Soldering type	Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. FI40-20S Honda Tsushin Kogyo Co., Ltd. PCR20FS	Sideways cable slot type FI-20-CVS2 PCR-V20LA	Sideways cable slot type FI20-20S-CVS2
A66L-0001-0286 A66L-0001-0460 A66L-0001-0462 A66L-0001-0481 A66L-0001-0482 A66L-0001-0491	Soldering type Note that this connector does not have pin No. 11, 13, 15, 17, or 19.	Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. FI40B-2015S	Sideways cable slot type FI-2015-CVS	Sideways cable slot type FI40B-2015S-CVS
A66L-0001-0368	Soldering type	Hirose Electric Co., Ltd. FI40B-20S	Sideways cable slot type FI-20-CVS5	Sideways cable slot type FI40B-20S-CVS5

9.4.2 tyco Electronics AMP D-5000 Series Connector

The αi series uses the D-5000 series connector (manufactured by tyco Electronics AMP) for the motor power cable.

The connector is provided with three keys that assure it is inserted in the correct direction. In addition, four types of receptacle contacts are available, from which the user can select the suitable one depending on the amount of current to use (size of the conductor).

Connectors and tools can be ordered directly from tyco Electronics AMP. FANUC also furnishes options. For details, see Subsection 3.1.3.3, "Connectors."



Receptacle housing

There are three different key types for the receptacle housing. Be sure to select the receptacle housing of the key type that matches the servo axis you use.

Receptacle housing model number	Specificatio n of the key	Applicable servo amplifier
1-917807-2	xx	PSM-5.5 <i>i</i> , SPM-2.2 <i>i</i> , SPM-5.5 <i>i</i> SVM1, SVM2(L), SVM3(L)
3-917807-2	XY	SVM2(M), SVM3(M)
2-917807-2	YY	SVM3(N)

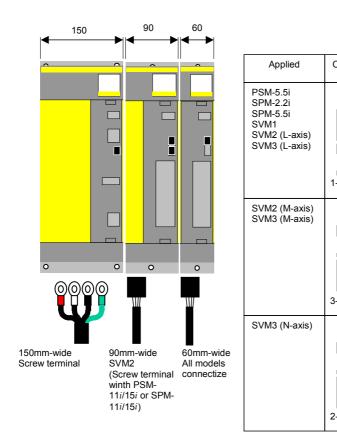
(Reference)

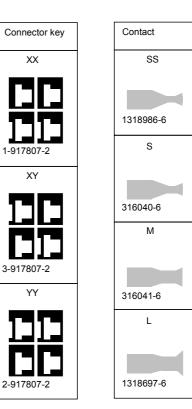
There is a cable-end connectors which are inserted no matter what key is used. Contact the connector manufacturer (tyco Electronics AMP) for details.

Receptacle contact

Four receptacle contact types are available, so as to support different conductor diameters. Be sure to select the receptacle contact that matches the servo axis you use.

Rectangle contact model number		Conductor size (mm ²)	Conductor size AWG	Insulation outer diameter (mm)	Manual tool model number
SS size	1318986-6	0.50 – 1.42	20/18/16	1.08-3.23	1366656-1
S size	316040-6	1.23 – 2.27	16/14	3.0-3.8	234170-1
M size	316041-6	3.08 - 5.50	12/10	4.0-5.2	234171-1
L size	1318697-6	7.27 – 8.92	8	4.9-7.8	1366044-1





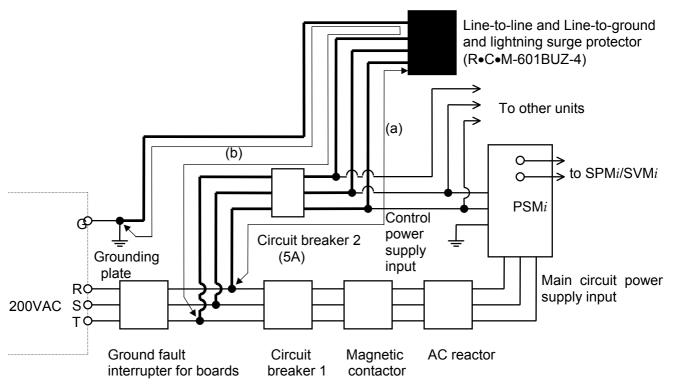
APPENDIX

A FITTING A LIGHTNING SURGE PROTECTION DEVICE

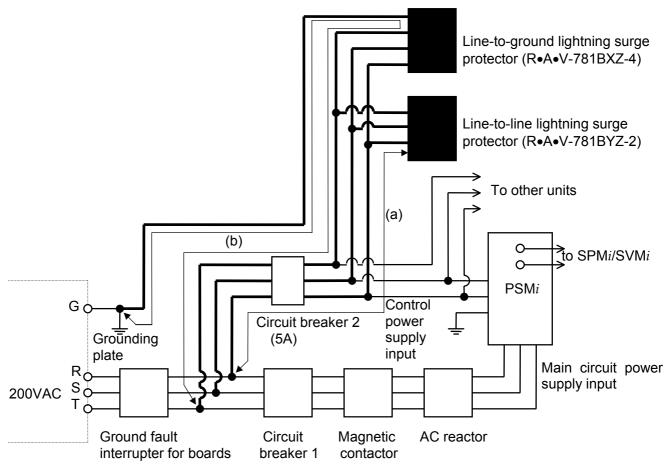
This appendix describes how to install a lightning surge protector and provides notes on installation.

A.1 200-V INPUT SERIES POWER SUPPLY

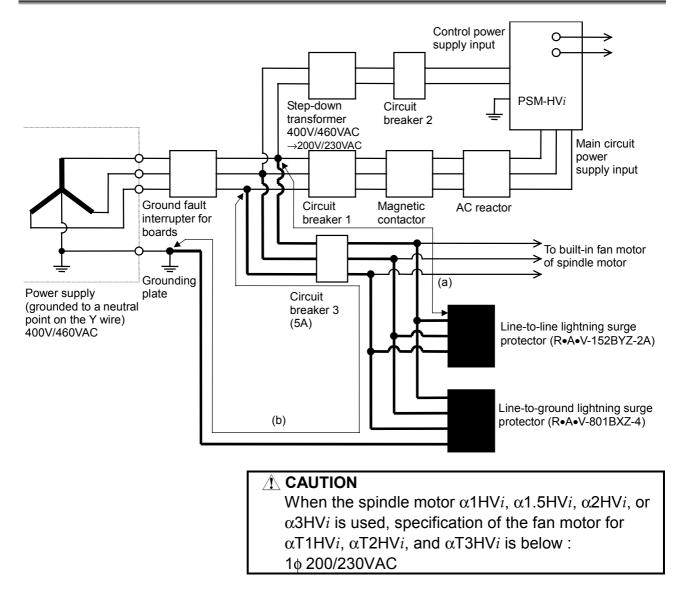
When a line-to-line and line-to-ground lightning surge protector is used



When line-to-line and line-to-ground lightning surge protectors are individually used



A.2 400-V INPUT SERIES POWER SUPPLY



A.3 CAUTIONS

(1)	To increase the efficiency of lightning surge absorption, the
	wires indicated by bold lines should be as short as possible.
	Wire cross-sectional area : 2 mm ² or more
	Wire length :
	The total length of the cables used for lightning surge
	protection device 1 (a) and that used for lightning surge

(2) When performing a dielectric strength test by applying an overvoltage to the power line, lightning surge protection device 2 must be removed to enable the applied voltage to be maintained.

protection device 2 (b) must not exceed 2 m.

- (3) The circuit breaker 2 (5A) or circuit breaker 3 (5A) works for line protection when the lightning surge absorber is short-circuited because of a surge higher than its rating being applied.
- (4) Because current does not flow through the lightning surge absorber 1 nor 2 in a normal state, the circuit breaker 2 (5A) or circuit breaker 3 (5A) can be used together with the surge absorbers as well as with other equipment.

CABLES

This appendix describes the cables used for the 20-pin interface connectors.

The cables are basically the same as those used for the FS16/18.

The table below lists the cables we have developed for interface connectors.

Contact the manufacturers as required.

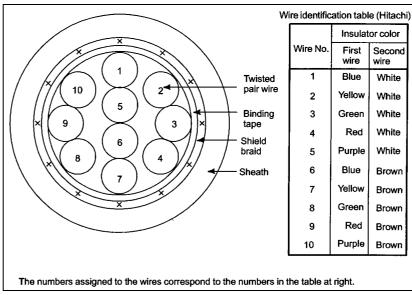
Cable name	Purpose		Configuration	FANUC specification	Manufacturer	Manufacturer specification
10	For general use		0.09mm ² 10 pairs		Hitachi Cable,	UL20276-SB(0)
10-pair cable					Ltd. Oki Electric	10P×28AWG(7/0.127)
					Cable Co., Ltd.	7/0.127 10P VX10-SV
			0.3mm ² 5 cables	A661-0001-0460	Hitachi Cable,	UL20276-SB(FLEX)
			0.20mm ² 1 pairs		Ltd.	5×23AWG+1P×25AWG
Composite			0.5mm ² 5 cables	A66L-0001-0462	Hitachi Cable,	UL20276-SB(FLEX)
7-core	Pulsecoder	Flexible	0.20mm ² 1 pairs	A00L-0001-0402	Ltd.	5×20AWG+1P×25AWG
cable		28m or less	0.3mm ² 5 cables	A66L-0001-0481	Hitachi Cable,	UL20276-SB(0)
cable		Fixed	0.18mm ² 1 pairs	A00L-0001-0401	Ltd.	5×23AWG+1P×25AWG
		50m or less	0.5mm ² 5 cables	A66L-0001-0491	Hitachi Cable,	UL20276-SB(0)
		Fixed	0.18mm ² 1 pairs		Ltd.	5×20AWG+1P×25AWG
Composite	-core For MZ is sensor (for $\alpha 0.5i$)		0.3mm ² 2 cables	A661-0001-0482	Hitachi Cable,	UL20276-SB(FLEX)
10-core cable					Ltd.	2×23AWG+4P×25AWG
Composito			0.5mm ² 6 cables 0.18mm ² 3 pairs		Hitachi Cable,	F-CO-VV(0)-SB
Composite					Ltd.	6×0.5SQ+3P×0.18SQ
12-core					Oki Electric	MIX12C(7/0.18,
cable					Cable Co., Ltd.	20/0.18)HRS-SV
Composite	Lor M// concor		0.5 mm ² 6 cables		Shinko Electric	
16-core					Industries Co.,	FNC-021
cable			0.18mm ² 5 pairs		Ltd.	

B.1 10-PAIR CABLE

Specifications

ltem		Unit	Specifications	
Product No.		_	A66L-0001-0284#10P	
Manufacturer			Hitachi Cable,Ltd.	
		_	Oki Electric Cable, Co.,Ltd.	
Rating		_	60°C, 30V:UL2789 80°C, 30V:UL80276	
	Conductor	_	Stranded wire of tinned annealed copper (ASTM B-286)	
Matarial	Insulator	_	Cross-linked vinyl	
Material	Shield braid	_	Tinned annealed copper wire	
	Sheath	_	Heat-resistant oilproof vinyl	
Number of pairs		Pairs	10	
	Size	AWG	28	
Conductor	Structure	Conductors/ mm	7/0.127	
	Outside diameter	mm	0.38	
	Thickness	mm	0.1 (Thinnest portion : 0.08(3. 1mils))	
Insulator	Outside diameter (approx.)	mm	0.58	
	Core style (rating)	mm	UL15157(80°C, 30V)	
Twisted pair	Outside diameter (approx.)	mm	1.16	
-	Pitch	mm	20 or less	
Lay		_	Collect the required number of twisted pairs into a cable, then wrap binding tape around the cable. To make the cable round apply a cable separator as required.	
Lay diameter (app	prox.)	mm	3.5	
Drain wire		Conductors/ mm	Hitachi Cable : Not available Oki Electric Cable : Available,10/0.12	
Shield braid	Element wire diameter	mm	0.12	
	Braid density	%	85 or more	
	Color	—	Black	
Sheath	Thickness	mm	1.0	
Sheath	Outside diameter (approx.)	mm	6.2	
Standard length		mm	200	
Packing method		mm	Bundle	
	Resistance of conductor (20°C)	Ω/km	233 or less	
Electrical performance	Insulation resistance (20°C)	MΩ-km	10 or less	
	Dielectric strength (AC)	V/min	300	
Flame resistance		_	Shall pass flame resistance test VW-1SC of UL standards.	

Cable structure





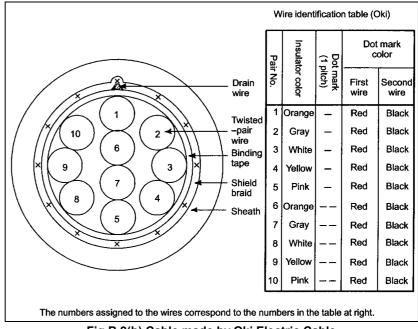


Fig.B.2(b) Cable made by Oki Electric Cable

B.2 COMPOSITE 7-CORE CABLE

A66L-0001-0460

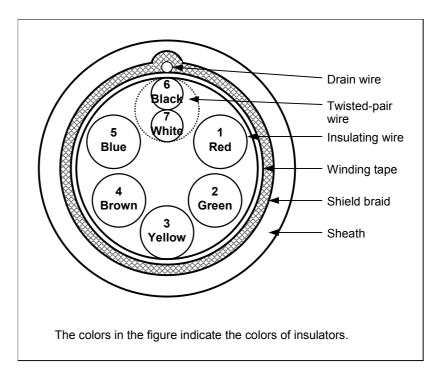
- Specifications

ltem		Unit	Specifications		
Product No.		-	A66L-0001-0460		
Manufacturer		_	Hitachi Electric Cable Co., Ltd.		
Rating		_	80°C, 30V		
	Conductor,braid-shielded wire,drain wire	-	Strand wire of tinned annealed copper (JIS C3152)		
Material	Insulator	_	Fluorine plastics (ETFE)		
	Sheath	-	Oilproof, heat-resistant vinyl		
Number of wi	res (wire nos.)	Cores	5 (1 to 5) 2 (one pair) (6 to 7)		
	Size	mm ²	0.3	0.20	
Conductor	Structure	Conductors /mm	60/0.08	40/0.08	
	Conductors	mm	0.72	0.58	
Insulator	Standard thickness	mm	0.15	0.15	
Insulator	Outside diameter	mm	1.02	0.88	
Twisted pair	Outside diameter	mm	_	1.76	
Twisted pair	Pitch (approx.)	mm	_	13	
Lay diameter	(approx.)	mm	3.4		
	Size	mm ²	0.15		
Drain wire	Structure	Wires/mm	30/0.08		
	Outside diameter	mm	0.51		
	Element wire diameter	mm	0.12		
Shield braid	Thickness	mm	0.3		
	Braid density	%	85 or more		
	Outside diameter (approx.)	mm	4.2		
	Color	_	Black		
Sheath	Standard thickness	mm	1.0		
Sheath	Standard outside diameter (approx.)	mm	6.2		
	Outside diameter allowance	mm	5.7 to 7.3 (Note)		
Standard length		m	200		
Packing method		_	Bundle		
Electrical	Resistance of conductor (at 20°C) (wire nos.)	Ω/km	69.5 or less (1 to 5)	109 or less (6 to 7)	
performance		MΩ-km	100 or more		
	Dielectric strength (AC)	_	500VAC for 5 minutes		
Flame resistance		_	Shall pass flame resistance test VW-1 of UL standards.		

NOTE

The maximum outside diameter applies to portions other than the drain wire.

- Cable structure



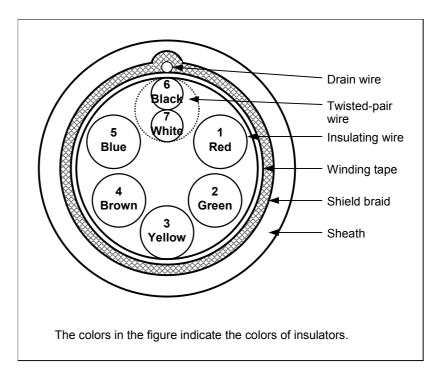
A66L-0001-0462

- Specifications

ltem		Unit	Specifications	
Product No.		_	A66L-0001-0462	
Manufacturer		_	Hitachi Electric Cable Co., Ltd.	
Rating		_	80°C, 30V	
	Conductor,braid-shielded wire,drain wire	-	Strand wire of tinned annealed copper (JIS C3152)	
Material	Insulator	_	Fluorine plastics (ETFE)	
	Sheath	_	Oilproof, heat-resistant vinyl	
Number of wi	res (wire nos.)	Cores	5 (1 to 5)	2 (one pair) (6 to 7)
	Size	mm ²	0.5	0.20
Conductor	Structure	Conductors /mm	104/0.08	40/0.08
	Conductors	mm	0.94	0.58
Inculator	Standard thickness	mm	0.2	0.15
Insulator	Outside diameter	mm	1.34	0.88
Twisted pair	Outside diameter	mm	_	1.76
Twisted pair	Pitch (approx.)	mm	_	13
Lay diameter	(approx.)	mm	4.2	
	Size	mm ²	0.15	
Drain wire	Structure	Wires/mm	30/0.08	
	Outside diameter	mm	0.51	
	Element wire diameter	mm	0.12	
Shield braid	Thickness	mm	0.3	
Shield braid	Braid density	%	85 or more	
	Outside diameter (approx.)	mm	5.0	
	Color	_	Black	
	Standard thickness	mm	1.0	
Sheath	Standard outside diameter (approx.)	mm	7.0	
	Outside diameter allowance	mm	6.5 to 8.0 (Note)	
Standard length		m	200	
Packing method		_	Bundle	
Electrical	Resistance of conductor (at 20°C) (wire nos.)	Ω/km	40.1 or less (1 to 5)	109 or less (6 to 7)
performance		MΩ-km	100 or more	
-	Dielectric strength (AC)	_	500VAC for 5 minutes	
Flame resistance		_	Shall pass flame resistance test VW-1 of UL standards.	

NOTE The maximum outside diameter applies to portions other than the drain wire.

- Cable structure



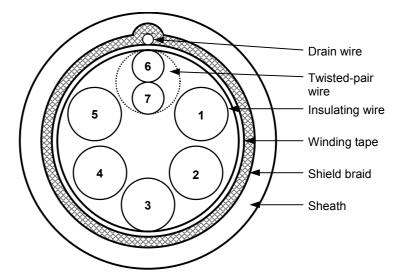
A66L-0001-0481

- Specifications

ltem		Unit	Specifications		
Product No.		_	A66L-0001-0481		
Manufacturer		-	Hitachi Electric Cable Co., Ltd.		
Rating		-	80°C, 30V		
	Conductor,braid-shielded wire,drain wire	_	Strand wire of tinned annealed copper (JIS C3152)		
Material	Insulator	_	Heat-resistant vinyl		
	Sheath	_	Oilproof, heat-resistant vinyl		
Number of wir	res (wire nos.)	Cores	5 (1 to 5)	2 (one pair) (6 to 7)	
	Size	mm ²	0.3	0.18	
Conductor	Structure	Conductors /mm	12/0.18	7/0.18	
	Conductors	mm	0.72	0.54	
Insulator	Standard thickness	mm	0.25	0.25	
Insulator	Outside diameter	mm	1.22	0.94	
Twisted pair	Outside diameter	mm	_	1.88	
Twisted pair	Pitch (approx.)	mm	_	20	
Lay diameter	(approx.)	mm	3.9		
	Size	mm ²	0.18		
Drain wire	Structure	Wires/mm	7/0.18		
	Outside diameter	mm	0.54		
	Element wire diameter	mm	0.12		
Chield breid	Thickness	mm	0.3		
Shield braid	Braid density	%	85 or more		
	Outside diameter (approx.)	mm	4.6		
	Color	-	Black		
	Standard thickness	mm	0.8		
Sheath	Standard outside diameter (approx.)	mm	6.2		
	Outside diameter allowance	mm	5.7 to 7.3 (Note)		
Standard length		m	200		
Packing method		-	Bundle		
Electrical	Resistance of conductor (at 20°C) (wire nos.)	Ω/km	65.7 or less (1 to 5)	113 or less (6 to 7)	
	Insulation resistance (20°C)	MΩ-km	15 or more	· ·	
-	Dielectric strength (AC)	_	500VAC for 5 minutes		
Flame resistance		_	Shall pass flame resistance test VW-1 of UL standards.		

NOTE The maximum outside diameter applies to portions other than the drain wire.

- Cable structure



The numbers assigned to the wires correspond to the numbers in the table below.

Wire No.	Insulator color	Dot mark color
1	Yellow	
2	Yellow	Black
3	Yellow	Red
4	Bright green	Black
5	Bright green	Red
6	Light brown	Black
7	Light brown	Red

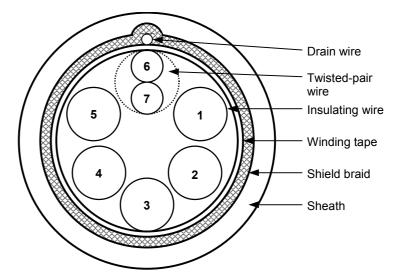
A66L-0001-0491

- Specifications

ltem		Unit	Specifications		
Product No.		_	A66L-0001-0491		
Manufacturer		_	Hitachi Electric Cable Co., Ltd.		
Rating		_	80°C, 30V		
	Conductor,braid-shielded wire,drain wire	-	Strand wire of tinned annealed copper (JIS C3152)		
Material	Insulator	_	Heat-resistant vinyl		
	Sheath	_	Oilproof, heat-resistant vinyl		
Number of wi	res (wire nos.)	Cores	5 (1 to 5) 2 (one pair) (6 to 7)		
	Size	mm ²	0.5	0.18	
Conductor	Structure	Conductors /mm	20/0.18	7/0.18	
	Conductors	mm	0.93	0.54	
Inculator	Standard thickness	mm	0.25	0.25	
Insulator	Outside diameter	mm	1.43	0.94	
Twisted pair	Outside diameter	mm	_	1.88	
Twisted pair	Pitch (approx.)	mm	_	23	
Lay diameter	(approx.)	mm	4.4		
	Size	mm ²	0.18		
Drain wire	Structure	Wires/mm	7/0.18		
	Outside diameter	mm	0.54		
	Element wire diameter	mm	0.12		
Shield braid	Thickness	mm	0.3		
Shield braid	Braid density	%	85 or more		
	Outside diameter (approx.)	mm	5.1		
	Color	_	Black		
	Standard thickness	mm	0.55		
Sheath	Standard outside diameter (approx.)	mm	6.2		
Outside diameter allowance		mm	5.7 to 7.3 (Note)		
Standard length		m	200		
Packing method		_	Bundle		
Electrical	Resistance of conductor (at 20°C) (wire nos.)	Ω/km	39.4 or less (1 to 5)	113 or less (6 to 7)	
performance	Insulation resistance (20°C)	MΩ-km	15 or more		
-	Dielectric strength (AC)	_	500VAC for 5 minutes		
Flame resistance		_	Shall pass flame resistance test VW-1 of UL standards.		

NOTE The maximum outside diameter applies to portions other than the drain wire.

- Cable structure



The numbers assigned to the wires correspond to the numbers in the table below.

Wire No.	Insulator color	Dot mark color	
1	Light brown		
2	Yellow		
3	Yellow	Black	
4	Yellow	Red	
5	Bright green		
6	Light brown	Black	
7	Light brown	Red	

B.3 COMPOSITE 10-CORE CABLE

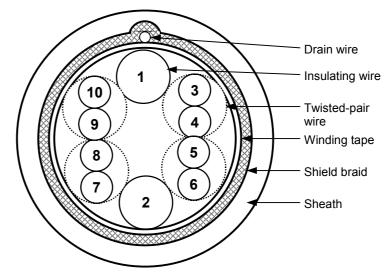
Specifications

ltem		Unit	Spec	cifications
Product No.		_	A66L-0001-0482	
Manufacturer		-	Hitachi Electric Cable Co., Ltd.	
Rating		_	80°C, 30V	
Conductor,braid-shielded wire,drain wire		-	Strand wire of tinned anne	aled copper (JIS C3152)
Material	Insulator	_	Heat-resistant vinyl	
	Sheath	_	Oilproof, heat-resistant vin	vl
Number of wi	res (wire nos.)	Cores	2	8 (four pairs)
	Size	mm ²	0.3	0.2
Conductor	Structure	Conductors /mm	60/0.08	40/0.08
	Conductors	mm	0.72	0.58
la sulstan	Standard thickness	mm	0.25	0.2
Insulator	Outside diameter	mm	1.22	0.98
T	Outside diameter	mm	-	1.96
Twisted pair	Pitch (approx.)	mm	-	15 (two pairs), 20 (two pairs)
Lay diameter		mm	5.0	
•	Size	mm ²	0.15	
Drain wire	Structure	Wires/mm	30/0.08	
	Outside diameter	mm	0.51	
	Element wire diameter	mm	0.12	
	Thickness	mm	0.3	
Shield braid	Braid density	%	85 or more	
	Outside diameter (approx.)	mm	5.7	
	Color	-	Black	
	Standard thickness	mm	0.65	
Sheath	Standard outside diameter (approx.)	mm	7.0	
	Outside diameter allowance	mm	6.5 to 8.0 (Note)	
Standard leng	gth	m	200	
Packing meth	od	-	Bundle	
Electrical	Resistance of conductor (at 20°C) (wire nos.)	Ω/km	69.5 or less	109 or less
performance	Insulation resistance (20°C)	MΩ-km	15 or more	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Dielectric strength (AC)	_	500VAC for 5 minutes	
Flame resista	•	_	Shall pass flame resistance test VW-1 of UL standards.	

NOTE

The maximum outside diameter applies to portions other than the drain wire.

Cable structure



The numbers assigned to the wires correspond to the numbers in the table below.

Wire No.	Insulator color	Dot mark color
1	Light brown	
2	Yellow	
3	Light brown	Black
4	Light brown	Red
5	Yellow	Black
6	Yellow	Red
7	Bright green	Black
8	Bright green	Red
9	Gray	Black
10	Gray	Red

B.4 COMPOSITE 12-CORE CABLE

Specifications

Item		Unit	Specifications	
Product No.	Product No.		A66L-0001-0286	
Manufaaturar			Hitachi Electric Cable Co., Lt	td.
Manufacturer		-	Oki Cable, Ltd.	
Rating		-	80°C, 30V	
	Conductor, braid-shielded		Strand wire of tinned anneal	ad coppor (US C2152)
Material	wire,drain wire	_		
Material	Insulator	-	Heat-resistant flame-retardant vinyl	
	Sheath	-	Oilproof, heat-resistant, flam	e-retardant vinyl
Number of wi	res (wire nos.)	Cores	6 (1 to 6)	6 (three pairs) (7 to 9)
	Size	mm ²	0.5	0.18
Conductor	Structure	Conductors /mm	20/0.18	7/0.18
	Conductors	mm	0.94	0.54
	Standard thickness (The			
Inculator	minimum thickness is at least	mm	0.25	0.2
Insulator	80% of the standard thickness.)			
	Outside diameter	mm	1.50	0.94
	Outside diameter	mm		1.88
Twisted pair	Direction of lay	_		Left
	Pitch	mm		20 or less
			Twist the wires at an appropriate pitch so the outermost	
Lay		-	layer is right-twisted, and wrap tape around the outermost	
			layer. Apply a cable separate	or as required.
Lay diameter		mm	5.7	
	Size	mm ²	0.3	
Drain wire	Structure	Wires/mm	12/0.18	
	Outside diameter	mm	0.72	
	Element wire diameter	mm	0.12	
Shield braid	Thickness	mm	0.3	
	Braid density	%	70	
	Outside diameter	mm	6.3	
	Color	-	Black	
	Standard thickness (The			
Sheath	minimum thickness is at least	mm	1.1	
	85% of the standard thickness.)			
Outside diameter		mm	8.5Max.9.0(1)	
Standard leng		m	100	
Packing meth		-	Bundle	1
Electrical	Resistance of conductor (at 20°C) (wire nos.)	Ω/km	39.4 (1 to 6)	113 (7 to 9)
performance	Insulation resistance (20°C)	MΩ-km	15	
	Dielectric strength (AC)	V/min	500	
Flame resista	ince	_	Shall pass flame resistance t	est VW-1SC of UL standards.

NOTE

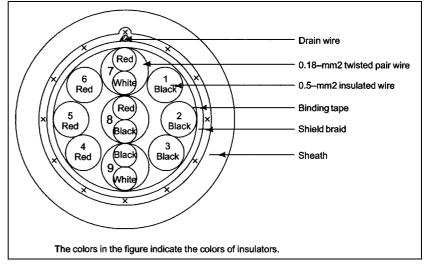
The maximum outside diameter applies to portions other than the drain wire.

Markings on cable

- (i) Name or symbol of the manufacturer
- (ii) Manufacturing year

Cable structure

The cable structure is shown below.

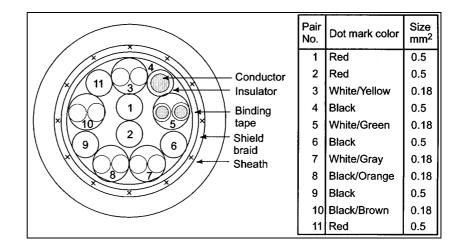


B.5 COMPOSITE 16-CORE CABLE

Specifications

Item		Unit	Speci	fications	
Product No.				A66L-0001-0368(FNC-021)	
Manufacturer				Shinko Electric Industries Co., Ltd.	
Rating				80°C, 60V	
	Conductor			Stranded wire of tinned anne	ealed copper (JIS C 3152)
	Insulator			Heat-resistant polivinyl chior	ide
Material	Shield braid			Tinned annealed copper wire	9
	Sheath			Heat-resistant, oil-resistance chioride (S-3)	, flame-retardent polivinyl
Number of pairs			Pairs	6	10 (5-pair)
	Nominal cross-s area	sectional	mm²	0.5	0.18
Conductor	Structure		Conductors /mm	20/0.18	7/0.18
	Outside diamete	er (approx.)	mm	0.9	0.54
Insulator	Thickness		mm	0.25 (Average thickness : 90% or more)	0.2 (Average thickness : 90% or more)
	Outside diamet	er (approx.)	mm	1.5	0.94
Twisted pair	Outside diamete	er (approx.)	mm	_	1.88 (pitch : 20 mm or less)
Lay	Diameter (appro	ox.)	mm	6.5	
Tape-wound wire	Diameter (appro	ox.)	mm	6.6	
Drain wire	Structure		Conductors /mm	12/0.18	
Shield	Element wire di	ameter	mm	0.12 (Braid density : 70% or	more)
	Color			Black	
Sheath	Thickness		mm	1.0 (Average thickness : 90% or more)	
	Outside diamete	er	mm	9.2 ± 0.3	
	Electric	0.18mm ²	Ω/km	113 or less (20°C JIS C 300	5 6)
Electrical	resistance	0.5mm ²	52/KIII	39.4 or less (20°C JIS C 3005 6)	
performance	Dielectricstreng	th	V/min	AC500(JIS C 3005 8 (2))	
	Insulation resist	ance	MΩ-km	15 or more (20°C JIS C 3005	5 9.1)

Cable structure



C EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS OF EACH CONNECTOR

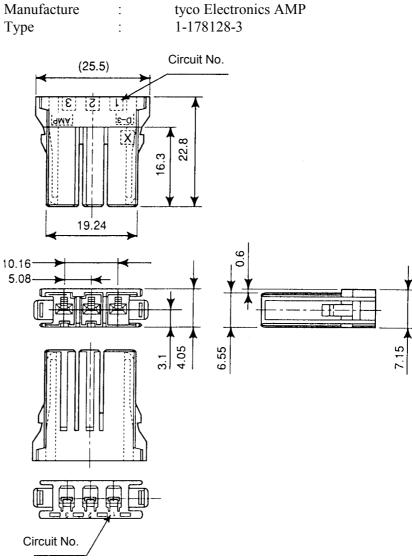


Fig.C(a) tyco Electronics AMP connector (1)

Manufacture Type

:

:

tyco Electronics AMP 2-178128-3

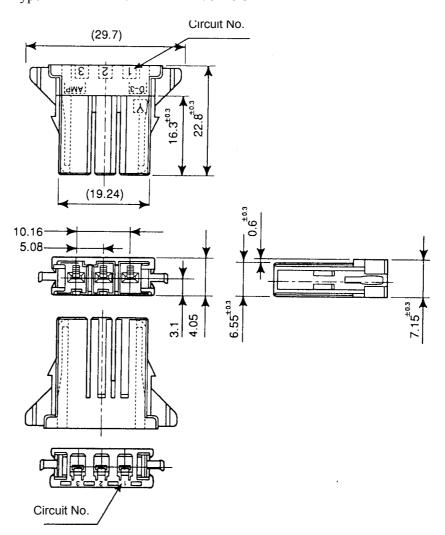
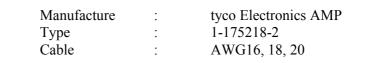


Fig.C(b) tyco Electronics AMP connector (2)



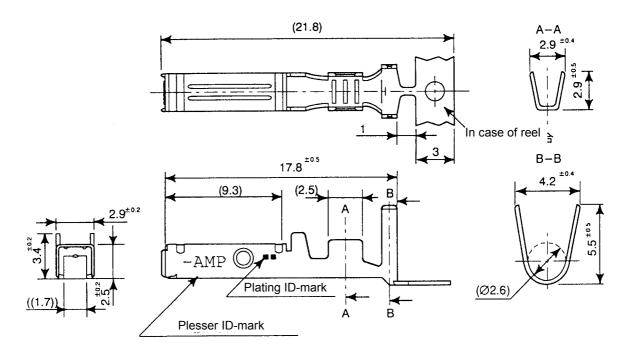


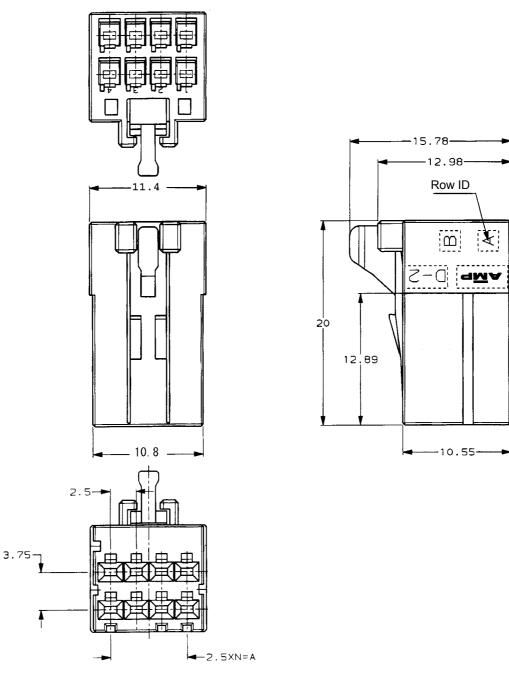
Fig.C(c) Conact for tyco Electronics AMP connector

APPENDIX C.EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS OF EACH CONNECTOR

Manufacture Type :

:

tyco Electronics AMP 1-1318119-4





B-65282EN/03

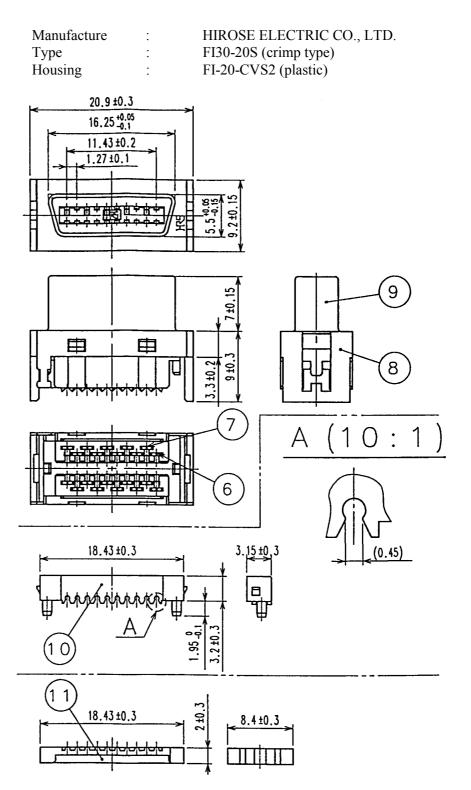
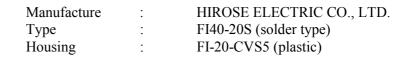
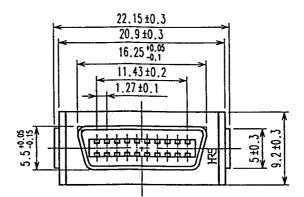


Fig.C(e) Connector for interface (Crimp type)





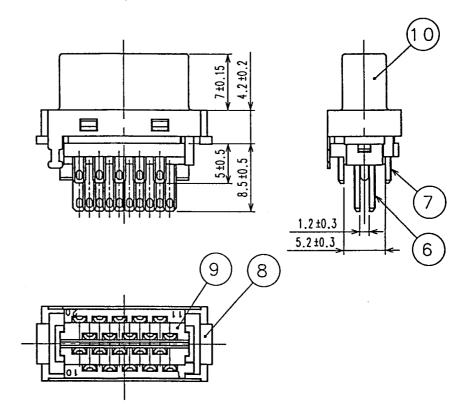
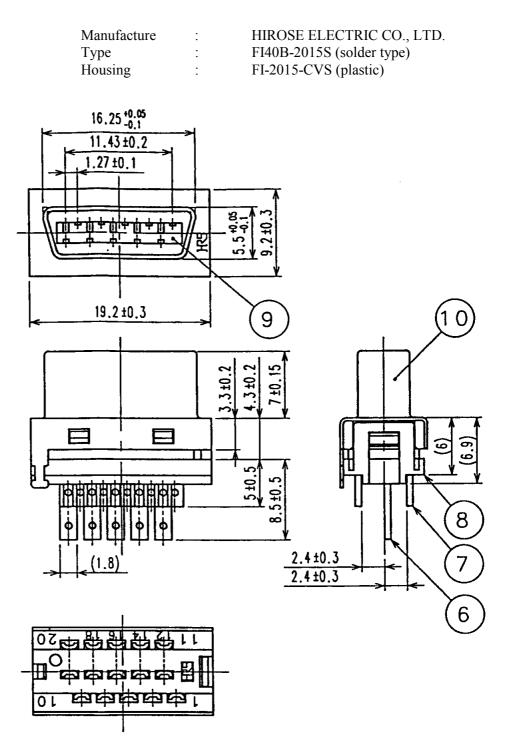
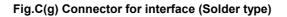
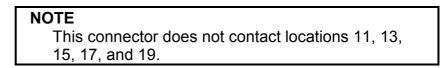


Fig.C(f) Connector for interface (Solder type)

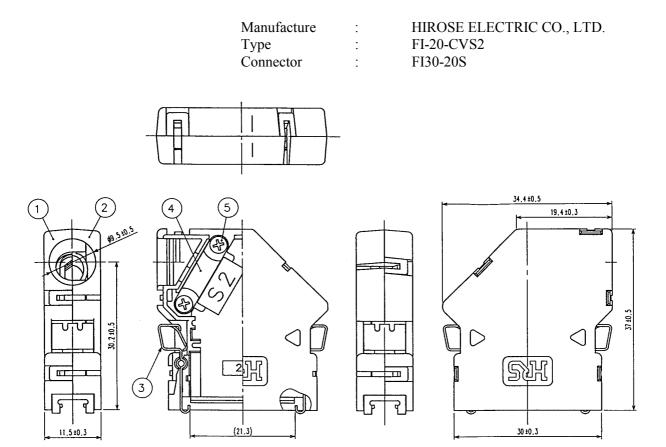
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APPENDIX C.EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS OF EACH CONNECTOR



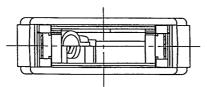
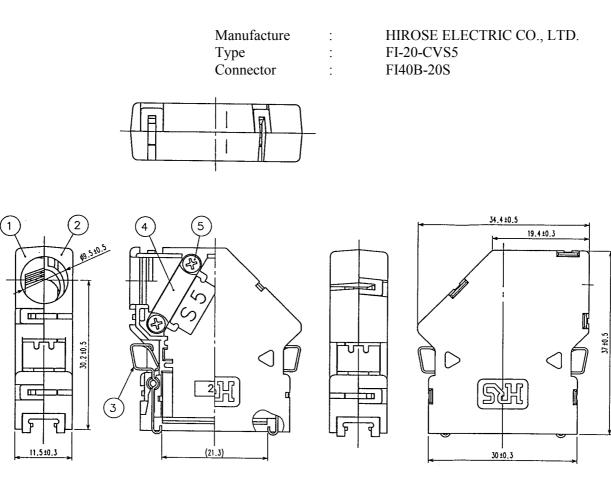


Fig.C(h) Connector housing (Side cable type)



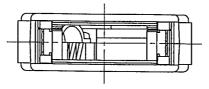


Fig.C(i) Connector housing (Side cable type)

APPENDIX C.EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS OF EACH CONNECTOR

Manufacture Type Connector :

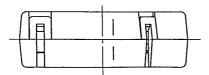
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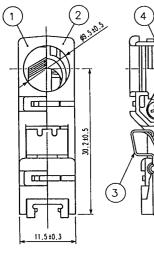
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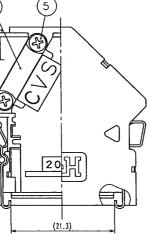
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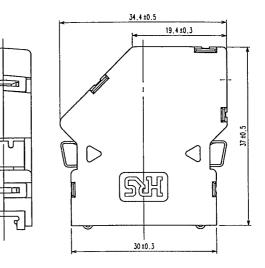
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HIROSE ELECTRIC CO., LTD. FI-2015-CVS FI40B-2015S









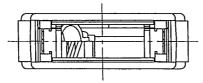


Fig.C(j) Connector housing (Side cable type)

FEEDBACK CABLE LENGTH

D.1 SPINDLE CABLE LENGTH (WHEN RECOMMENDED CABLES ARE USED)

Detector	Recommended cable	Cable structure	Maximum cable length
Mi sensor	A66L-0001-0368	0.5mm ² , 6 conductors (for power supply) 0.18mm ² , 5 pairs (for signals)	72m When one power line is used
MZi sensor, BZi sensor	A66L-0001-0368	0.5mm ² , 6 conductors (for power supply) 0.18mm ² , 5 pairs (for signals)	50m When one power line is used
Mi sensor (for $\alpha 0.5i$)	A66L-0001-0482	0.3mm ² , 2 conductors (for power supply) 0.2mm ² , 3 pairs (for signals)	41m
MZ <i>i</i> sensor (for $\alpha 0.5i$)	A66L-0001-0482	0.3mm ² , 2 conductors (for power supply) 0.2mm ² , 4 pairs (for signals)	28m
α positioncoder	A66L-0001-0286	0.5mm ² , 6 conductors (for power supply) 0.18mm ² , 3 pairs (for signals)	7m When one power line is used
α positioncoder S	A66L-0001-0286	0.5mm ² , 6 conductors (for power supply) 0.18mm ² , 3 pairs (for signals)	7m When one power line is used

When a cable other than one of the recommended cables above is used, the voltage drop in the cable must be within 0.2 V for a +5 V power supply.

(Tip)

- Maximum cable length L can be found from the following formula:
- $L[m] \leq 0.2[V] \times n[line] \div 2 \div I[A] \div R[\Omega/m]$
 - n : Number of power lines (number of +5V or +15V lines)
 - I : Current consumption of the detector
 - R : Resistance of a wire used for a power line

Detector	Current consumption
Mi sensor (pulse generator)	0.035A
MZ <i>i</i> sensor, BZ <i>i</i> sensor (built-in sensor)	0.05A
α Positioncoder	0.35A
α Positioncoder S	0.35A

D.2 SERVO CABLE LENGTH (WHEN RECOMMENDED CABLES ARE USED)

Recommended cable	Cable structure	Maximum cable length
A66L-0001-0460	0.3mm ² , 5 conductors (for power supply) 0.20mm ² , 1 pair (for signals)	28m
A66L-0001-0462	0.5mm ² , 5 conductors (for power supply) 0.20mm ² , 1 pair (for signals)	50m
A66L-0001-0481	0.3mm ² , 5 conductors (for power supply) 0.18mm ² , 1 pair (for signals)	28m
A66L-0001-0491	0.5mm ² , 5 conductors (for power supply) 0.18mm ² , 1 pair (for signals)	50m

When a cable other than recommended cable is used, ensure that the sum of the resistances of 0 V and 5 V is 2 ohms or less.



E.1 SELECTING A POWER CABLE

Select the cable specification by considering the following conditions for use:

- <1> Motor current rating or current needed in use on a real machine
- <2> Cable type (heat resistance temperature, etc.)
- <3> Environment in which the cable is installed (operating ambient temperature, etc.)
- <4> Need of water proofing (pay attention to the diameter of the applicable cable clamp)
- <5> Certification for CE marking (compliance with various safety standards and EMC standard)

Examples of selecting a heavy-duty power cable are shown below. Fully check the cable specifications based on the actual use conditions and use an example below.

The cable diameters are determined based on JCS No. 168 D (1980), "Allowable Currents for Power Cables (1)."

Selection example of power line (reference)

[Selection example 1]

- Heavy-duty power cable specification :
 - Maximum allowable conductor temperature60°C

 Environment (temperature	: 30°C	2

Cable diameter [mm ²]	Allowable current value [Arms]	Receptacle contact specification
0.75	Up to 11	SS size 1318986-6
1.25	Up to 15	S size 316040-6
2	Up to 19	S size 316040-6
3.5	Up to 27	M size 316041-6
5.5	Up to 35	M size 316041-6
8	Up to 43	L size 1318697-6

[Selection example 2]

• Heavy-duty power cable specification : Maximum allowable conductor temperature 80°C

Environment temperature	:	55°C	
-------------------------	---	------	--

Cable diameter [mm ²]	Allowable current value [Arms]	Receptacle contact specification
0.75	Up to 9.2	SS size 1318986-6
1.25	Up to 12.7	S size 316040-6
2	Up to 16.3	S size 316040-6
3.5	Up to 23.4	M size 316041-6
5.5	Up to 31.2	M size 316041-6
8	Up to 38.3	L size 1318697-6

E.2 SAMPLE POWER CABLES SELECTED FOR SERVO **MOTORS (REFERENCE)**

Servo motor	Continuous rated current [Arms] (reference value)	Environment temperature 30°C Cable diameter [mm ²]	Environment temperature 55°C Cable diameter [mm ²]
α1/5000 <i>i</i>	2.7	0.75	0.75
α M2/5000 <i>i</i>	3.3	0.75	0.75
α2/5000 <i>i</i>	3.5	0.75	0.75
αC4/3000 <i>i</i>	4.1	0.75	0.75
α M 3/5000 <i>i</i>	4.6	0.75	0.75
α C 8/2000 <i>i</i>	5.6	0.75	0.75
αC12/2000 <i>i</i>	6.5	0.75	0.75
α 4/4000 <i>i</i>	7.7	0.75	0.75
α 8/3000 <i>i</i>	8.4	0.75	0.75
α M8/4000 <i>i</i>	11.1	0.75	1.25
αC22/2000 <i>i</i>	12.3	1.25	1.25
αM12/4000 <i>i</i>	13.4	1.25	2
αC30/1500 <i>i</i>	14.2	1.25	2
α 12/3000 <i>i</i>	18.1	2	3.5
α 22/3000 <i>i</i>	18.4	2	3.5
αM22/4000 <i>i</i>	27.9	5.5	5.5
αM30/4000 <i>i</i>	31.7	5.5	5.5
α 40/3000 <i>i</i>	32.3	5.5	8
αM40/4000 <i>i</i>	36.2	8	8
α 30/3000 i	39	8	8

E.3 SAMPLE POWER CABLES SELECTED FOR SPINDLE **MOTORS (REFERENCE)**

Motor model Applicable cable Terminal size						
	Motor	model	Applicable cable		Terminal size	
SPM model	αi	αPi	Heat- resistant 60°C	Heat- resistant 105°C	Amplifier side	Motor side
			(Note 1)	(Note 2)		
SPM-2.2 <i>i</i>	α 0 .5 <i>i</i>		0.75mm ²		Connector	Connector
51 10-2.21	α1 <i>i</i>		2mm ²		Connector	M5
	α1.5 <i>i</i>		3.5mm ²		Connector	M5
SPM-5.5 <i>i</i>	α 2 i		3.5mm		Connector	CIVI
	α3 <i>i</i>		5.5 mm ²		Connector	M5
SPM-11i	α6 <i>i</i>	αP12 <i>i</i>	14 mm ²	3.5 mm ²	M4	M5
51 M-117	α 8 i		14 mm ²	5.5mm ²	M4	M5
SPM-15i		αP15 <i>i</i>	14 mm ²	5.5mm ²	M4	M5
3F IVI-13/	α12 <i>i</i>	αΡ18 <i>i</i>	14 mm ²	8mm ²	M4	M5
SPM-22i	α15 <i>i</i>	α Ρ22 <i>i</i>		14mm ²	M6	M5
35111-221	α18 <i>i</i>	α Ρ30 <i>i</i>		14mm ²	M6	M6
SPM-26i	α22 <i>i</i>	α Ρ40 <i>i</i>		22mm ²	M6	M6
0	0.267	αP50 <i>i</i>				
SPM-30 <i>i</i>		αP60 <i>i</i>		22mm ²	M6	M6

Environment temperature: 30°C

Environment temperature:55°C

	Motor model		Applicable cable		Terminal size	
SPM model	αi	αPi	Heat- resistant 60°C (Note 1)	Heat- resistant 105°C (Note 2)	Amplifier side	Motor side
SPM-2.2 <i>i</i>	α 0 .5 <i>i</i>		0.75mm ²		Connector	Connector
35101-2.21	α1 <i>i</i>		1.25mm ²		Connector	M5
SPM-5.5 <i>i</i>	α1.5 i α2i		3.5mm ²		Connector	M5
	α3i		5.5 mm ²		Connector	M5
SPM-11i	α6 <i>i</i>	α Ρ12 <i>i</i>	8 mm ²	5.5 mm ²	M4	M5
5PIVI-111	α8 <i>i</i>		14 mm ²	8mm ²	M4	M5
SPM-15i		αP15 <i>i</i>	14 mm ²	8mm ²	M4	M5
5PIVI-151	α12 <i>i</i>	αP18 <i>i</i>	14 mm ²	8mm ²	M4	M5
SPM-22i	α15 <i>i</i>	α Ρ22 <i>i</i>		14mm ²	M6	M5
3P1VI-221	α18 <i>i</i>	α Ρ30 <i>i</i>		22mm ²	M6	M6
SPM-26i	α22 <i>i</i>	αΡ40 <i>i</i> αΡ50 <i>i</i>		22mm ²	M6	M6
SPM-30i		α Ρ60 <i>i</i>		22mm ²	M6	M6

NOTE

- 1 Equivalent to four-conductor polyvinyl heavy-duty power cable (JIS C3312)
- 2 Fire-retardant polyflex wire or equivalent to LMFC manufactured by The Furukawa Electric Co., Ltd.

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Revision Record

FANUC SERVO AMPLIFIER ou series DESCRIPTIONS (B-65282EN)

				Contents
				Date
				Edition
	- Correction of errors	- Addition of α (HV) <i>i</i> series Amplifier - Addition of PSMR(register discharge type) - Addition of Spindle Amplifier Module (SPMC) for α C <i>i</i> series - Addition of Models (PSM-55 <i>i</i> , SPM-45/55 <i>i</i> , SVM1-360 <i>i</i> , SVM2-4/4 <i>i</i> , SVM3-4/4/4 <i>i</i>)		Contents
	Dec., 2001 -	- - - - - -	Apr., 2001	Date
	03	02	01	Edition

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